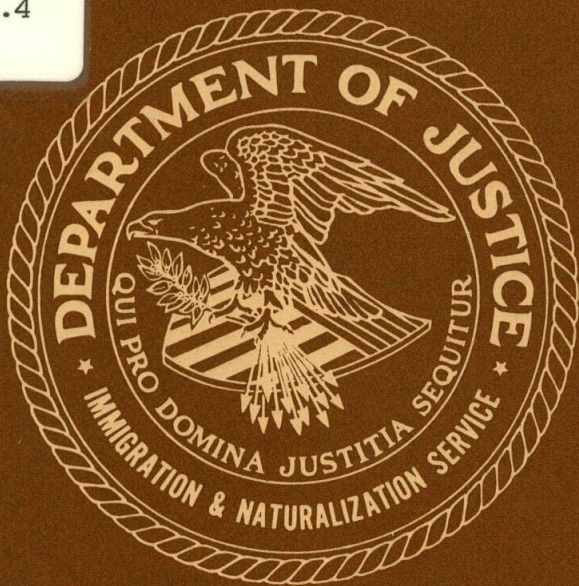


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1969 annual report Immigration and Naturalization Service

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
119 D Street, N. E. Washington, D. C. 20536

The Immigration and Naturalization Service had its beginnings on March 3, 1891, when Congress provided that there should be in the Treasury Department, under the control and supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury, a Superintendent of Immigration. In 1903, the Bureau of Immigration was established, and immigration functions were transferred to the newly established Department of Commerce and Labor; in 1906, the Bureau of Immigration became the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization; in 1913, the consolidated Bureau was transferred to the new Department of Labor and divided into two bureaus known as the Bureau of Immigration and the Bureau of Naturalization; and in 1933, the Bureaus were consolidated as the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Labor.

On June 14, 1940, the Immigration and Naturalization Service was transferred from the Department of Labor to the Department of Justice after Congressional approval of a plan submitted by the President under a general reorganization act which had been passed in 1939. Under terms of that plan, the office of Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization and all powers and functions previously exercised by the Secretary of Labor relating to immigration and nationality were transferred to the jurisdiction of the Attorney General. Since June 14, 1940, the Service has functioned as a part of the Department of Justice under the direction of the Attorney General of the United States.

REGIONAL AND DISTRICT OFFICE LOCATIONS

<u>NORTHEAST REGION</u>	<u>NORTHWEST REGION</u>	<u>SOUTHEAST REGION</u>	<u>SOUTHWEST REGION</u>
<u>Regional Office</u>	<u>Regional Office</u>	<u>Regional Office</u>	<u>Regional Office</u>
Burlington, Vermont 05401 Federal Building	Twin Cities, Minnesota 55111 Federal Building Fort Snelling	Richmond, Virginia 23240 Room 6226, Federal Building 400 North Eighth Street	San Pedro, California 90731 Terminal Island
<u>District Offices</u>	<u>District Offices</u>	<u>District Offices</u>	<u>District Offices</u>
Boston, Massachusetts 02203 John Fitzgerald Kennedy Federal Building Government Center	Anchorage, Alaska 99501 Box 939 Room 143, U. S. Post Office & Courthouse Building	Atlanta, Georgia 30309 Room 370 1280 W. Peachtree Street, N. W. Baltimore, Maryland 21201 Room 124, Federal Building 31 Hopkins Plaza Cleveland, Ohio 44199 Room 1917, Federal Office Bldg. 1240 East Ninth Street Miami, Florida 33130 Room 1402, Federal Building 51 Southwest First Avenue New Orleans, Louisiana 70113 New Federal Building 701 Loyola Avenue Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19102 128 North Broad Street Hato Rey, Puerto Rico 00917 Pan Am Building 255 Ponce de Leon Corner of Bolivia Street Washington, D. C. 20536 1025 Vermont Avenue, N. W.	Denver, Colorado 80202 17027 Federal Office Building El Paso, Texas 79984 P. O. Box 9398 343 U. S. Courthouse Honolulu, Hawaii 96809 P. O. Box 461 595 Ala Moana Boulevard Los Angeles, Calif. 90012 300 N. Los Angeles Street Phoenix, Arizona 85025 Federal Building 230 North First Avenue Los Fresnos, Texas 78566 Rural Route 3 San Antonio, Texas 78206 P. O. Box 2539 U. S. Post Office & Courthouse San Francisco, Calif. 94111 Appraisers Building 630 Sansome Street
Buffalo, New York 14202 68 Court Street	Chicago, Illinois 60604 Courthouse & Federal Office Bldg. 219 South Dearborn Street		
Hartford, Connecticut 06101 Box 1530, Post Office Building 135 High Street	Detroit, Michigan 48207 Federal Building 333 Mt. Elliott Street		
Newark, New Jersey 07102 Federal Building 970 Broad Street	Helena, Montana 59601 P. O. Box 1724 Federal Building		
New York, New York 10007 20 West Broadway	Kansas City, Missouri 64106 819 U. S. Courthouse 811 Grand Avenue		
Portland, Maine 04112 P. O. Box 578 319 U. S. Courthouse	Omaha, Nebraska 68102 Room 8411, New Federal Bldg. 215 North 17th Street		
St. Albans, Vermont 05478 P. O. Box 591 Federal Building	Portland, Oregon 97205 333 U. S. Courthouse Broadway & Main Streets St. Paul, Minnesota 55101 932 New Post Office Building 180 E. Kellogg Boulevard Seattle, Washington 98134 815 Airport Way, South		

DISTRICT OFFICES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Frankfurt, Germany c/o American Consulate General, Box 12 APO, New York, 09757	Manila, Philippines c/o American Embassy APO, San Francisco, California, 96528	Mexico City, Mexico c/o American Embassy Paseo De La Reforma 305 Mexico, D. F., Mexico	Rome, Italy c/o American Embassy APO, New York, 09794
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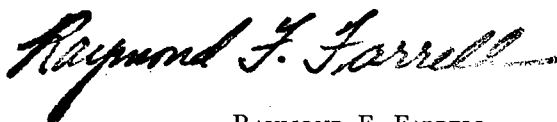
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20536

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER
OF IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
United States Department of Justice

SIR: I have the honor to submit the Annual Report of the Immigration and Naturalization Service for the year ended June 30, 1969.

Respectfully submitted.



RAYMOND F. FARRELL,
Commissioner.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE.

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
GENERAL	1
TRAVEL CONTROL AND ADJUDICATIONS	2
Travel Control	2
Admissions	3
Immigrants	3
Nonimmigrants	6
Citizens and Resident Aliens Who Returned to the United States	7
Inadmissible Aliens	7
Adjudications	9
Adjustment of Status	9
Visa Petitions	10
Other Applications	11
Service Operations Outside the United States	11
DOMESTIC CONTROL	12
Deportable Aliens Located	12
Caribbean Investigations Coordination Program	18
Foreign-born Law Violators	19
Criminal Prosecution	21
DETENTION AND DEPORTATION ACTIVITIES	22
HEARING AND LITIGATION	22
Exclusion and Deportation Hearings	22
Litigation	23
ALIEN ADDRESS REPORTS	25
CITIZENSHIP	25
Naturalization Activities	26
Derivative Citizenship	29
Other Citizenship Activities	30
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	31
TABLE	
1. Immigration to the United States: 1820-1969	35
2. Aliens and citizens admitted and departed, by months: Years ended June 30, 1968 and 1969	36
3. Aliens and citizens admitted at U.S. ports of entry: Years ended June 30, 1968 and 1969	37
4. Aliens admitted, by classes under the immigration laws: Years ended June 30, 1965-69	38
5. Aliens admitted, by port: Years ended June 30, 1965-69	39
6. Immigrants admitted by classes under the immigration laws and country or region of birth: Year ended June 30, 1969	40
6A. Immigrants admitted by classes under the immigration laws and country or region of last permanent residence: Year ended June 30, 1969	41
6B. Aliens who adjusted status to permanent residence in the United States, by country or region of birth: Year ended June 30, 1969	42

6C. Aliens who were adjusted to permanent resident status in the United States under Section 245, Immigration and Nationality Act, by status at entry and country or region of birth: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	43
6D. Aliens who were adjusted to permanent residence status in the United States, under Section 245, Immigration and Nationality Act, by year of entry and country or region of birth: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	44
6E. Refugees admitted, by country or region of birth: Years ended June 30, 1946-69..	45
6F. Immigrants admitted under the Act of September 26, 1961 (Public Law 87-301): September 26, 1961-June 30, 1969.....	46
6G. Immigrants admitted under the Act of October 24, 1962 (Public Law 87-885), by country or region of birth: October 24, 1962-June 30, 1969.....	46
7. Immigrants admitted by foreign state of chargeability and preferences under the numerical limitation of 170,000 for the Eastern Hemisphere (Public Law 89-236): Years ended June 30, 1967-69.....	47
7A. Immigrants admitted by foreign state of chargeability and preferences under the numerical limitation of 170,000 for the Eastern Hemisphere (Public Law 89-236): Year ended June 30, 1969.....	48
8. Immigrants admitted, by country or region of birth and major occupation group: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	49
8A. Beneficiaries of occupational preferences and other immigrants admitted by occupation: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	50
9. Immigrants admitted, by country or region of birth, sex, and age: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	52
10. Immigrants admitted, by sex and age: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	54
10A. Immigrants admitted, by sex, marital status, age, and major occupation group: Years ended June 30, 1965-69.....	55
11. Aliens and citizens admitted and departed: Years ended June 30, 1908-69.....	56
12. Immigrants admitted, by State of intended future permanent residence: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	57
12A. Immigrants admitted, by specified countries of birth and State of intended permanent residence: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	58
12B. Immigrants admitted, by specified countries of birth and rural and urban area and city: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	59
13. Immigration by country, for decades: 1820-1969.....	61
14. Immigrants admitted, by country or region of birth: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.	64
15. Nonimmigrants admitted, by country or region of birth: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	65
15A. Temporary visitors admitted, by country or region of birth: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	66
16. Nonimmigrants admitted by classes under the immigration laws and country or region of birth: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	67
16A. Temporary workers admitted under Section 101(a)(15)(H) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, by country or region of last permanent residence: Years ended June 30, 1968 and 1969.....	68
16B. Temporary workers admitted under Section 101(a)(15)(H) and Section 101(a)(15)(J) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, by occupation: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	69
17. Nonimmigrants admitted, by classes under the immigration laws and country or region of last permanent residence: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	71
17A. Temporary visitors and other nonimmigrants admitted, by port: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	72
17B. Temporary visitors admitted at airports, by country or region of last permanent residence: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	73
17C. Temporary visitors admitted at seaports, by country or region of last permanent residence: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	74
17D. Temporary visitors admitted at land border ports, by country or region of last permanent residence: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	75
18. Foreign laborers admitted or paroled into the United States: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	76
19. Entries of alien and citizen border crossers over international land boundaries, by State and port: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	77
20. Entries of alien and citizen border crossers over international land boundaries: Years ended June 30, 1928-69.....	79
20A. Special inquiry officer hearings completed, by regions and districts: Years ended June 30, 1965-69.....	80
21. Aliens excluded from the United States, by cause: Years ended June 30, 1892-1969.	81
22. Aliens excluded, by country or region of birth and cause: Year ended June 30, 1969.	82
23. Aliens apprehended, aliens deported, and aliens required to depart: Years ended June 30, 1892-1969.....	83

TABLE—Continued

Page

24. Aliens deported, by country to which deported and cause: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	84
24A. Aliens required to depart, by nationality and cause: Year ended June 30, 1969....	85
24B. Aliens deported, by nationality and cause: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	86
24C. Aliens required to depart, by country of destination and cause: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	87
25. Aliens deported, by country to which deported and deportation expense: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	88
26. Aliens deported by cause: Years ended June 30, 1908-69.....	89
26A. Aliens deported, by country to which deported: Years ended June 30, 1960-69....	90
27. Aliens deported and required to depart, by year of entry and status at entry: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	91
27A. Aliens deported and required to depart, by status at entry: Years ended June 30, 1965-69.....	92
27B. Deportable aliens located, by status at entry and nationality: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	93
28. Alien crewmen deserted at United States air and sea ports, by nationality and flag of carrier: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	94
29. Vessels and airplanes inspected, crewmen admitted, alien crewmen deserted, and alien stowaways found, by location: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	95
30. Principal activities and accomplishments of Immigration Border Patrol: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	96
31. Passengers arrived in the United States, by sea and air, from foreign countries of embarkation: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	97
32. Passengers departed from the United States, by sea and air, to foreign countries, by country of debarkation: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	99
33. Passenger travel between the United States and foreign countries, by sea and air, by port of arrival or departure: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	101
34. Aliens who reported under the alien address program, by selected States of residence and nationality: During 1969.....	102
35. Aliens who reported under the alien address program by selected nationalities and States of residence: During 1969.....	103
36. Alien population, by States of residence: 1940, 1951, 1960, 1965 through 1969.....	104
37. Declarations of intention filed, petitions for naturalization filed, persons naturalized, and petitions for naturalization denied: Years ended June 30, 1907-69.....	105
37A. Persons naturalized, by general and special naturalization provisions: Years ended June 30, 1965-69.....	106
38. Persons naturalized, by general and special naturalization provisions and country or region of former allegiance: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	107
39. Persons naturalized, by country or region of former allegiance: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	108
40. Persons naturalized, by country or region of former allegiance and major occupation group: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	109
41. Persons naturalized, by country or region of former allegiance, sex, and age: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	110
41A. Persons naturalized, by sex, marital status, median age, and major occupation group: Years ended June 30, 1965-69.....	112
42. Persons naturalized, by States or territories of residence: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	113
42A. Persons naturalized, by specified countries of former allegiance and by States or territories of residence: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	114
42B. Persons naturalized, by type of court and States or territories of residence: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	115
43. Persons naturalized by specified countries of former allegiance and by rural and urban area and city: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	116
44. Persons naturalized, by country or region of birth and year of entry: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	118
45. Persons naturalized by sex and age: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	119
46. Administrative certificates of citizenship issued, by country or region of birth and reason for claim: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	120
47. Administrative certificates of citizenship issued to persons who derived citizenship through naturalization of parents or through marriage, by country or region of birth and year derived: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	121
48. Administrative certificates of citizenship issued to persons who acquired citizenship at birth abroad through citizen parents, by country or region of birth and year acquired: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	122
49. Petitions for naturalization denied, by reasons: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	123
49A. Administratively issued naturalization certificates cancelled: Year ended June 30, 1969.....	124

TABLE—Continued

	<i>Page</i>
50. Certificates of naturalization revoked, by grounds: Years ended June 30, 1960-69..	124
51. Persons expatriated, by grounds and year reports received: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	124
52. Persons repatriated: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	125
53. Prosecutions for immigration and nationality violations: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	126
54. Convictions for immigration and nationality violations: Years ended June 30, 1960-69.....	127
55. Writs of habeas corpus, judicial review of order of deportation and declaratory judgments in exclusion and deportation cases: Years ended June 30, 1965-69...	128
56. Private immigration and nationality bills, introduced and laws enacted 75th Congress through 91st Congress, First Session.....	129

Report of the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization

General

The Immigration and Naturalization Service is responsible for enforcing and administering the immigration laws. The inspection of aliens seeking to enter the United States and the adjudication process, whereby decisions are made which grant or deny rights and privileges affecting the lives and destinies of many persons, are the two functions of Travel Control in the organizational scheme. As in every recent year, assiduous efforts were made to insure better use of the inspection force and to improve procedures, thereby enabling an unprecedented number of travelers arriving at ports in the United States to be examined within a very short time. Possibly, the outstanding innovation was the expansion of the accelerated inspection system, whereby a single inspector trained in the job of Customs, Public Health, Plant Quarantine, and Immigration inspection completes the inspection for the four agencies in 75 percent of the cases.

The investigations and Border Patrol functions of the Immigration and Naturalization Service are designated Domestic Control in the organizational pattern. Law enforcement officers found that almost every phase of their work was accelerated by the increase in offenders against immigration and nationality laws. Incidents of the smuggling of aliens into the United States were all too frequent; the use of counterfeit identification cards, false birth certificates, labor certifications obtained through fraud, marriages entered into to acquire a citizen spouse thereby avoiding the need for labor certification, aliens who came to visit but who stayed to work, crewmen who deserted their ships, and the all too common EWI's (entered without inspection) were all part of the composite picture of 283,557 deportable aliens located.

The Annual Report of the Commissioner General of Immigration for 1930 starts out with this statement, "The problem of regulating immigration varies in no small degree in complexity and difficulty inversely as

its volume is legislatively curtailed" This, of course, was at the end of the first year of the application of the national origins quotas. The purpose of the Act of October 3, 1965 was far different from that which established the national origins quotas. In fact, it may be said its main purpose was to eliminate this system. But, when, 40 years later, on July 1, 1968; the Act of October 3, 1965 was fully implemented, and there were no country quotas, and natives of Western Hemisphere countries were subject to numerical controls, again, subterfuges (as listed above) to circumvent the law were on the increase. The 1930 statement that new controls augment the difficulties of enforcement still seems to be true.

In addition to Travel Control and Domestic Control, another principal area of responsibility is that of naturalization and citizenship. This includes the examination of aliens and witnesses to determine whether the aliens qualify for citizenship through naturalization; the presentation of the facts in each case and recommendations to the naturalization courts; and the issuance of certificates to derivative citizens. The Service also carries forward a program of cooperation with the public schools in fostering citizenship education.

In 1969, citizenship responsibilities were met not only through the naturalization process itself but also by encouraging the education of aliens for citizenship through the publication of appropriate texts furnished the public schools for citizenship classes. Another responsibility that has expanded in recent years is that of issuing certificates to persons who derive U.S. citizenship either through birth abroad to citizen parents or through the naturalization of parents.

Other auxiliary services covered in this report are detention and deportation, the work of special inquiry officers, and the office of the chief law officer, the General Counsel, as well as the many support services of finance, personnel, procurement, statistics, records keeping, and management analysis.

Travel Control and Adjudications

TRAVEL CONTROL

This past decade has really been the decade of travel explosion. In 1969, 231 million inspections of aliens and citizens were made, a 43-percent increase over a decade ago. Even more striking is the mounting number of passengers arriving by air in international travel—2,357,565 in 1960 and 8,036,304 in 1969—a 241-percent gain.

Prior to June 1968, an international traveler could speed across the Atlantic Ocean in 5 or 6 hours and arrive at John F. Kennedy Airport to face individually and sequentially the following: the Public Health Inspector, the Immigrant Inspector, the Customs Inspector, and the Plant Quarantine Inspector. Sometimes it took the visitor, returning resident, or citizen a third as long as the flight across the ocean to pass all these barriers to gain admission to this country.

Today, 75 to 80 percent of travelers arriving at John F. Kennedy International Airport are cleared through Customs, Public Health, Plant Quarantine, and Immigration in less than 2 minutes by a single inspector, who is trained to do the job of all four agencies. All passengers and hand-carried luggage are inspected by the single inspector. The 20 to 25 percent of the travelers whose inspection cannot be completed by this one officer are referred to a secondary officer who is a specialist for one of the four agencies. It may be that the Public Health specialist has to make a further determination of the passenger's admissibility on medical grounds, or the Plant Quarantine specialist needs to determine whether fruit carried by a passenger should be confiscated, or a Customs specialist may be needed to assess the value of certain rare articles, or the Immigration specialist must resolve whether an alien is entitled to the visa he has presented. After installing this accelerated inspection system at John F. Kennedy and San Antonio International Airports in June of 1968, the System was successively extended during fiscal year 1969 to four additional airports and is gradually being extended to other large airports of entry.

Other significant steps have already been taken in smoothing the path of entry for international travelers. A number of years ago, preclearance procedures were instituted at five Canadian ports and in Nassau, Bahamas, and Hamilton, Bermuda. No further inspection is required to the traveler upon his arrival in the United States. In 1969, 2,557,088 air passengers were preinspected. Expansion of preclearance to other foreign places is one of the possibilities of the future in coping with vastly expanding international travel.

In recent times, the Service has contributed to the facilitation of international travel by adopting special



Immigrant Inspector performing Customs baggage inspection of a visitor arriving from Manila at Seattle-Tacoma Airport. The accelerated inspection system, which proved to be a success at John F. Kennedy and San Antonio International Airports, was extended to four additional airports in 1969.

procedures on an ad hoc basis for particular situations. Thus, while holders of Nonresident Mexican Border Crossing Cards were permitted to visit in Texas for no more than 3 days under regulations in effect in 1968, special regulations were promulgated to admit such persons for a period of up to 10 days so that they could visit the HemisFair 1968 in San Antonio during the 6 months of the Fair's existence. Similarly, regulations were placed in effect in connection with the Olympic games in Mexico City.

In the past and particularly in the year of this report, the Service has attempted to adjust to its responsibilities with flexibility and imagination. All manner of recommendations and suggestions have been submitted to us not only by our own employees but also by representatives of interested organizations such as the carriers who are, of course, enormously interested in insuring that their passengers will encounter a minimum of governmental requirements upon arrival in the United States. The Service shares this concern and supports any measure to facilitate inspection consistent with the administration of the immigration laws and protection of the public interest. Some future possibilities are: the electronic screening of the names of arriving passengers and crewmen to determine instantaneously whether any pertinent derogatory information exists;

or reciprocity among nations to eliminate visa requirements on a larger scale or to adopt international visas good for travel to any country; or the expansion of pre-clearance abroad to enable the great bulk of travelers, upon arrival in the United States, to simply gather their baggage and proceed to their destinations.

Admissions

Immigrants

In fiscal year 1969, 358,579 aliens were given status as lawful permanent residents of the United States, a decrease of 21 percent over 1968. Of that total, 319,791 obtained immigrant visas abroad and were admitted to the United States. The remaining 38,788 were already in the United States and adjusted their status to that of permanent resident. Of the total number of immigrants in fiscal year 1969, 157,306 were preference and nonpreference aliens, 127,346 were special immigrants born in independent Western Hemisphere countries and their spouses and children, 1,699 were other special immigrants, 60,016 were immediate relatives, and 12,212 were in other classes.

The parent of an adult U.S. citizen and the spouse or child of a U.S. citizen are classified as "immediate relative" when the Service approves a visa petition to accord the alien relative such status. The annual numerical limitations on the issuance of immigrant visas, generally applicable to Western and Eastern Hemisphere natives, do not apply to immediate relatives who thus are not required to wait for the allocation of visa numbers.

The classes under which immigrants were admitted are reflected in the table that follows.

Numerical Limitations. From 1921 when the first quota law was passed until July 1, 1968, when the Act of October 3, 1965 (Public Law 89-236) became fully effective, there were laws and prescribed formulas limiting the number of immigrants who could be admitted from every country except the independent countries of the Western Hemisphere. However, beginning on July 1, 1968, the prospective immigrant has been made aware that for immigration purposes, too, his world is divided into two parts, the Eastern and Western Hemispheres. With few exceptions, every immigrant, no matter where he is born, is subject to an annual numerical limitation on the number of immigrant visas which may be issued and must compete in the geographic hemisphere to which he belongs for a visa number.

A native of an independent country of the Western Hemisphere, with certain exceptions, is by law considered to be a special immigrant. No more than 120,000 visa numbers may be allocated to such natives and their spouses and children who accompany or follow to join them in any one fiscal year. As of July

Immigrants Admitted: Years Ended June 30, 1968 and 1969

Class of admission	1969	1968
Total immigrants.....	358,579	454,448
I. Immigrants subject to numerical limitations of Eastern Hemisphere.....	157,306	156,212
Relative preferences.....	92,458	68,384
Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens.....	1,124	1,105
Spouses, unmarried sons and daughters of resident aliens and their children.....	25,719	21,002
Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens, their spouses and children.....	9,914	10,562
Brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens, their spouses and children.....	55,701	35,715
Occupational preferences.....	31,763	26,865
Highly skilled and professional workers, their spouses and children.....	16,213	13,751
Other workers, their spouses and children.....	15,550	13,114
Conditional entrants ¹	9,533	6,658
Nonpreference immigrants.....	23,170	53,994
Aliens adjusted under sec. 244, I. & N. Act ²	382	311
II. Immediate relatives.....	60,016	43,677
Spouses of U.S. citizens.....	39,273	27,890
Children of U.S. citizens.....	12,731	7,866
Parents of U.S. citizens.....	8,012	7,921
III. Special immigrants.....	128,935	155,127
Natives of Western Hemisphere countries, their spouses and children.....	³ 127,346	153,929
Other special immigrants.....	1,589	1,198
IV. Immigrants admitted under special legislation.....	7,645	94,514
Refugee-escapees who adjusted status.....	985	2,637
Immigrants, Act of Oct. 24, 1962.....	93	138
Cuban parolees who adjusted status, Act of Nov. 2, 1966.....	³ 6,343	91,520
Immigrants, other special acts.....	224	219
V. Other immigrants not subject to numerical limitations.....	4,677	4,918
Aliens adjusted under sec. 244, I. & N. Act.....	46	64
Aliens adjusted under sec. 249, I. & N. Act.....	1,565	2,148
Other immigrants.....	3,066	2,706

¹ Includes 8,987 conditional entrants in 1969 and 5,800 in 1968 whose status does not become permanent until 2 years after entry.

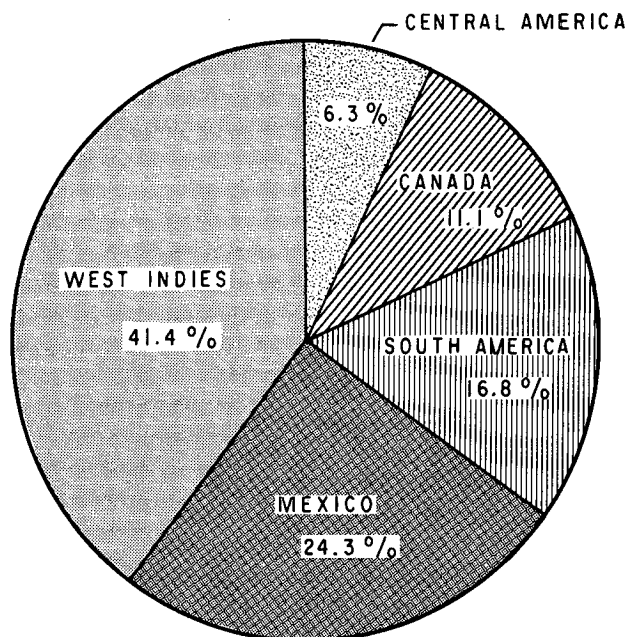
² Includes 10 in 1969 and 12 in 1968 who adjusted under special legislation.

³ Immigrants subject to the numerical limitations of the Western Hemisphere.

1969, 1 year after that numerical limitation took effect, so many persons had applied that a waiting list became necessary, and visas were being issued only to those who had established a priority date before October 8, 1968. Natives of Canada, Mexico, and other independent countries in the Western Hemisphere who, prior to July 1, 1968, had been admitted without regard to a numerical limit are finding it necessary now to wait for extensive periods before being issued immigrant visas. In 1969, there were 129,045 special immigrants admitted, a reduction of 17 percent from the 1968 figure of 155,308.

Exclusive of the independent countries of the Western Hemisphere, the rest of the world, including those areas of the world which have no independent status, are considered for visa allocation purposes as the Eastern Hemisphere. With some exceptions, e.g., immediate

**IMMIGRANTS BORN IN NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA
ADMITTED UNDER THE NUMERICAL LIMITATION OF THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1969**



TOTAL ADMITTED	133,689 ^{1/}
WEST INDIES	54,386
MEXICO	31,933
SOUTH AMERICA	22,085
CANADA	14,617
CENTRAL AMERICA	8,322
OTHER	2,346

^{1/} Numbers of visas issued and immigrants admitted will not necessarily agree. Differences may be caused by failure of aliens to make use of the visas issued or by immigrants who are admitted to the United States in the year following the one in which the visa was issued.

relatives of U.S. citizens, all Eastern Hemisphere natives must qualify for a preference in the allocation of visa numbers or be eligible for a nonpreference number when numbers in that category are available. (Not until the second half of fiscal year 1969 did nonpreference numbers become available in any significant quantity.) Prospective immigrants in the Eastern Hemisphere compete for one of 170,000 numbers annually.

Before December 1, 1965, there were four preferences; now there are seven. The first, second, fourth, and fifth preferences are allocated to specified relatives of citizens and lawful permanent residents of the United States. The third and sixth preferences are occupational preferences, while the seventh preference pertains to certain refugees.

During the year, we admitted to the United States 92,458 close relatives of citizens and permanent residents under the first, second, fourth, and fifth preferences; 9,677 persons who qualified as members of the professions or as persons with exceptional ability in the sciences or the arts and 6,536 spouses and children under the third preference; and 9,100 persons to fill jobs in the United States for which a shortage of

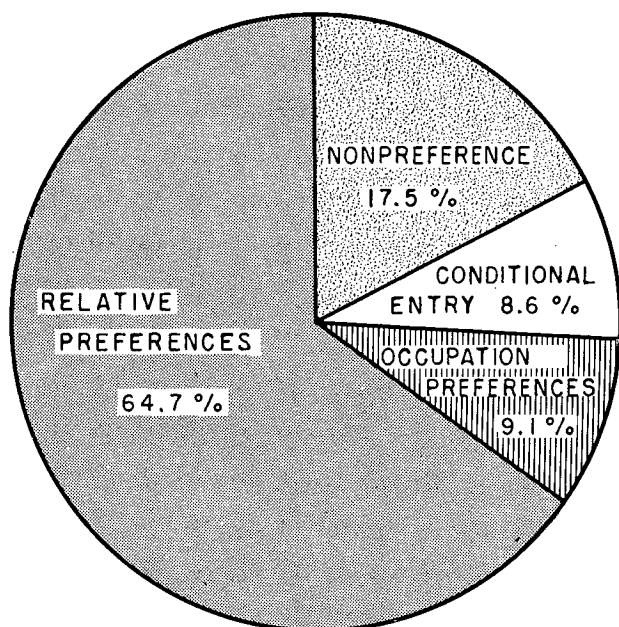
workers existed as certified by the Department of Labor and 6,450 spouses and children under the sixth preference.

Under the seventh preference, 8,987 refugees conditionally entered the United States. These conditional entrants are able to acquire status as permanent residents after they have resided here for 2 years. In addition, persons already in the United States for at least 2 years who were not admitted as conditional entrants but qualify as refugees are eligible to apply for adjustment to lawful resident status. In the year of this report, we adjusted status in 546 such cases. There were 23,169 immigrants who were admitted to the United States under the nonpreference category, the smallest number since enactment of Public Law 89-236.

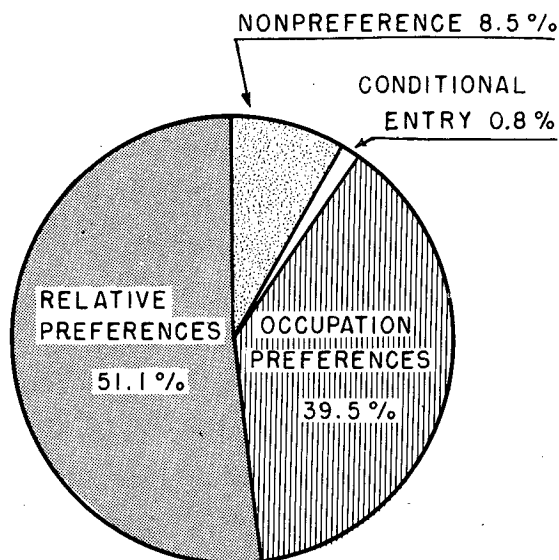
Characteristics of Immigrants of 1969. Of the 358,579 immigrants counted in 1969, 38,788 were already in the United States and were adjusted to permanent status, and 319,791 entered as immigrants. Both these groups were additions to the permanent population of the United States. There were 165,472 males and 193,107 females, or 857 males for every 1,000 females. Of the males, 61,440 were under 20, 98,263 were 20 to 60 years old, and 5,769 were 60 and over.

PREFERENCE AND NONPREFERENCE IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED *

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1969



EUROPE — 98,480



ASIA — 53,000

*CHARGED TO THE COUNTRIES OF EUROPE AND ASIA WITHIN THE NUMERICAL LIMITATION OF THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE.

For the females, 64,383 were under 20, 120,149 were 20 to 60 years old, and 8,575 were over 60. Mexico had the largest proportion (52 percent) of immigrants under 20 years of age, as well as the largest number (23,412). The greatest number of oldsters, 60 years of age and over, came from Italy and China. This is not surprising, since they were also the countries from whence the most "parents of citizens" were admitted.

On the average, immigrants were about a year younger than those admitted in 1968.

Half the female immigrants were married, 4.2 percent were widowed or divorced, and 46 percent were single. For the males, 45.5 percent were married, 1.2 percent were widowed or divorced, and the remaining 53.3 percent were single.

Median age of—	Fiscal year	
	1969	1968
Total.....	24.8	25.9
Males.....	25.2	26.2
Females.....	24.3	25.6

Better than half (56.6 percent) of the 1969 immigrants did not report an occupation at entry. Most of these people were housewives and children under 14. Students and retired persons were in lesser numbers. Among those who reported an occupation, 11.3 percent were in the professional, technical, and kindred categories. The breakdown by continents shows some interesting differences; 24.5 percent of the professionals came from Europe, 44.0 percent from Asia, 4.6 percent from Africa, 1.1 percent from Oceania, 20.5 percent from North America, and 5.3 percent from South America. The country with the highest proportion of professionals was India with 48 percent of the 5,963 immigrants in the professional occupations. Of the 20,744 immigrants born in the Philippines, more than a third reported professional occupations.

White-collar workers, i.e., managers, salesmen, and clerical workers, comprised about 6 percent of immigrants admitted. Sixteen percent of the immigrants were blue-collar workers—craftsmen, operatives, and laborers except farm laborers. Craftsmen came principally from Greece, Italy, Portugal, Yugoslavia,

Mexico, the West Indies, Colombia, and Ecuador. Most of the operatives were from North America and Europe.

The current problems of American housewives in finding domestic help gives rise to some interest in the "private household workers." In 1969, 16,822 private household workers were admitted, of whom 2,951 were born in Europe (Portugal 756, Italy 535, Greece 310, the United Kingdom 300, Spain 171, and Yugoslavia 131); 1,254 were born in Asia, including 478 born in China, 317 in the Philippines. Most of the remainder, 12,534, were born in the Western Hemisphere countries of Mexico (2,056), Jamaica (4,495), Trinidad and Tobago (1,370), the Dominican Republic (913), Central America (1,151), and South America (1,235).

Until 1960, more newly arriving immigrants planned to establish residency in New York than in any other State. With the beginning of the decade, however, California emerged from a rather distant second choice to surpass New York. In 1964, the positions were again reversed and since that year more and more immigrants indicate New York is the State where they intend to reside. In 1969, for example, one of every four new immigrants planned to reside in New York, and 23,220 more of them planned to reside there than in California (94,403 vs. 71,183).

The predominant number of immigrants from southern Europe and the Caribbean planned to reside in New York: in 1969, 44 percent of all arriving Italian immigrants planned to reside there, as did 29 percent of the Greeks; 62 percent of the Jamaicans; 73 percent of the Dominicans; 79 percent of the Haitians; and 58 percent of the immigrants from Trinidad and Tobago. Also, in 1969, most immigrants from Mexico and Canada, and from the Far East chose to reside in California: one of every two Mexicans did so; 13 percent of the Canadians; 39 percent of the Filipinos; 36 percent of the Chinese; 18 percent of the Koreans; and 16 percent of the Indians. Twenty percent of all new Portuguese immigrants planned to reside in California, in keeping with the well established Portuguese population of that State.

Cuban Refugees. Cuban refugees arrived by airlift from Cuba to the United States at the rate of two flights a day, 5 days a week, except when weather conditions or other problems caused a temporary suspension. In fiscal year 1969, 41,751 Cuban refugees arrived. At the end of the year, more than 155,600 Cubans had found a haven in this country by means of the airlift, and the great majority of new arrivals was reunited with families already here.

Under Public Law 89-732, enacted November 2, 1966, Cubans who had been in the United States for 2 years or longer could have their status adjusted to that of permanent residents. From the passage of the Act to June 30, 1969, 123,615 Cubans had gained per-



Aged Cuban refugee is greeted by representatives of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare and the National Catholic Welfare Conference. During the year, 41,751 Cuban refugees arrived by airlift.

manent status under this Act (6,343 in 1969). Most of the adjustments occurred in fiscal year 1968 when over 90,000 Cubans were converted to permanent status prior to the establishment of the Western Hemisphere numerical limitation. Only 6,343 attained permanent status under Public Law 89-732 in 1969.

Nonimmigrants

A person who comes to the United States for a temporary period is called a nonimmigrant. The following persons are all categorized as nonimmigrants; diplomats and their families, attendants, servants, and personal employees; visitors for business or pleasure; persons transiting the United States; crewmen on vessels or aircraft; treaty traders and treaty investors; students; four categories of representatives to international organizations and their attendants, servants, and personal employees; three types of temporary workers or trainees; foreign correspondents; and exchange visitors. Alien residents returning from temporary visits abroad, although they are immigrants, are

included statistically in the nonimmigrant count in order to keep the count of immigrants limited to those who are a new addition to the total population. Exclusive of citizens of Canada and Mexico who enter frequently as border crossers and exclusive of alien crewmen, a total of 3,645,328 nonimmigrants was admitted during the year, an increase of 14 percent over fiscal year 1968. Shown below are the classes under which nonimmigrants were admitted and a comparison with last year's figures.

Those persons who came to visit friends and relatives or came as tourists and who are classified as visitors for pleasure make up the largest group of nonimmigrants and numbered 2,382,198, an increase of 17 percent over the preceding year. Additionally, 299,810 persons were admitted temporarily as visitors for business. Mexico (689,957), Canada (318,974), the United Kingdom (195,877), and Germany (107,818) ranked highest in the number of visitors for pleasure. The greatest numbers of business visitors came from the United Kingdom (51,052), Japan (47,776), Germany (25,676), France (19,728), Mexico (13,812), Italy (12,637), Canada (10,650), and the Netherlands (10,243).

Foreign students entering to attend educational institutions numbered 90,486. They were accompanied by 8,302 spouses and children. Also, 47,175 exchange visitors to participate in Government- and privately-sponsored programs designed to further international cultural exchange were admitted, accompanied by 15,301 spouses and children. Students and exchange visitors from North America numbered 41,837, from Asia 37,095, and from Europe 30,539.

One of three groups of temporary workers or trainees relates to persons who are of distinguished merit

and ability, who wish to enter the United States to perform temporary services which require such distinguished merit and ability. Of the 8,941 such persons who were brought to the United States, 7,700 were in professional occupations. Other skilled and unskilled workers whose services were needed in the United States amounted to 49,913, of whom there were 7,514 in the professional or technical categories, 8,255 craftsmen, 13,800 farm laborers or foremen, and 10,564 carpenters' helpers, lumbermen, gardeners, and the like. Trainees are persons who are given training in various industries and in agriculture who are not able to obtain such training in their own countries, and who do not displace American workers. There were 4,098 such trainees.

Among the temporary workers who came to the United States during this reporting year were 12,818 agricultural workers from the Caribbean area and 10 from the British Virgin Islands; 9,740 Canadian agricultural workers and woodsmen; 391 sheepherders from Europe; 16,841 other workers destined to the U.S. Virgin Islands; and 318 destined to Guam from Korea and the Philippines.

Other nonimmigrants admitted included 44,940 foreign government officials, 19,956 official representatives to international organizations, 15,264 treaty traders and investors, 4,164 members of the foreign news media, and 3,155 NATO officials. Admitted were 210,543 travelers in transit through the United States to other countries. Almost 2,140,000 alien crewmen arrived at U.S. ports during the year and were granted shore leave.

Citizens and Resident Aliens Who Returned to the United States

The number of U.S. citizens who returned from a visit abroad rose from 92,086,163 in fiscal year 1968 to 96,145,919 this year. Of these, 89,603,348 were border crossers, 1,106,630 were crewmen, and the remaining 5,435,941 came back from countries other than Mexico and Canada. Lawful permanent residents returning from visits abroad via air and sea transportation were admitted back into the United States in the number of 441,082, which was an 18-percent increase over fiscal year 1968. The number of citizens arrived from abroad showed a 17-percent increase over last year. Largest percentage increases were 39 percent from Africa and 23 percent from the West Indies, principally, the Bahamas, Bermuda, and Jamaica.

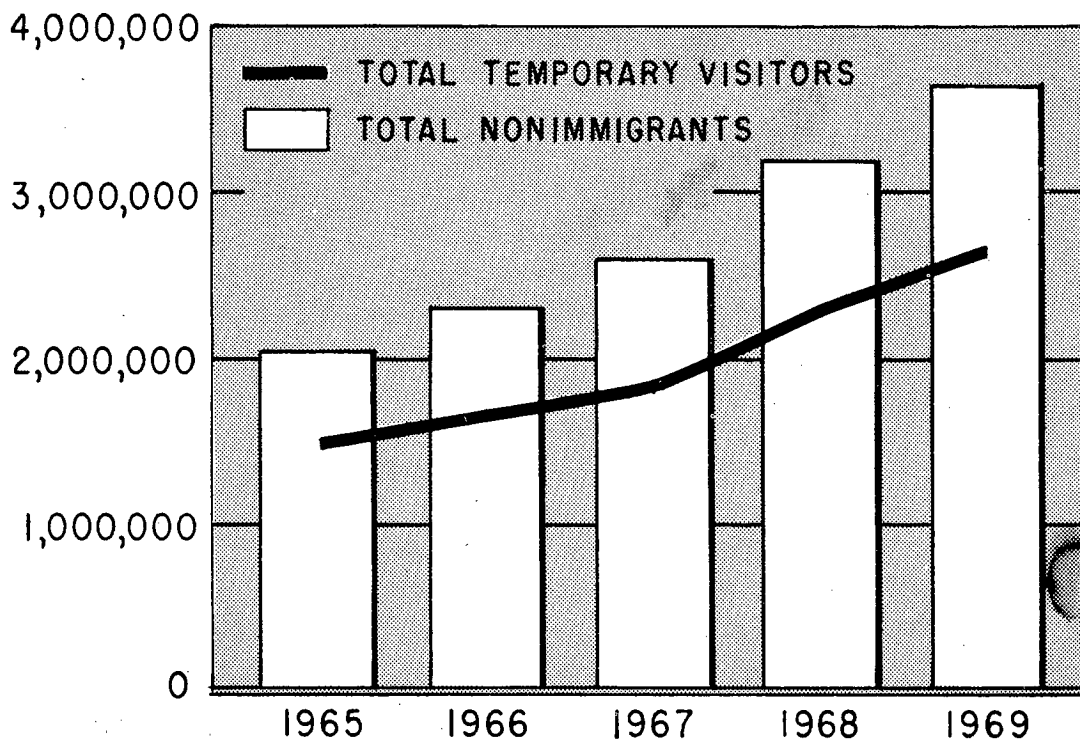
Inadmissible Aliens

Entries Denied. One of our principal functions is to insure that aliens who have no right to enter the United States or whose entry would not be in our best interests do not, in fact, enter. The inspection of aliens is, therefore, designed to permit the entry as expeditiously as

Nonimmigrants Admitted: Years Ended June 30, 1968 and 1969

Class of admission	Number		Percent change
	1969	1968	
Total.....	3,645,328	3,200,336	+13.9
Foreign government officials.....	44,940	45,320	-0.8
Temporary visitors for business.....	299,810	257,800	+16.3
Temporary visitors for pleasure.....	2,382,198	2,042,666	+16.6
Transit aliens.....	210,543	232,731	-9.5
Treaty traders and investors.....	15,264	13,091	+16.6
Students.....	90,486	73,303	+23.4
Spouses and children of students.....	8,302	7,009	+18.4
International representatives.....	19,956	19,826	+0.7
Temporary workers and industrial trainees.....	62,952	68,969	-8.7
Workers of distinguished merit and ability.....	8,941	11,578	-22.8
Other temporary workers.....	49,913	52,798	-5.5
Industrial trainees.....	4,098	4,593	-10.8
Representatives of foreign information media.....	4,164	3,622	+15.0
Exchange visitors.....	47,175	45,320	+4.1
Spouses and children of exchange visitors.....	15,301	15,163	+0.9
Returning residents.....	441,082	373,252	+18.2
NATO officials.....	3,155	2,264	+39.4

NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED 1965 - 1969



possible of all aliens who meet the qualifications set out by law, to establish time limits for control on the departure of those who have been admitted for a temporary period, and to turn back the aliens who do not qualify for entry. The Service prides itself on setting generous entry terms for admissible aliens and giving humane and considerate treatment to those who are asked to return to their own countries.

Entry was denied to 262,954 aliens in fiscal year 1969. Of this number, 17,924 were crewmen who were denied the privilege of landing. There were 185 stowaways found and detained on the vessels on which they arrived, 185,665 applied as border crossers, and 58,655 others withdrew their application for admission rather than face formal exclusion proceedings.

After being accorded a hearing by a special inquiry officer, 525 aliens were denied entry. Of these, 70 percent lacked documents required for the type of admission they sought. Fourteen were excluded on subversive grounds, 66 had criminal, immoral, or narcotic records, and eight were certified by the Public Health Service as being afflicted with mental or phys-

ical defects which rendered them inadmissible under the immigration laws.

Waivers of Inadmissibility. Congress has given to the Attorney General the authority to waive certain grounds of inadmissibility for permanent residence of alien spouses, parents, and children of lawful permanent residents or citizens of the United States when he finds that the alien's continued exclusion from the United States would result in extreme hardship to the lawful permanent resident or citizen of the United States and that the admission of such alien would not be contrary to the welfare, safety, or security of the United States. Approved were 1,212 such waivers in fiscal year 1969. Additionally, 6,236 waivers were granted to nonimmigrants whose admission was found to be in the public interest.

Aliens who have defected from Communism may be granted visas for entry into the United States if they can establish that they were actively opposed to that ideology for at least 5 years prior to their application for admission to the United States and if it can also be already shown that their admission would be in the

public interest. In fiscal year 1969, 77 such aliens were admitted after having been granted waivers of their inadmissibility by the Attorney General.

ADJUDICATIONS

Determinations on petitions and applications for preference in visa classification, extensions of stay, change of status, waivers of certain grounds of inadmissibility, and other aspects of the immigration laws are the responsibility of the adjudications personnel in Travel Control. The adjudicator's task is not an easy one. He must make judgments which have a far-reaching effect upon the lives of aliens. For example, he must determine whether families will be reunited or remain separated or judge whether exceptional hardship to a U.S. citizen or lawful resident alien can be alleviated. He must determine whether an inadmissible alien may be permitted to enter for urgent personal reasons or whether an alien in the United States may continue his stay in this country either temporarily or permanently.

For the third straight year, there were more than 1 million receipts, 1,247,841, a number that exceeded fiscal year 1968 by 8 percent. What a difference 10 years make. In 1960, total receipts of adjudications amounted to 696,721. Ten years later, this figure almost doubled, but the officer force adjudicating this expanded workload today is somewhat lower than that of 10 years ago. In addition, the quality of Service adjudications has steadily improved. Today the public can see more of how and why cases are decided than ever before. Decisions are based entirely on the evidence in the record. Denial decisions spell out precisely the grounds on which they are based in language easily understood by laymen and especially by persons who are not at home with the English language. More precedent decisions have been published than ever before in our history. Regulations are fuller and more explicit than ever before.

Adjustment of Status

Cuban Adjustments. Since the Cuban revolution a little more than 10 years ago, Cubans have sought refuge in the United States. These refugees were paroled into the United States which meant that while they could stay here, they had no recognized immigration status. It is true that in the beginning most Cubans hoped and confidently expected they would soon be going home again.

As the years passed this hope faded. Their children went to American schools and adopted the American way of life as their own. The parents and breadwinners wanted to earn their own way, and many were qualified to make real contributions to our society. But in order to get the jobs they could splendidly fill, they

often found that they needed to be permanent residents or citizens of the United States. As parolees, they could not be either.

The Congress, recognizing the situation and wanting to help the refugees become self-sufficient, enacted Public Law 89-732. This law, effective November 2, 1966, made it possible for qualified Cuban refugees to become permanent residents of the United States. By November 14, 1966, we began to distribute application forms to eligible Cubans, and, at the end of fiscal year 1967, 41,052 applications had been filed and 25,693 applications adjudicated. Last year, 82,477 applications were received and 95,679 adjudicated. In fiscal year 1969, receipts were only 23,451, and of these only 7,306 were adjudicated.

There are several reasons for this decline of 72 percent in receipts and 92 percent in adjudications completed. In May and June of 1968, many eligible Cubans filed their applications to avoid the effect of the numerical limitation imposed on Western Hemisphere natives beginning July 1, 1968. Secondly, at the time of enactment of Public Law 89-732, more than 125,000 Cubans were eligible to apply to become permanent residents, because they had resided in the United States for 2 years or longer. From fiscal year 1969 on, it is estimated the number of eligibles will be no more than 40,000, since that is the approximate number of Cuban refugees being paroled into the United States each year. Additionally, the numerical limitation alluded to has obliged the Cuban refugees to compete with other Western Hemisphere natives for the 120,000 visa numbers allocated annually under the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, to such natives.

Public Law 89-732 also provided that Cuban refugees who had gone abroad, obtained immigrant visas, and reentered as immigrants might have the date of their admission as immigrants backdated not to exceed 30 months before the date of the law. This was a privilege sought mostly by professionals who needed this benefit in order to become eligible more quickly for citizenship so that they could practice their professions in those States which required U.S. citizenship as a prerequisite to practice. In 1969, 1,847 Cubans took advantage of this provision of the Act compared with 1,350 the prior year.

Section 245. In the days before the Immigration and Nationality Act of December 24, 1952 came into being, an alien could not become a permanent resident of the United States unless he applied for and obtained from an American consular officer abroad an immigrant visa. Section 245 of the Act authorizes adjustment of status to that of a permanent resident in the case of an alien in the United States without requiring him to obtain a visa from a consular officer. Section 245 has undergone several changes since 1952. Today three requirements must be met before an alien

in the United States may become a permanent resident: he must make application for such status; he must be eligible to receive an immigrant visa and must be admissible to the United States for permanent residence; and an immigrant visa number must be immediately available to him at the time his application is approved. The Act expressly precludes from this privilege of adjustment of status natives of any country of the Western Hemisphere or of any adjacent island and crewmen.

In fiscal years 1966, 1967, and 1968, Public Law 89-236 allowed the use of quota numbers which had not been issued in each of the prior fiscal years. Since, prior to Public Law 89-236, as many as 80,000 numbers a year had gone unused, the greater availability of visa numbers made it possible for nonimmigrants in the United States to qualify for assignment of visa numbers as preference or nonpreference immigrants and subsequently to apply for adjustment. Consequently, there were 52,714 applicants in fiscal year 1966, 36,381 in 1967, 35,276 in 1968, and 41,683 in 1969. Compared with the receipt of 22,814 adjustment applications under section 245 in 1965, the last full year prior to the enactment of Public Law 89-236, the effect of the new law comes into sharp focus.

Other Adjustments. The Joint Resolution of July 14, 1960 provided that refugee-escapees who had been paroled into and remained in the United States for 2 years could become permanent residents of the United States if found admissible under the immigration laws. In fiscal year 1969, 985 refugee-escapees were found admissible and were accorded permanent resident status. Since passage of the Joint Resolution, a total of 19,694 refugee-escapees have become permanent residents.

Section 13 of the Act of September 11, 1957 provides that persons who had been admitted as diplomats or international representatives and who are not maintaining that status may be accorded permanent resident status. While 50 such adjustments per year are permitted, only 20 former officials of foreign governments or of international organizations and members of their families were adjusted under this provision of law during the fiscal year.

Visa Petitions

The visa petition or a procedure similar to it, as the vehicle by which a person is accorded a classification under the immigration laws for the purpose of obtaining a certain nonimmigrant or immigrant visa, has been in effect since the Act of February 5, 1917 (fourth proviso to section 3) when the Congress gave the Attorney General the authority to determine if an alien could be brought to the United States to perform skilled labor. Section 9 of the Act of May 26, 1924

broadened the use of the visa petition to accord classification to aliens as relatives who thus became eligible to obtain either nonquota or quota immigration visas. Again the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 broadened and refined the visa petition procedure by expanding the preference categories.

Public Law 89-236 abolished the term "nonquota" and substituted the equivalent status of "immediate relative" which includes the spouses, minor unmarried children of United States citizens (including adopted or to be adopted children), and parents of adult United States citizens. Aliens who are accorded "immediate relative" classification are not subject to the annual numerical limitation on immigration. In addition, Congress intended that any person who could qualify as an immediate relative must do so. Thus, such persons, not having to obtain visa numbers, would not eat into the authorized number of immigrant visas. This came fully into play on and after July 1, 1968, when special immigrants were limited to 120,000 numbers annually. The necessity to qualify aliens as immediate relatives when possible, resulted in a large increase of immediate relative petitions. During the year, 75,308 immediate relative petitions, including 2,178 orphan petitions, were approved as against 49,337 immediate relative petitions, of which 1,699 were orphans, approved in the previous year. Service offices abroad adjudicated 962 of the orphan petitions.

Under the Act of October 3, 1965, there were four preferences established for relatives of United States citizens and resident aliens. The first preference category is reserved for unmarried sons and daughters of United States citizens, and, in fiscal year 1969, 1,781 petitions were approved to accord this status as contrasted with 1,822 approved petitions in 1968. Spouses and unmarried sons and daughters of aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence are accorded second preference. A total of 30,222 such petitions was approved as against 25,411 approved a year ago. Married sons and daughters are now entitled to fourth preference status, and the fifth preference classification is for brothers and sisters of citizens. Petitions approved in these categories totalled 24,696 during the year.

The third preference category is for members of the professions and persons of exceptional ability in the sciences or arts. It is the only category in which the petition may be filed by the prospective immigrant himself or by a person in his behalf. A total of 34,570 such petitions was approved and 2,520 denied. Only 17,000 visa numbers are available worldwide for aliens who have third preference classification. The demand for one of these numbers is such that even in those months of fiscal year 1969 when allocation of visa numbers was current for most categories in a good part of the world, the third preference category remained oversubscribed.

The sixth preference category for aliens who qualify as skilled or unskilled workers in occupations for which workers in the United States are in short supply showed a decrease of 40 percent in approved petitions in fiscal year 1969 from the number approved in 1968. Reduction in the issuance of Labor Department certifications concerning availability of workers may have been a factor in this decline.

Section 203(a)(7) of the Act provides that 10,200 visa numbers annually may be assigned to refugees. It also provides that up to 5,100 of these numbers may be used in adjusting the status of aliens who have been continuously physically present here for 2 years and who qualify as refugees. For the first time since the Act became effective, fiscal year 1969 saw the number of refugees abroad who sought entry into the United States under this section exceed the visas available. This situation arose primarily because the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia led several thousand nationals of that country to flee mainly into Austria and Germany, where they sought classification as refugees. The number of applications for classification as refugees from persons in the United States continued to decline as only 654 were received in 1969.

Petitions filed by employers in the United States to import for temporary periods aliens of distinguished merit and ability, workers in short supply in the United States, and industrial trainees totalled 22,133 in fiscal year 1969 as compared to 18,654 received the previous year. There were 20,522 approved and 862 denied. Many cases involved consultation with other Government agencies and representatives of labor and management. The statute requires in the cases of temporary workers that the work they perform, in and of itself, be temporary in nature. In 1969, when Western Hemisphere natives came under the annual limitation of 120,000 visa numbers and immigrant visas were no longer immediately available to them, petitions for temporary workers increased. The most difficult question to resolve in these cases is whether the work, in and of itself, is temporary in nature.

Other Applications

During the year, 390,696 applications by nonimmigrants to extend their temporary stay in the United States were adjudicated as compared to 340,707 last year, an increase of 15 percent. This is an area where increases may continue to be anticipated so long as tourism remains on the rise. There were 206,267 alien border crossing cards issued to residents of Canada and Mexico who enter the United States frequently. Some 19,766 nonimmigrants in the United States were permitted to change to other nonimmigrant classes. As has been true in the past, the bulk of the requests for change involved visitors for pleasure who decided after entry

that they wished to continue their education in American schools.

No school may enroll nonimmigrant students unless authorized to do so by the Service. Nonimmigrant students and exchange visitors must receive permission from the Service to transfer from one school or exchange program to another or, in the case of students, to accept part-time employment. During the year, 59,774 applications were approved in these categories, an increase of 14 percent over 1968.

Some U.S. citizens have need to frequently cross our land borders. To facilitate their reentry into the United States, they were issued 11,969 certificates of identity. Permanent resident aliens often require reentry permits or extension of reentry permits, or duplicate alien registration cards, and, in fiscal year 1969, 131,012 applications for such documents were acted upon as compared to 116,843 a year ago. Deported aliens granted permission to reapply for admission to the United States numbered 3,159. In addition, permission to return to the United States was granted to 184 resident aliens who had departed but who otherwise would have been ineligible to reenter.

Aliens admitted to the United States to participate in exchange programs must depart from the United States and reside for 2 years in the country of their nationality or last residence or, under certain circumstances, in another foreign country before they can apply for immigrant visas or become permanent residents. This foreign residence requirement may be waived only if it is established that compliance with the requirement would cause exceptional hardship to the alien's U.S. citizen or lawfully resident alien spouse or child. It may also be waived upon formal request of an interested U.S. Government agency. In each case, the Secretary of State must recommend whether the waiver should be granted or denied, and the Attorney General must then make the final decision as to the waiver. Granted during the year were 1,818 such waivers out of a total of 2,466 applications received by the Service. Also in 1969, regulations were issued establishing the right of an applicant whose application for waiver had been denied by a district director to appeal that decision to the appropriate regional commissioner.

Service Operations Outside the United States

Service officers stationed abroad continued to adjudicate applications and petitions filed by U.S. citizens and permanent resident aliens who are abroad. They worked closely with U.S. consuls in matters involving functions of the Service and the consuls. The Service, like other Government agencies with employees stationed abroad, reduced the number of its personnel stationed in foreign countries in order to help improve

the balance-of-payments situation. At the same time, as a service to intending immigrants, consular officers were authorized to adjudicate relative petitions filed by persons abroad in countries where no Service officers were stationed.

Domestic Control

Domestic Control operates as the enforcement arm of the Service through coordinated action of its two divisions, the Border Patrol in uniform and Investigations in plain clothes. Fiscal year 1969 saw an increase in every phase of this work. More aliens were located who had breached the borders or violated their status after admission than at any time since 1954.

Smuggling cases were encountered in increasing numbers, both by the Border Patrol and Investigations Divisions. Most of the increase was in the Southwest Region. This resulted primarily from the imposition of the numerical limitations on Western Hemisphere immigration, more stringent labor certification requirements, and the vast difference in economy and job opportunities between Mexico and the United States.

Liaison with other law enforcement officers gave an assist to the Service in some 17,000 cases. At the same time Border Patrol officers uncovered some spectacular and wily methods for importing drugs and turned the perpetrators of these attempts over to Customs officers.

Frauds of many kinds, some old and some inspired by changes in the laws, were a major problem in 1969. "Sham" marriages, false birth certificates, false petitions for relative status, and false labor certifications were some of the means used to attain an immigration status.

To combat these and other types of violations, the Service maintains various systems for discovering persons who scheme to circumvent the immigration and nationality laws. The Caribbean Index was an effective instrument in identifying and thus preventing the entry of Latin Americans known to be in criminal, immoral, narcotic, or subversive classes. Suspected documents, such as birth or baptismal certificates, can be checked on a 24-hour-a-day basis by communication with our Fraudulent Document Center, a repository for information concerning the use of counterfeit or altered documents or misuse of genuine documents by imposters. On both the northern and southern borders, records are maintained on known alien criminals, racketeers, and subversives who live on the other side of the border. Through use of these data, the entry of such persons has effectively been prevented.

There are many incidents of accomplishments during the year, but the fact that 10,505 aliens were deported and 240,958 required to depart is probably one of the most solid proofs of work accomplished.

DEPORTABLE ALIENS LOCATED

During fiscal year 1969, Service officers located 283,557 deportable aliens. This is an increase of 71,500 or 34 percent over fiscal year 1968, attributable, in the most part, to the increase of 49,931 in the number of Mexican aliens located and the increase of 15,767 in the number of nonwillful crewman violators. Of the total, 201,636 or 71 percent were Mexican nationals. This number is a 33-percent increase over the number of Mexicans located last year. Similar increases are noted for most all of the other nationalities as well, with increases in the number of Greeks and Chinese attributable mainly to the increase in the number reported as nonwillful crewman violators. The following table reflects a comparison of the violators by nationality groups for 1968 and 1969:

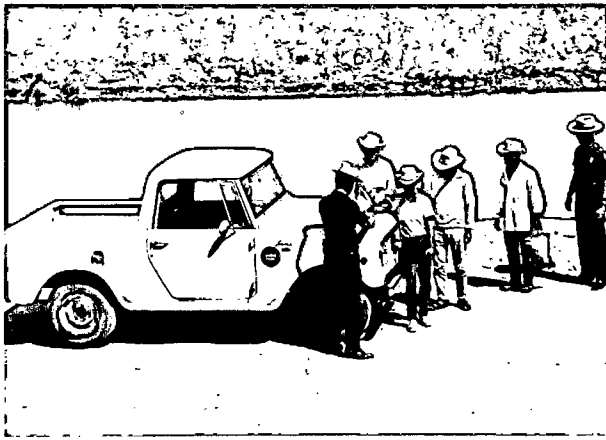
Nationality	Fiscal years		Percent change
	1968	1969	
Mexican.....	151,705	201,636	+33
Cuban.....	591	1,657	+180
Canadian.....	11,056	12,753	+15
Dominican.....	2,101	2,134	+2
BWI and British Honduran.....	2,541	3,053	+20
Other Western Hemisphere.....	10,953	13,035	+19
Chinese.....	5,900	7,678	+30
Philippine.....	3,121	4,502	+44
Greek.....	3,261	6,043	+85
Italian.....	2,915	2,733	-6
United Kingdom.....	1,926	3,281	+70
All others.....	15,987	25,052	+57
Total aliens found.....	212,057	283,557	+34

Status at Entry. Of the 283,557 violators of the immigration laws found, 167,174 or 59 percent were aliens who entered illegally at other than ports of inspection. The remaining 41 percent (116,383) had come in at designated ports of entry and were later found deportable for violation of the conditions of admission, remaining longer than authorized, securing entry by fraud, or conviction for crime involving moral turpitude, etc.

The illegal entries of Mexican aliens accounted for 96.7 percent of all surreptitious entries. Most of the remaining 3.3 percent who entered without inspection were from other countries of the Western Hemisphere.

The number of deportable adult male Mexican aliens found was 179,196, an increase of 46,172 or 35 percent from the previous year. Of this total, 121,743 or 68 percent were apprehended by the 10 border sectors in the southwest. This compares to 81 percent in 1966 and is indicative of the continuing trend for large numbers of Mexican aliens to move away from the border areas in search of employment.

The 116,383 aliens found deportable after entry includes those who had been admitted as immigrants (2,420), visitors (63,152), students (5,712), crewmen (29,837), temporary workers in agriculture (738), as well as 14,524 others.



Yuma Border Patrol officers apprehending aliens on the bank of the All-American Canal, one of the natural barriers in the Andrade, Calif. area.

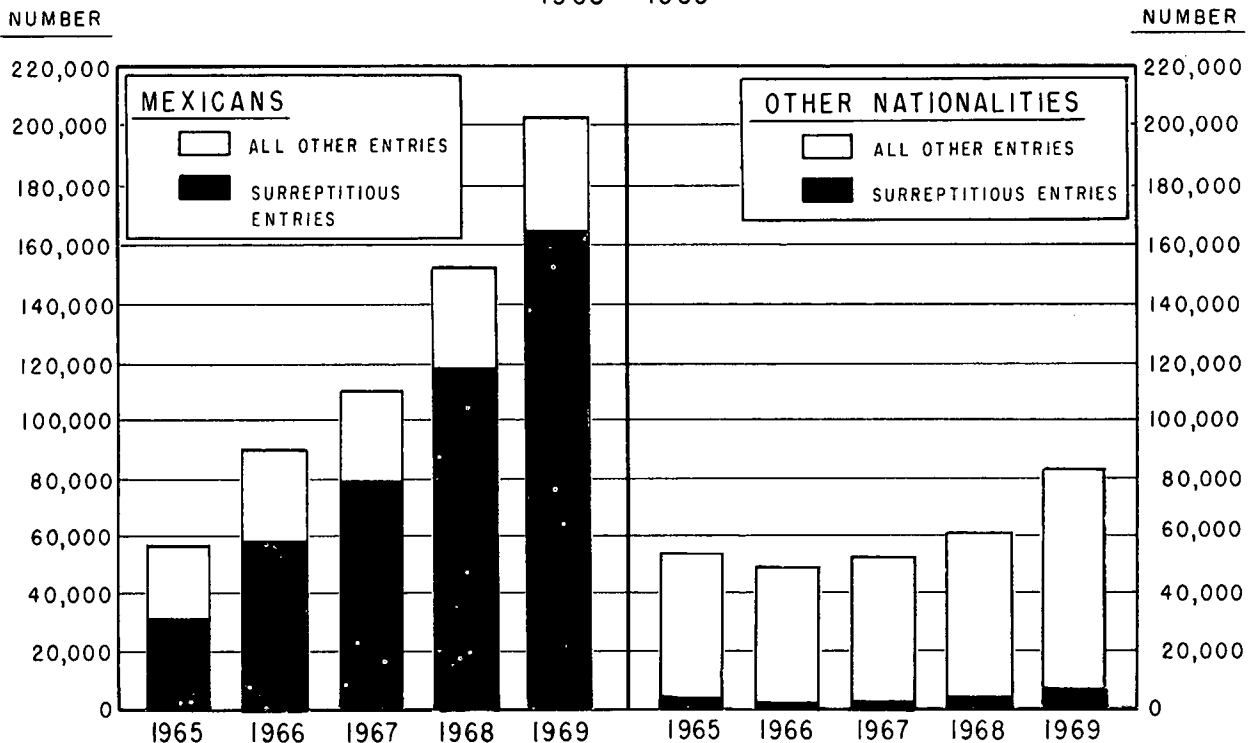
Throughout the year, there was a mounting influx of aliens illegally seeking employment, however brief, menial, or poorly paid. In order to escape detection for as long as possible, these aliens sought to reach interior destinations by various means including public transportation, rented vehicles, cooperatively purchased cheap cars, and, in many instances, by paying exorbitant fees to unscrupulous smugglers and transporters. Accordingly, steps were taken to increase our traffic checks and those at transportation terminals

in order to intercept the violators and reduce to the minimum the adverse effect that their employment would have created on the wages and working conditions of American labor. Of the 258,472 aliens (other than technical crewman violators) found in illegal status, 164,746 or 64 percent were located within 30 days, and of the remaining 93,726 or 36 percent who had been here more than 30 days, only 13,791 or 5 percent had been here more than 1 year before they were located. A total of 105,282 were in travel status at time of apprehension, an increase of 34,075 or 48 percent over last year. There were 54,532 persons found employed in agriculture (53,684 Mexicans) and 66,189 in industry or other fields.

Smuggling. Border Patrol officers located 11,784 aliens who had been induced or assisted to enter unlawfully or who had been transported unlawfully after entry. This represents a 77-percent increase over the number of smuggled aliens found in 1968. Alien smugglers and violators of statutes relating to unlawful transportation of aliens numbered 2,048, an increase of 69 percent over the 1,210 violators apprehended in 1968.

The 2,048 smugglers located in the year represent the highest number reported since the Border Patrol was established in 1924. The previous highs were recorded in fiscal years 1953 and 1954 when the official figures were 1,540 and 1,822, respectively.

DEPORTABLE ALIENS FOUND IN THE UNITED STATES 1965 - 1969



Smuggling cases were encountered in increasing numbers in all sections of the country, but the volume in the Southwest Region remained the most important factor in the significant rises in the national totals. The present magnitude of the alien smuggling problem in the Southwest Region compared to recent years is shown in the table below.

The table also illustrates that the number of principals located in 1969 is four times greater, and the number of smuggled aliens located is seven times greater than in 1965.

Service investigators completed 1,386 smuggling investigations during the year. Prosecution was authorized against 815 violators of the smuggling statutes. There were 563 convictions resulting in aggregate sentences of 7,447 months and fines totaling \$43,000. Imposition of sentence was suspended on 88 convictions, and, in those cases where sentence was imposed, over 57 percent of the time to serve was suspended resulting in a 6.6 months' net average sentence to serve for each violation. The payment of \$8,500 of the fines was suspended.

The San Antonio District handled one of the largest and most notorious alien smuggling cases developed in recent years, involving 46 aliens smuggled into the United States near Eagle Pass, Tex., destined to Chicago, Ill. They were conveyed from the border to San Antonio in an enclosed rented truck which meas-

ured 7 x 12 feet. As a result of being locked in the truck, three of the aliens died from heat and lack of oxygen and many more were hospitalized. The case received a great deal of publicity, both national and international, and created public comment and indignation.

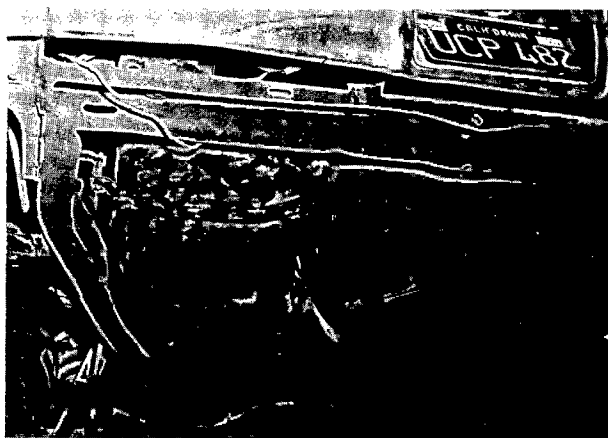
Late in the afternoon on September 30, 1968, San Antonio police officers found the 46 aliens at a rented house in San Antonio. No one except the aliens was present. The aliens were unable to identify anyone and did not even know where they were. The only person they had seen was the man who collected money from them after they entered the truck in the brush on the bank of the Rio Grande, and they were not sure they could identify him. Through various investigative techniques, such as comparison of handwriting, latent fingerprints, photographs, and interviews, three suspects were identified.

The investigation was long, tedious, and quite complicated. All suspects refused to be interviewed or even to appear with their attorneys before complaints were filed, and they refused to furnish any information afterwards. However, when they appeared in court in the Del Rio Division of the Western District of Texas, U.S. District Court, all three defendants pleaded guilty for violation of 8 U.S.C. 1324. John T. Eguia, leader of the large smuggling operation, was given two 15-year sentences, to be served concurrently; Carlos Becerra received two 10-year sentences to be served concurrently; and Joe Roy Campos received 10 years to serve.

Through arrangements with the Mexican consul, 23 of the aliens were delivered to the custody of Mexican officials at Piedras Negras, Mexico. As a result of their identification and testimony, the smuggler from Piedras Negras, who had been cooperating with the smugglers from the United States, was tried in Mexico and received a sentence of 3 years and 3 months to serve.

Smugglers and Smuggled Aliens Located in Southwest Region

	Fiscal years				
	1969	1968	1967	1966	1965
Total:					
Principals.....	1,899	1,128	1,155	877	459
Smuggled aliens.....	11,442	6,490	5,515	3,624	1,629
Percent change by years:					
Principals.....	+68	-2	+32	+91	—
Smuggled aliens.....	+76	+18	+52	+122	—



Ingenious method devised to smuggle aliens into the United States not clever enough to elude detection. Special compartment strapped onto undercarriage of car. Picture at right illustrates how alien concealed himself in the compartment.

Early in 1968, the Border Patrol sectors in Del Rio, McAllen, and Laredo developed information which indicated that a large group of persons residing in the Dilley, Tex., area were involved in smuggling operations, moving large groups of aliens at a time. The smugglers were transporting the aliens into the Chicago, Ill., area for a fee of \$200 per person. On October 1, 1968, Border Patrol officers at Hebbronville, Tex., stopped two camper-equipped trucks and upon inspection ascertained that they contained 32 smuggled Mexican aliens who were destined to Chicago. Intensive efforts, both by the Patrol officers and investigators, developed evidence against 13 members of this group which was used in the prosecution and conviction in all cases. This group owned and used 22 trucks and cars in their operations.

A lengthy investigation at Miami, Fla., led to a Federal grand jury indictment on April 23, 1969, on four counts charging Verent Thompson, a U.S. citizen, with transporting aliens who were illegally in the United States, shielding aliens from detection, and falsely representing himself to be an agent of the Service. He is a part-time lay preacher, but his main occupation is that of a labor contractor, furnishing laborers to pick citrus in the Indian River citrus area. Thompson also operates a rooming house and restaurant to house and feed the laborers. Investigations revealed that the indicted person would go to various labor camps operated by the U.S. Sugar Corp. and the Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association to house British West Indian agricultural laborers brought to the United States under contract to these two companies. For fees ranging from \$20 to \$50 per man, he would offer to secure employment for the laborers at jobs which would be in violation of the terms of their admission. He then transported these persons from the Lake Okeechobee area to Fort Pierce, Fla., where he placed them in citrus harvest. The investigation revealed that he was engaged in a rather lucrative business, he would collect for transporting aliens, profit from the room and board he furnished them, plus collect a fee for each box of fruit picked by the aliens. On June 10, 1969, in the U.S. District Court, Miami, he entered pleas of not guilty to the four counts. (Thompson pleaded guilty at his trial and, on October 29, 1969, was fined \$1,000 and placed on probation for 3 years.)

Deserting Crewmen and Stowaways. The Service is constantly reviewing, evaluating and revising present programs and initiating new programs to prevent the illegal entry of deserting crewmen and stowaways. Close cooperation with shipping agents, law enforcement agencies, and waterfront contacts contributes significantly to the coastal control operation.

The following are typical cases in point:

In January 1969, four Greek crewmen deserted from the Liberian SS *World Explorer* at Norfolk, Va. In-



Ship's captain welcomes investigators aboard at San Francisco. He expresses hopes that the investigation will discourage other deserters.

vestigators developed information which indicated they were en route by air to New York in the company of an unknown person. This information enabled an immigrant inspector at the John F. Kennedy Airport to apprehend the four as they disembarked from the plane. Their companion was a previous deserter who was also apprehended.

On May 29, 1969, the San Juan office received information that 14 stowaways were concealed in a trailer container aboard the MV *Rio Haina*, a ship operated by Sealand Corp. plying between Rio Haina, Dominican Republic, and San Juan, Puerto Rico. The 14 stowaways were located on the main deck of the vessel when it docked at San Juan. They had secreted themselves in a trailer container before it was loaded aboard ship and, after the ship had gotten underway, had cut a hole in the side of the trailer to get out, since it was impossible to open the trailer doors from the inside. The 14 stowaways were assisted in secreting themselves in the container by an unknown person identified only as Jesus. The publicity generated by this incident had far-reaching results in that all 14 stowaways were fined upon their return to the Dominican Republic for leaving the country without an exit permit. The representative of the Dominican Republic Customs assigned to the Sealand operation at Rio Haina was removed from office, since it was his responsibility to see that the trailers were searched before being loaded aboard ship.

Some deserters go to extremes to prevent apprehension. In November 1968, a team of investigators encountered three Chinese working at a nursery in Sunnyvale, Calif., who ran in opposite directions when the officers approached them. Two were apprehended after a short chase, and, when questioned, it was ascertained that they were deserters. These two were placed in the custody of the local police. The investigators

returned to the area of the nursery and by cutting sign determined that the third person had entered a storm drain. One investigator handed the other down into the drain system, and, after a pursuit that covered about 1½ miles under the city of Sunnyvale, the fleeing deserter was apprehended.

The Border Patrol officers of the Ogdensburg Sector continue their successful control of crewmen at the St. Lawrence Seaway. The surveillance of suspect vessels and checks of detained crewmen, coupled with the excellent cooperation of the seaway personnel, resulted in the season closing with no desertions reported. The Messina Unit verified the departure of 549 detained crewmen and maintained surveillance on 211 vessels, including 121 vessels operated by Iron Curtain countries which passed through the seaway locks.

Air Operations. The Service continues to maintain a fleet of 21 observation aircraft and three large transport aircraft. The entire Service observation aircraft fleet is deployed along the Mexican border in the Southwest Region, and the transport fleet is based at El Paso. During the year, the 21 observation aircraft were instrumental in locating a total of 16,576 deportable aliens. The above figure represents a 37.1-percent increase in the total number of aliens located as a result of air operations.

In addition to the normal functions of patrolling the borders and farm and ranch check, Border Patrol observation aircraft have sometimes figured in public services under unusual circumstances. As an example, Border Patrol pilots detected a burglar on Padre Island and led Sheriff's deputies to his hiding place through use of the loudspeakers mounted on the airplane.

Modification of two Service transport aircraft increased the seating capacity from 170 to 191 passengers for the three such Service aircraft. In order to maintain pace with the transportation needs brought about

by the increased incidence of deportable aliens located in northern California and Arizona, emphasis was placed on the use of the transport aircraft for the movement of those aliens to border staging areas. It was in fact possible to meet these needs with 825 fewer flight hours due to the increased seating capacity of the two aircraft and the shorter trip mileage required. During the year, a total of 23,844,046 passenger miles were flown of which 59,038 were flown for other Government agencies.

With the concurrence of the Mexican Government, a total of 112,398 deportable Mexican aliens were returned to the interior of Mexico during fiscal year 1969; 109,640 by bus and train from various border points to the interior of Mexico, and 2,758 by contract airlift from Matamoros, Tamaulipas, Mexico, to Leon, Gto., Mexico. This airlift was replaced by a buslift in April 1969.

The utilization of additional points of departure along the Mexican border made it possible to eliminate much of the expensive and awkward lateral movement heretofore involved in assembling deportable aliens at more widely dispersed staging areas. Additional savings were effected as the result of reduced detention time, particularly at interior points where it is not possible to detain deportable aliens in Service operated facilities pending their removal to border staging areas.

A logistics problem was simplified, with resultant increase in efficiency and economy, by the concentration of heavy aircraft on shorter haul transport of aliens from interior points, where they are taken into custody, to more conveniently located border staging points. Fiscal year 1969 saw an increase of 26,094 deportable Mexican aliens removed by contract bus and train over those removed the previous year. The impact of the improved removal program is obvious.

Since the inception of the various removal programs in 1956, a total of 104,722 deportable Mexican aliens has been returned to the interior of Mexico by airlift and 352,906 by the trainlift and various buslifts.

Cooperation with Other Law Enforcement Agencies. The Service has continued to emphasize liaison throughout the year with Federal, State, local, and foreign law enforcement agencies. Field supervisors throughout the country have instructed at various police schools and academies and have carried on personal contacts to explain the mission of the Service and describe the problems and violations of law which are of primary interest to the Service. Field visits and courses of instruction in border control and immigration enforcement techniques have been carried out by the Service for law enforcement officials from foreign countries in cooperation with the Agency for International Development.

Investigators and other Service officers at the seat of government worked closely during the year with other law enforcement agencies in matters of mutual



Patrol Inspector verifying the presence of two crewmen detained on board a foreign ship. Officers periodically check the vessels to confirm that detained crewmen have not absconded.

interest; specifically, with the office of the American representative to Interpol and with the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in matters relating to aliens engaged in international crime, with the Department of State in passport and visa fraud, with the Department of Labor in the field of labor certification frauds, with the U.S. Secret Service in matters affecting the protection of the President, and with the Federal Bureau of Investigation in matters of mutual concern.

Tangible results from liaison activity are reflected by the 17,724 violators of immigration and nationality laws who were encountered by other law enforcement agencies and referred to Border Patrol officers. An example of this cooperation occurred in the Nogales area when an electronic intrusion device showed a large number of persons had passed. The alarm for this device is triggered in the local police department which in turn notifies the Border Patrol by radio. Due to the great volume of beeps, not only was the Border Patrol notified, but the police sent several units to assist. Without the unsolicited and timely help of the police, it is doubtful if the two patrol inspectors who responded to the call could have controlled and apprehended the group of 28 aliens without some escaping.

Another incident involved the San Diego Harbor Police who became suspicious when they observed a person lead three Mexican nationals to seats at widely separated locations in the international airport. They alerted the Border Patrol who arrested all four of the individuals after the principal had regrouped them and led them to the boarding gate of a northbound airliner in an attempt to smuggle them into the interior of the United States.

Incident to the performance of their regular duties, Border Patrol officers arrested and released to appropriate agencies 1,178 violators of other laws, including 280 narcotics law violators. In line with the increased illegal traffic in narcotics and dangerous drugs, the Border Patrol seized over \$1.2 million worth of marijuana, narcotics, and dangerous drugs. This included over 12,500 pounds of marijuana. An additional \$475,187 worth of merchandise and property was seized.

Some typical cases of the seizure of narcotics and dangerous drugs which often involved armed violators are as follows:

On February 10, 1969, two patrol inspectors pursued and captured two Mexican citizens in a camper pickup after they had crashed through the international boundary fence west of Nogales, Ariz. Over 1,200 pounds of marijuana, largest single cache of marijuana ever seized in this area, was found in the camper and turned over to the U.S. Customs Agency Service. The occupants were turned over to Customs for prosecution.

On February 25, 1969, a Border Patrol observation pilot and a patrol inspector in a scout vehicle initiated nearly simultaneous radio alerts concerning the illegal

entry of a low-flying Twin Cessna airplane across the Imperial Desert of California. Although the Border Patrol plane was too slow to pursue the unidentified aircraft, the pilot determined that it was on an approximate course to Indio, Calif. He alerted the Indio Border Patrol Station as well as the Federal Aviation Agency and the aircraft was subsequently intercepted by patrol inspectors at an airport near Indio. One occupant of the airplane was captured as he tried to elude capture on foot. The pilot, who had remained in the aircraft, eluded the patrol officers and took off. Knowing the aircraft to be low on fuel, the patrol officers scouted out likely abandoned airstrips in the area. They found over 800 pounds of marijuana at an airstrip in the desert. Working closely with alerted agents of the Federal Aviation Agency and U.S. Customs Agency Service the pilot and aircraft were located along with several other individuals involved in the smuggling attempt. Customs took over the investigation for narcotic smuggling violations.

On June 20, 1969, patrol inspectors while observing traffic near Oceanside, Calif., noticed a car hanging very low in the rear. Upon pursuing and stopping the vehicle, seven cardboard boxes containing over \$13,000 worth of dangerous drugs were found in the trunk. The drugs which had been smuggled into the United States from Mexico were turned over to the U.S. Customs Agency Service. The occupants were turned over to Customs for prosecution.

Patrol inspectors also played key roles in other types of criminal cases. Upon receiving notice on March 24, 1969, that the Ferndale Branch of the Bellingham National Bank had been robbed of over \$9,000, patrol inspectors went to an area where an abandoned car had been found in February after a previous robbery of the same bank. They found a suspect car and upon searching the area found a campsite nearby. Other law enforcement officers surrounded the area and after an all night vigil, the patrol inspectors were alerted by a barking dog at a nearby farmhouse. With the owner's permission, the patrol inspectors searched the outbuildings and found the suspects who were armed with a rifle and revolver, in a shed. They were turned over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and a complaint was filed with the U.S. Commissioner on the charge of bank robbery.

In May 1969, a patrol inspector at Fort Fairfield, Maine, noticed two persons acting very suspiciously at the scene of a fire. He passed this information to the local police and, while keeping the suspects under surveillance, observed another fire at an implement company. He entered the building, but was unable to extinguish the flame. The two suspects were located by the local police and after being confronted with evidence observed by the patrol inspector in the burning building admitted setting fire to the two buildings.

This episode ended a series of unexplained fires suspected of being set by an arsonist.

In the best traditions of the Service, officers have assisted persons in time of need while both on and off duty. Examples are:

A patrol inspector at Jackman, Maine, while off duty, responded to the request of out-of-State hunters by escorting a doctor through heavy snow to an isolated area to render medical assistance to a hunter with a serious back injury. He then organized an evacuation party and assisted in moving the injured man to a hospital.

In April 1969, Border Patrolmen responded to the call for assistance from the Imperial County Sheriff's Department to help find a 6-year-old girl lost in the desert. After a 9-hour search, the child was found unharmed, by experienced Border Patrol trackers. Approximately 10 patrol inspectors participated in the search while off duty.

Encounters With Armed Law Violators and Aliens Apprehended With Prior Records of Criminal and Immigration Law Violations. The number of encounters with armed and dangerous violators of the immigration and nationality laws as well as violators of Federal, State, and local laws has continued to increase. During the year, 51,756 aliens with prior violations of immigration laws were taken into custody by the Border Patrol. Of the aliens taken into custody, 4,184 had prior criminal records. There were 75 persons arrested who were in possession of revolvers or pistols, 12 with rifles and shotguns, and 15 with daggers and switch-blade knives.

The following are typical cases of encounters with armed aliens and citizens who were in violation of Federal or State laws:

On October 17, 1968, a patrol inspector from Chula Vista, Calif., while conducting still watch on the border, was overpowered by two U.S. citizens as one of the men drew a gun on the patrol inspector and handcuffed him to a telephone power pole. Approximately 1 hour later, these men were apprehended by other patrol inspectors and placed under arrest. They had over 30 kilos of marijuana.

On October 31, 1968, investigators of the New York office, following assigned leads, located two persons in a rooming house in New York City. Investigation developed both were aliens illegally in the country, having deserted ships at U.S. ports. One of the aliens when opening a briefcase grasped a dagger inside, but was restrained. A further search of the room revealed three daggers, a .22 caliber automatic pistol loaded with six rounds, and an unloaded .22 caliber automatic rifle.

On the night of December 30, 1968, patrol inspectors at Laredo, Tex., were assigned to a still watch on the Rio Grande River near the port of entry. They encountered a U.S. citizen emerging from the Rio

Grande after wading the river from Mexico. He was armed with a .22 caliber pistol. It was determined that he was one of a group of citizens smuggling marijuana, and subsequently two other U.S. citizens were apprehended with some 8 pounds of marijuana which was turned over to the U.S. Customs Agency.

CARIBBEAN INVESTIGATIONS COORDINATION PROGRAM

The Caribbean Investigations Coordination Program and the relating Index maintained at Miami continued to be effective measures in assisting to prevent the entry into the United States of Latin American aliens of the criminal, immoral, narcotic, and subversive classes. In addition to its importance to Service operations, it proved valuable to other Government investigative agencies. During fiscal year 1969, there were 143,849 checks made of the Index and 14,282 relating records were located. Primarily on the basis of information contained in the Index, several hundred antisubversive investigations were initiated by the Service. These investigations involved some aliens currently in the United States and some attempting to enter this country illegally or applying for admission as permanent residents or as refugees on the Cuban airlift. Although the majority of the investigations involved Cuban nationals, many involved nationals of other Caribbean countries.

The illegal entry of Cuban aliens into the United States from Mexico has been a Service problem since the take over of Cuba by Castro. However, during fiscal year 1969, the Service became increasingly concerned with the rise in the number of Cuban aliens being located in the United States following illegal entry from Mexico. When interrogated, the majority conceded to having been assisted in various degrees in effecting their entries. The modus operandi disclosed by such interrogation suggested the existence of well organized smuggling rings, the centers of which appeared to be located in Mexico.

Service officers in Mexico intensified their liaison with Mexican Government officials. Emphasis was placed on more comprehensive investigations and interrogation of the aliens involved to obtain specific information essential to establish the complete modus operandi and to identify the operators, smugglers, transporters, and other individuals involved in encouraging the Cubans to enter unlawfully. Mexican officials were furnished complete information on all identified smugglers residing in Mexico with the request that consideration be given to prosecution of the smugglers and others involved as a vital step in frustrating the conspirators preying upon refugees seeking to arrange for clandestine entry. In addition, Mexican authorities were asked to accept the return to Mexico of those Cuban aliens who had entered the United States

illegally. This has served to discourage Cuban aliens from attempting illegal entries and at the same time to dry up the source of income for those unscrupulous individuals who have engaged in illicit smuggling of Cuban aliens. The cooperation of the Mexican officials with our Service officers has been greatly enhanced, and continued efforts are being made to maintain this liaison at a high level.

FOREIGN-BORN LAW VIOLATORS

Internal Security and the Foreign Born. Continued emphasis was placed on the Service Antisubversive Program designed to identify foreign-born subversives and develop evidence upon which to institute exclusion or expulsion proceedings and to deny where warranted, benefits under the U.S. immigration and nationality laws. Close liaison was maintained with other Government agencies concerned in security matters, and information developed was promptly furnished to the appropriate agency or agencies.

A continuing effort was made to identify and compile evidence concerning various groups or organizations to determine whether their characterization as subversive organizations was warranted and, if so, whether involvement in those organizations by the foreign born justified Service action looking toward their exclusion or deportation from the United States, or in the cases of naturalized citizens, the revocation of their citizenship. Investigations were conducted to identify aliens involved in demonstrations protesting the national effort in Vietnam and aliens involved in student disorders to determine their amenability to Service proceedings.

The Canadian and Mexican border antisubversive programs also served effectively as a means of excluding from the United States aliens whose admission would adversely affect the security of this country. Under the Canadian program, there were 28 Service lookouts posted and six aliens applying for admission were rejected at the border on the basis of information developed. Under the Mexican program, there were 199 investigations completed on applicants or potential applicants for admission. Service lookouts were posted against 131 of the aliens involved, 26 such aliens were rejected at the border, and 18 permanent exclusion orders were issued.

Listed below are examples of the types of cases handled under the Service Antisubversive Program:

George Salem Hagggar, native of Lebanon and a naturalized citizen of Canada, was admitted as an exchange visitor on August 28, 1968. Hagggar was appointed by Southern University in New Orleans, La., to serve as an Assistant Professor of Political Science for the academic year 1968-69. In April and May 1969, he was involved in several incidents at that University which resulted in disruption of normal Uni-

versity procedures, and he attempted to organize a student boycott at Southern University in May 1969. On May 7, 1969, he was suspended from his position at Southern University. Deportation proceedings were instituted on June 16, 1969, and on June 24, 1969, an order of deportation was entered by a special inquiry officer. Shortly thereafter, Hagggar left for Canada and thereby executed the deportation order from which he had taken no appeal.

Phillip E. Sandford, native and citizen of Australia, was admitted as an exchange visitor on September 19, 1967, and was granted an extension of stay to September 15, 1969, to attend Florida State University. While in attendance there, he became a member of the Students for a Democratic Society. He failed to register for the school quarter beginning in early April 1969. Deportation proceedings were instituted on May 8, 1969, on the ground that he had failed to maintain his status as an exchange visitor. An order of deportation was entered on May 27, 1969. On June 4, 1969, Sandford was convicted of interfering with a police officer in the performance of his duty and was sentenced to imprisonment for 1 year. On the same date, he was also sentenced for disorderly conduct, receiving a sentence to imprisonment for 6 months and a fine of \$500. The court reduced the sentences to imprisonment to time served, and his deportation from the United States was effected on June 13, 1969.

Foreign Born of the Criminal Classes. Investigations involving 11,374 aliens of the criminal, immoral, and narcotic classes were completed during the year as the result of Service efforts in this field. Applications for orders to show cause in deportation proceedings were made in 1,403 of the cases investigated and 441 aliens of the criminal, immoral, or narcotic classes were deported from the United States during the year.

Frank Raymond Bezoet De Bie entered the United States for permanent residence in April 1960, from Indonesia. He was convicted on March 14, 1968, in Dauphin County, Pa., of unlawful possession of narcotics; on March 22, 1968, in Middlesex County, Mass., of breaking and entering with intent to commit larceny; and on October 22, 1968, in Boston, Mass., of larceny. He was deported to Amsterdam, Netherlands, on April 14, 1969.

Lydia Bascialdo, a native of Argentina, entered the United States as a visitor in June 1968. Shortly after entry, she was convicted of conspiracy to smuggle heroin into the United States. She was given a suspended sentence of 2 years on September 18, 1968. An order to show cause and a warrant of arrest were issued by the Service on the same date. After hearing, she was ordered deported, and was deported on September 21, 1968.

Patrick Joseph Mulkerrins, born in Ireland, was admitted to the United States as a permanent resident in 1958. In 1963, he was convicted in Suffolk County,

Mass., of manslaughter and sentenced to imprisonment not to exceed 20 years. He was paroled to the custody of this Service for the purpose of affecting his deportation. After hearing he was ordered deported. Deportation to Ireland was affected on April 19, 1969.

The programs of the Service established to control criminal aliens considered likely to cross the international borders into the United States in pursuit of their criminal endeavors or to enter the United States illegally so as to avoid apprehension were again emphasized. Close and frequent liaison between the Service and law enforcement agencies of adjacent countries was continued and enlarged.

Border criminal identification activity during the year resulted in the posting of 2,626 lookouts designed to prevent entry into the United States of aliens of the criminal, immoral, and narcotic classes. The posting of these lookouts resulted in the rejection or exclusion of 894 aliens of these classes.

Among the undesirable aliens from adjacent countries, coming under Service action was Maurice De Meulle, a native of Canada, arrested by Clark County, Nev., authorities in connection with the cashing of stolen American Express Traveler's Checks and the passing of counterfeit Canadian currency. Investigation by local authorities indicated that there may be several million dollars in counterfeit currency involved. It was alleged that the traveler's checks were obtained in a bank robbery in MacMasterville, Quebec. De Meulle, who has a criminal record in Canada, claimed entry near Plattsburgh, N.Y., on November 11, 1968. He was deported to Montreal on January 14, 1969, where he was taken into custody by the Montreal Police Department and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

The Service's problems involving professional, well-trained, organized, and well-financed shoplifters and pickpockets are continuing. The majority of these persons come to the United States from Central and South America. They are usually encountered in large metropolitan areas and frequent events which draw crowds of people. During the year a comparatively large number of such criminal aliens were deported from the United States.

Frauds. Investigations of 11,419 possible immigration frauds were completed during this year, an increase of 49 percent over the previous year. Major emphasis continued to be placed on investigations of aliens and other persons engaged in criminal conspiracies to circumvent the immigration laws.

Investigations of the new types of frauds, which developed subsequent to the 1965 amendment to the immigration law requiring Department of Labor certification of immigrants, are largely responsible for the record number of fraud investigations completed this year. Various schemes evolved in efforts made to acquire immediate relative status and thereby evade

the labor certification requirements, e.g., "sham" marriages to U.S. citizens or resident aliens, use of counterfeit marriage and birth records, and false birth registrations in the United States of foreign-born children whose parents are visa applicants.

Investigation of the false birth registrations has thus far identified 20 Texas midwives who falsely registered births in the United States of over a thousand children who were actually born in Mexico. The parents of these children were all applicants, or intended applicants, for immigrant visas. The local authorities are being requested to note or purge the false registration records to preclude their illegal use in the future.

Other schemes involved actual connivance to obtain labor certifications by fraudulent applications and supporting documentation. A vigorous prosecution program has been continued against third parties engaged in these fraudulent practices in evading or obtaining labor certifications.

The investigations disclosed a continuation of previously known schemes involving the use of counterfeit, altered, or fraudulent passports and immigration documents and "sham" marriages to U.S. citizens to evade former quota restrictions.

Examples of the success of these highly complex investigations follow:

Salvatore Vavolizza, President of the Vavolizza Travel Service, Inc., Bronx, N.Y., and one codefendant pleaded guilty on October 14, 1968, to two counts of a 73-count indictment in the Federal District Court, Eastern District of New York. The indictment charged that they had executed supporting documents for first preference visas containing false statements as to the nature of the business, urgent need for the services of the aliens, the duties required to be performed, illegal notarizations, etc. On February 7, 1969, Vavolizza was fined \$7,500, and he and his codefendant were placed on probation for 1 year.

On February 14, 1968, a Federal grand jury returned a 60-count indictment against a New York attorney, Hyman Abrams, charging him with causing false statements to be made to the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Labor, and the Department of State to help aliens from the West Indies extend their temporary visitor's permits or to obtain permanent residence status. (On July 8, 1969, after trial, Abrams was found guilty on five counts and, on August 13, 1969, was sentenced to serve 1 year. He is at liberty under \$5,000 bond pending appeal.)

Enrique Armando Garcia-Valera, a citizen of the Dominican Republic and operator of the Garcia Agency, a public relations and insurance business located in New York City, was indicted on July 14, 1967, by a Federal grand jury on 28 counts. He was charged with conspiring to defraud this Service and the Department of Labor by filing fraudulent applica-

tions for labor certifications on behalf of visa applicants. Garcia-Valera was found guilty on February 20, 1969, on six counts of the indictment and, on May 19, 1969, was placed on probation for 3 years. The sentence included the additional restriction that he not engage in any deals with or on behalf of any alien, with this Service, the New York State Department of Labor, the U.S. Department of Labor, or an American consulate in connection with visas, and that he turn over all such pending matters to someone else.

On May 16 and 22, 1969, a Modesto, Calif., hotel owner Ghulam Khan, a native of Pakistan and permanent resident of the United States, and four co-defendants entered pleas of guilty to violation of 18 U.S.C. 1001 in the U.S. District Court, Sacramento, Calif. They had been charged with participating in a bogus marriage operation which, for fees of \$500 to \$1,000, hired American "brides" for Pakistani aliens to enable the aliens to obtain immediate relative status and thus adjust their status from temporary visitors to permanent residents. On June 5, 1969, Ghulam Khan was sentenced to 5 months' confinement, fined \$3,000, and placed on probation for 5 years. The four co-defendants were given similar sentences.

On June 2, 1969, Mohammad Amin, a native of Pakistan and permanent resident of the United States, and a codefendant were also sentenced in the same court for their actions in a similar marriage fraud.

Illustrative of the many midwife investigations being conducted by the Service is the case of Guadalupe San Miguel, who pleaded guilty on October 11, 1968, in the U.S. District Court, Del Rio, to four counts under 18 U.S.C. 1425(b) (procurement of citizenship unlawfully). The investigation had disclosed that for a fee she falsely registered the births of approximately 100 children, who were actually born in Mexico, as having been born at Eagle Pass, Tex., during the last 4 years. On November 26, 1968, she was fined \$500 and placed on probation for 5 years.

Since 1958, the Fraudulent Document Center has been operated as a repository for documents used by Mexican aliens to support false claims to U.S. citizenship. Records at the Center consist of birth certificates, baptismal certificates, and other documents relating to citizenship. Since the inception of the facility, a total of 21,326 cases has been received and indexed. Inquiries for record checks increased 34 percent, from 2,805 in 1968 to 3,759 this year, which includes inquiries concerning suspect applicants for U.S. passports received from American consuls in Mexico. Positive responses to inquiries rose 23 percent, from 588 to 721. Affirmative or positive response was furnished in nearly one of every five inquiries in 1969.

A check with the Fraudulent Document Center was sufficient for Port Huron officers to establish a false claim to citizenship by an alien who had previously

evaded apprehension. The records at the Center revealed that birth certificates identical to the one presented had been used three times previously to support false claims to citizenship. The alien claimed he found the birth certificate in Mexico.

For the 8th consecutive year, there was an increase in the number of false claims to citizenship encountered by the Border Patrol. The 2,862 cases developed were 40 percent above the 2,050 cases accounted for last year. The false claims were made by 2,839 Mexicans and 24 aliens of other nationalities. The Border Patrol also reported 1,987 cases wherein Service forms I-151 and I-186 and other documents were used by aliens to support fraudulent claims to legal status in the United States. The number of these frauds was 55 percent greater than those reported in the previous year.

The following cases illustrate the variety of frauds attempted to obtain the benefits of citizenship or legal status in the United States:

In June, officers of the Jacksonville Station engaged in checking bus passengers apprehended six Dominican nationals, five males and one female, when it was determined the aliens had presented fraudulent visas in connection with their admission as visitors. They had been admitted to the United States at Miami after having presented passports which contained counterfeit, machine-stamped visas of excellent quality. The subjects stated that Andre Guzman, a Dominican who reportedly accompanied the aliens to Miami, introduced them to an American named Harrington or Harrelton in Santo Domingo, D.R. This American took their passports and later returned them with the counterfeit visas imprinted therein. Each of the men paid \$200 and the female paid \$400 in Dominican currency for the documents. Prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1546 was authorized. (All six aliens were found guilty on the one-count indictment. On October 16, 1969, they were sentenced to 2 years, suspended. After immigration hearings, they were ordered deported, and their deportations were effected on October 18, 1969.)

CRIMINAL PROSECUTION

Of the 8,711 cases presented to U.S. attorneys for violations of the immigration and nationality laws, 5,096 prosecutions were authorized. Convictions numbered 4,623 (91 percent of the 5,079 cases disposed of) resulting in actual, suspended, and probationary sentences totaling over 3,970 years and fines of \$172,105.

There were 1,413 aliens convicted of reentry after deportation without permission (8 U.S.C. 1326); 863 persons convicted for document frauds (18 U.S.C. 1546); 498 persons convicted for nationality violations, and all but one were for false representation as a U.S. citizen (18 U.S.C. 911).

Detention and Deportation Activities

The number of aliens deported in fiscal year 1969 under orders of deportation was 10,505. This is 1,375 more than the 9,130 deported in fiscal year 1968. Of the aliens deported, 92 percent or 9,673 had entered without inspection or without proper documents or failed to maintain nonimmigrant status, 441 were deported on criminal, immoral, or narcotic charges, and 391 on other charges. There were 6,859 deportations to Mexico, 795 to Canada, 490 to Greece, 206 to Hong Kong, 180 to Jamaica, 143 to Guatemala, and 124 to Colombia.

Among the 272 criminals deported was Alvin Karpis who was sentenced to a life term for conspiracy in the 1933 kidnapping of William Hamm, Jr., a wealthy St. Paul, Minn., businessman who was released unharmed after payment of \$100,000 ransom. Karpis was born Alvin Karpavicz in Montreal, Canada, in 1908 and was brought to this country by his parents in 1915. He was deported to Canada in January 1969.

Michael Bourne Rutt, a native of England, fled England in June 1963, to avoid arrest by the London police for theft and swindling. He gained entry into the United States by deserting the vessel on which he served as a crewman. He was arrested in March of 1967 for his involvement in the theft of about \$250,000 worth of paintings from the home of Hans Hoffman, a well known artist. He was convicted of receiving stolen goods and was sentenced to confinement in the Massachusetts Correctional Institution for 2½ to 4 years. In February 1969, he was deported to England where the London police were awaiting his return.

Peter Richard Karl Schiffman, a member of the criminal class, was deported to Germany on November 29, 1968, for the third time in 1½ years following completion of a sentence for illegal entry after deportation. Mr. Schiffman is well known throughout Europe and the Western Hemisphere for defrauding airlines and hotels. He was taken into custody by German police authorities upon his arrival there as a deportee.

Jose Alfonso Alvarez-Henao, a native of Colombia, was among the 155 aliens deported on narcotic charges. He was identified as one of the many professional couriers active in narcotic circles. When arrested during inspection at Miami International Airport, he had 790 grams of marijuana in his possession. He was convicted in Federal court of smuggling and was deported to Colombia on August 3, 1968.

The number of aliens required to depart without the issuance of formal orders of deportation increased from 179,952 in the last fiscal year to 240,958 in 1969. Among these aliens were 27,072 crewmen technical violators, who had remained longer than the time

for which admitted and 161,283 who entered without inspection. These two groups departed under safeguards.

There were 52,603 who departed after the issuance of documents requiring departure. Included in this number were 38,211 nonimmigrants who failed to maintain the status under which admitted and 11,522 aliens who entered without inspection. The principal nationalities of these aliens were 21,767 Mexican, 3,077 Canadian, 1,904 Jamaican, 1,838 Philippine, 1,773 British, and 1,650 Dominican.

At their own request, 71 aliens who had fallen into distress were removed from the United States under Section 250 of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

Twenty-eight mentally incompetent aliens were deported or removed. Up to the time of deportation, approximately \$207,000 had been expended for their care in the United States. If they had continued to remain institutionalized at public expense, over \$4.6 million would have been disbursed for their maintenance and treatments during their expected lifetimes.

There were 59,771 aliens initially admitted to Service detention facilities and 89,477 to non-Service facilities, increases of 11 percent and 21 percent, respectively, over last year.

Hearings and Litigation

EXCLUSION AND DEPORTATION HEARINGS

Once again and continuing the previous trend, the volume of deportation and exclusion cases referred to special inquiry officers during 1969 showed a marked increase. Deportation hearings referred to special inquiry officers nationally increased to 25,479, representing an alltime high record for any single year—the New York District Office alone received 22 percent of the country's total. Exclusion hearings referred to special inquiry officers totaled 1,232 nationally, representing an increase over the total of 968 received in fiscal 1968.

While the number of applications for withholding of deportation on the basis of a claim of persecution decreased slightly during the year as compared with 1968, the list of countries concerning which such claims had been made in previous years was augmented by the addition of Uruguay, Sudan, Estonia, Malawi, and Portugal.

Fiscal year 1969 brought with it an enlargement in the jurisdiction, powers, and responsibilities of special inquiry officers resulting from amendment of administrative regulations. In connection with expulsion proceedings, district directors and other administrative officers have been, in the past, vested with exclusive

authority to determine whether an alien should be continued or detained in custody, whether he should be released, and whether an alien should be released under bond and the amount thereof. Appeals from such determinations were, under former regulations, taken directly to the Board of Immigration Appeals.

Under the new rules which became effective during fiscal year 1969, appeals from such determinations of district directors were eliminated. However, there was conferred upon special inquiry officers authority to consider a request by an alien for release from custody or release under bond, or for reduction in the amount thereof, notwithstanding a previous determination by a district director. The consideration of such a request by the special inquiry officer is separate and apart from the deportation hearing or proceeding and forms no part of such hearing or proceeding, or of the record thereof. The Government or the alien may take an appeal to the Board of Immigration Appeals from the determination of the special inquiry officer. This recent amendment to the regulations confers upon a quasi-judicial officer the authority to make an independent determination respecting the freedom from custody, detention, or bond of an alien involved in deportation proceedings. Here again, the trend in the implementation of the immigration laws is in the direction of adding safeguards which will advance the fair and efficient administration of the law.

LITIGATION

The General Counsel is the chief law officer of the Service and functions primarily as adviser to the Commissioner and other officers on legal matters in carrying out Service enforcement and administrative tasks under the immigration and nationality laws. He provides executive and professional direction to four regional counsels, who maintain professional supervision over trial attorneys whose primary responsibility is to represent the Service in formal exclusion, expulsion, and rescission hearings before special inquiry officers. Regional counsels and trial attorneys, when requested, assist U.S. attorneys in civil and criminal actions arising under the immigration and nationality laws. Through two appellate trial attorneys, the General Counsel also represents the Service before the Board of Immigration Appeals in all appellate matters.

Reflecting the increase in special inquiry officer hearings, trial attorney work in fiscal year 1969 substantially exceeded the previous year's record figures. Trial attorneys reviewed 15,079 applications for orders to show cause in deportation proceedings. They participated in 9,102 deportation hearings and in 981 exclusion hearings. Trial attorney appearances in administrative hearings of all kinds totaled 10,341, a rise of 20 percent over fiscal year 1968. Trial attorneys prepared 2,363 legal briefs and memoranda.

The Board of Immigration Appeals has jurisdiction of appeals in exclusion, expulsion, rescission of adjustment of status, and visa petition cases. During the year, the Board received 1,742 cases, all of which were reviewed by the appellate trial attorneys to determine whether argument by the Service before the Board was necessary to avoid conflict with Service policy or interpretation of the law. After the decisions were made by the Board, they were referred to the General Counsel for consideration as to whether a motion to reopen or for reconsideration should be submitted to the Board or whether recommendation should be made to the Commissioner that the case be certified to the Attorney General. The appellate trial attorneys argued 363 cases before the Board and submitted to the Board 32 briefs and 10 motions to reopen or reconsider. The year was marked by the briefing and arguing of a wide variety of cases involving alleged violations of the exclusion statute requiring labor certifications, Section 212(a)(14) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(14); thereby the Board was provided with the means of issuing a definitive series of precedent decisions.

Court litigation challenging administrative decisions in immigration and nationality matters reflected a decrease from the previous fiscal year of 27 percent in new suits instituted. However, completions of court actions did not keep pace with receipts, and there were left pending at the end of fiscal year 1969, 20 percent more cases than had been pending at the beginning. This was attributable principally to overall heavy case-loads in the courts and in the offices of the U.S. attorneys. A total of 376 court actions were filed. In the district courts, there were filed 34 petitions for writs of habeas corpus and 71 declaratory judgment actions. All decisions in habeas corpus proceedings were favorable to the Service, as were the decisions in all but one of the declaratory judgment suits. In the courts of appeals, 224 direct petitions for review of deportation cases were filed under Section 106 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1105a. Of the decisions of the courts of appeals during the year on petitions for review, 164 were favorable to the Service and five were adverse. The Supreme Court denied 16 petitions for certiorari in civil immigration and nationality cases, denied three petitions for rehearing, agreed to hear and decided one case, and in one other case summarily affirmed the lower court's judgment on a constitutional issue.

The one case argued before and decided by the Supreme Court during the year resolved a conflict between two courts of appeals and was important to the efficiency of Service operations. *INS v. Stanisic*, 395 U.S. 62, concerned an alien seaman whose conditional entry had been revoked and who had been ordered detained and deported aboard his vessel pursuant to Section 252(b) of the Immigration and Na-

tionality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1282(b), and who had also been refused asylum in the United States on his claim that he would be persecuted in his country. The alien had contrived through litigation and private bills in Congress to prolong his stay in the United States until long after his ship had departed. The Supreme Court ruled that it was lawful for the Service to provide for adjudication of the seaman's persecution claim by a district director under the parole statute, Section 212 (d) (5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1182(d) (5), rather than by a special inquiry officer in expulsion proceedings under Section 242(b) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1252(b). The Court also ruled that a deportation order under Section 252(b) of the Act, the crewman statute, made while the alien's ship was in the United States remained enforceable after the ship departed, and that it was not necessary, as had been declared below by the Court of Appeals, Ninth Circuit (393 F. 2d 539), to start over again under Section 242(b) of the Act, the general deportation hearing statute. In *Dymytryshyn v. Esperdy*, 393 U.S. 77, the Supreme Court affirmed without opinion a decision by a three-judge constitutional court in the Southern District of New York (285 F. Supp. 507) that Section 242(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1252(d), authorizing supervision orders for aliens who have been in the United States more than 6 months under orders of deportation, is not an unconstitutional bill of attainder when applied to aliens whose deportability rests on membership in the Communist Party.

The Government was upheld in all of the 16 civil cases in which the Supreme Court denied certiorari, thereby declining to review the decisions of the lower courts. The denial of certiorari in *de la Cruz-Martinez v. INS*, 404 F. 2d 1198, cert. den. 394 U.S. 955, left undisturbed the ruling of the Ninth Circuit that an alien was deportable under Section 241(a) (11) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1251(a) (11), for a narcotics conviction even though after his commitment to the California Youth Authority his conviction was set aside pursuant to California law when he earned an honorable discharge from the Youth Authority. The denial of certiorari in *Kwai Chiu Yuen v. INS*, 406 F. 2d 499, 773, 774, cert. den. 395 U.S. 908, left undisturbed the ruling by the Ninth Circuit that it was not an unconstitutional abridgment of the power of executive clemency for Congress to provide in Section 241(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1251(b), that a full and unconditional pardon by the governor of a State for a narcotics law conviction would be ineffective to prevent deportation on the basis of that conviction. The denial of certiorari in *Tormey v. INS*, 393 U.S. 854, left undisturbed the ruling of the Second Circuit that a petition for judicial review under Section 106(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C.

1105(a), of a motion addressed to the administrative authority years after the deportation order cannot be used as the means of belatedly seeking review of the original order. (Cf. *Velasquez-Espinosa v. INS*, 404 F. 2d 544, C.A. 9, 1968, to the same effect.) The denial of certiorari in *Yuen Kam Chuen v. Esperdy*, 279 F. Supp. 151 (S.D.N.Y.), aff'd. 393 F. 2d 938 (2nd Cir.) cert. den. 393 U.S. 858, rehearing den. 393 U.S. 956, left undisturbed the district court's ruling that the restricted choice stated in Section 254(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1284(c) does not prohibit the deportation by airplane of a paroled seaman who arrived by ship. The denial of certiorari in *Cheng Ho Mui v. Rinaldi*, 408 F. 2d 28, cert. den. 395 U.S. 963, left undisturbed the ruling by the Third Circuit, agreeing essentially with the Second Circuit's 1966 ruling in *Tai Mui v. Esperdy*, 371 F. 2d 772, cert. den. 386 U.S. 1017, and rejecting an attack on Service regulations for failure to designate either the United States or a Far Eastern country as a place where an alien crewman may apply for conditional entry into the United States as a refugee under Section 203(a) (7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1153(a) (7).

During the year, there were a number of important final decisions by courts of appeals. In *de Vargas v. INS*, 409 F. 2d 335 and in *Velasquez-Espinosa v. INS*, 404 F. 2d 544, decided respectively by the Fifth and Ninth Circuits, it was held that an alien who obtains an immigrant visa by fraudulently concealing that he belongs to a qualitative excludable class (previous deportee and draft dodger) is not protected from deportation by Section 241(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1251(f), because he was not "otherwise admissible". In *Bilbao-Bastida v. INS*, 409 F. 2d 820, the Ninth Circuit ruled that the Service could lawfully restrict the use of alien registration receipt cards so that if a resident alien traveled to Cuba, a prohibited area, his card would lose its validity as a travel document, and he would need an immigrant visa in order to reenter the United States. In *Dong Yup Lee v. INS*, 407 F. 2d 1110, the Ninth Circuit rejected an alien's contention that after he had been found entitled to a temporary visa for employment as a musician "of distinguished merit and ability" under Section 101(a) (15) (H) (i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a) (15) (H) (i), he was automatically qualified for a preference visa for permanent residence as a person "of exceptional ability in the . . . arts" as defined by Section 203(a) (3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1153 (a) (3). The court upheld the administrative ruling that the latter requirement is more stringent. In *Kovac v. INS*, 407 F. 2d 102, the Ninth Circuit ruled that an erroneous legal standard had been used in the administrative denial of an application under Section 243(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C.

1253(h) for withholding of deportation to the alien's country on the ground of persecution. The court held that the 1965 amendment of section 243(h) was intended to lighten the burden on an alien, shifting the emphasis from the consequences of oppressive governmental conduct to its motivation. A deliberate imposition of substantial economic disadvantage could constitute persecution without amounting to deprivation of all means of gaining a livelihood. The Second Circuit ruled in *Wong Kam Cheung v. INS*, 408 F. 2d 35, that under Section 243(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1253(a), an alien is entitled to make only one designation of a country of deportation and has no absolute right to withdraw the designation. In another case involving section 243(a), *Ngai Chi Lam v. Esperdy*, 411 F. 2d 310, the Second Circuit held that when an alien designates a country of deportation frivolously, admitting that he does not want to go there and that his motive is delay, the special inquiry officer may decline to accept the designation.

Alien Address Reports

A total of 4,002,668 aliens reported their addresses during January 1969 in accordance with the requirements of the Immigration and Nationality Act (66 Stat. 163). With the exception of the initial registration of aliens in 1940, this is a record number and represents a slight increase of 126,364 over the number of reports received in 1968 (3,876,304). In January 1969, 3,506,359 (87.6 percent) of all aliens reporting were listed as permanent residents and 496,309 as visitors, students, and others in the United States temporarily.

Over three-fourths of the total reported alien population reside in the following nine States: California, 944,149 (23.6 percent); New York, 740,369 (18.5 percent); Florida, 267,360 (6.7 percent); Texas, 249,735 (6.2 percent); Illinois, 239,705 (6.0 percent); New Jersey, 219,406 (5.5 percent); Massachusetts, 160,048 (4.0 percent); Michigan, 149,099 (3.7 percent); and Pennsylvania, 107,303 (2.7 percent).

Mexicans again made up the largest nationality group with a total of 720,820 reporting. Of this total, 97 percent (701,979) were permanent resident aliens. Nearly 81 percent of the permanent resident Mexican aliens reside in California and Texas. Aliens of these nationalities followed Mexico in terms of volume: Canada, 409,494 (382,116 or 93 percent were permanent residents); Cuba, 395,008 (265,366 or 67 percent permanent residents); the United Kingdom, 321,705 (239,349 or 74 percent permanent residents); Italy, 241,230 (230,094 or 95 percent permanent residents); and Germany, 229,565 (217,489 or 95 percent permanent residents).

One of the sharpest proportional increases of permanent resident aliens is found among Cuban nationals. This is primarily the result of Public Law 89-732 which permits Cubans to adjust their refugee status to that of permanent resident aliens. For example, in 1968 a total of 358,601 Cubans reported their addresses, of which 207,561 (58 percent) were permanent residents; in 1969, 395,008 reported and 265,366 (67 percent) were permanent residents, an increase of 28 percent. The increase of Cuban permanent resident aliens since 1967 is even more striking: out of 317,144 reports received in 1967 only 147,805 (47 percent) were permanent residents. Thus, from 1967 to 1969 there has been an increase of 80 percent (117,561) in the number of permanent resident Cuban aliens. The number of Cubans in the United States in temporary status has declined accordingly from 169,339 in 1967, to 151,040 in 1968, to 129,642 in 1969.

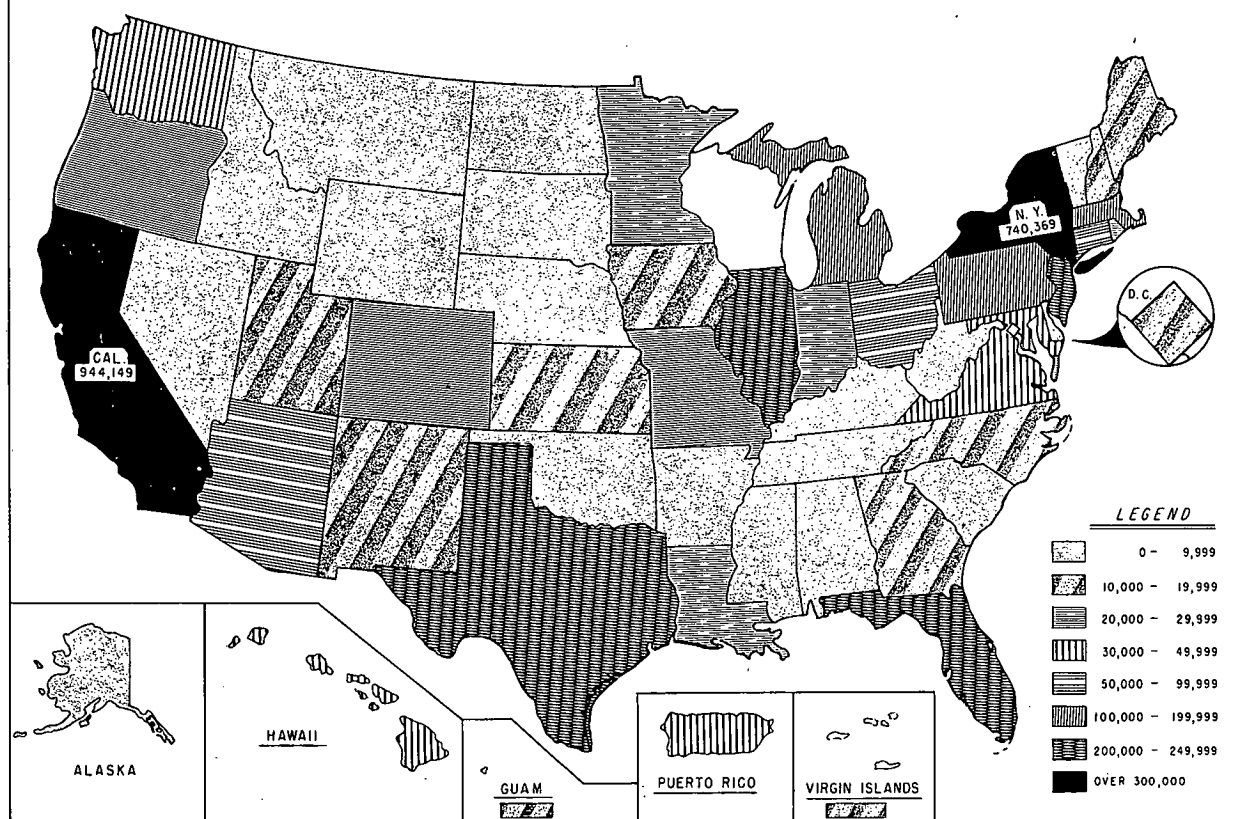
Citizenship

It is in the public interest for every qualified alien to have the earliest possible opportunity to become a citizen if such be his desire. Aliens sometimes fail to apply for naturalization, because they do not realize that they have achieved eligibility under the statute. Others sometimes procrastinate because their misunderstanding of the naturalization process leads them to believe that they are incapable of qualifying for one reason or another. Accordingly, the Service provides information clarifying these matters.

A Service booklet and other material describing and explaining the naturalization requirements and procedures in the simplest of terms were made readily available to all interested parties. During the fiscal year, the informative booklet was not only revised to include a reference to the new special benefits conferred upon Vietnam servicemen and veterans, but for the first time a Spanish language edition was printed to meet the needs of the many Spanish-speaking aliens residing in the southwestern part of the Nation. Constructive guidance and assistance also were offered by specially trained personnel at the field offices and by naturalization examiners during their periodic visits to the naturalization courts, to the public school citizenship classes, and to many of the military installations in the United States. The clerks of the naturalization courts continued to lend their valuable assistance as a source of information, and the information media constituted another means of reaching potential candidates for naturalization. Service motion picture films, such as the one entitled "Are You a Citizen," also were used to acquaint aliens with the mechanics of the naturalization process and especially to eliminate

ALIEN ADDRESS REPORTS - BY STATES

1969



the often erroneous impression that the cherished goal of citizenship is beyond their capacity. Service films are available for loan to recognized organizations engaged in promoting good citizenship and encouraging aliens to apply for naturalization.

During the fiscal year, the Service also continued to implement its policy of notifying newly naturalized citizens of their statutory right to petition for the naturalization of their alien children. Under the statute, such naturalizations have to be completed before the child is 18 years of age. Before this notification program was put into practice, a great majority of naturalized persons through ignorance either failed to apply in behalf of their children or waited until the children were too old to qualify under the law.

NATURALIZATION ACTIVITIES

Citizenship Instruction and Training. Although the Congress has authorized the naturalization of certain elderly, long-time alien residents of the United States despite their inability to speak, understand, read, and write words in ordinary English usage, the

overwhelming majority of naturalization petitioners are obliged to meet these English language requirements. Moreover, closely related to the fulfillment of citizenship responsibility is the further statutory prerequisite (from which there is no exception); namely, a fair knowledge of the history, Government, and Constitution of the United States. For more than 50 years, the law has authorized Federal agency activity to promote the instruction and training of naturalization applicants in these matters.

The Service effort to assist prospective citizens in their preparation to meet the educational requirements for naturalization begins with their entry into the United States. The names and addresses of 164,271 immigrants who arrived during the fiscal year were forwarded to public schools located in the places of intended residence in order that invitations to enroll in citizenship classes might be extended to the newcomers. For the same use, similar information was supplied for 25,197 naturalization candidates, either upon receipt of their applications or the continuance of their petitions for failure to satisfy the educational prerequisites.



Young and old become citizens. At a naturalization ceremony in Milwaukee, the youngest of 72 new citizens was 5 years old; the boy was adopted in Germany. The oldest of the group to share the honors was an 88-year-old native of China.
—Milwaukee Sentinel Photo.

Of the candidates for naturalization, 115,450 were in attendance at 5,590 public school citizenship classes during the fiscal year; and 2,759 other aliens who could not attend school received their instruction through enrollment in the Service home study courses administered by the educational authorities or institutions in 42 States. Late in the fiscal year, the Bureau of Special Continuing Education, State Educational Department, Albany, N.Y., completed plans to administer home study citizenship courses for the residents of New York State who, theretofore, had been without such services.

The Service-published textbooks of the "Becoming a Citizen Series" and a major part of the modern "Federal Textbook on Citizenship" were once again extensively used as text and study material by naturalization candidates attending the public school citizenship classes. During the year, a total of 79,518 units of the textbook were furnished for such use without cost as authorized by statute. Additionally, 39,834 other units of the textbook, especially adapted for home study preparation, were furnished for the use of those aliens who enrolled in the correspondence courses.

Also contributing to the furtherance of citizenship education were historical films such as "The American Flag," "Early Settlers of New England," "The Declaration of Independence by the Colonies," and "The Bill of Rights of the United States," which were made available by the Service to civic, patriotic, and other

recognized organizations dedicated to the education and assimilation of the foreign born. As the year closed, the Service completed arrangements for the purchase of six additional films, all in color, entitled, respectively, "The Constitution—Guardian of Liberty," "Our Immigrant Heritage," "The Plymouth Colony: The First Year," "How We Elect Our Representatives," "Are You a Good Citizen," and "The Jamestown Colony." The Service is confident that these new additions to its motion picture portfolio will make a material contribution to the realization of the educational objectives.

Citizenship Day, celebrated every year in all parts of the United States, and Law Day and Loyalty Day, recognized in some States, were occasions for extensive Service activity designed to stress citizenship responsibility and stimulate the practice of good citizenship by all citizens—natural born and naturalized alike. Service officers, in cooperation with many patriotic and public-spirited citizens and organizations, planned and participated in many impressive ceremonies and observances on such occasions to further these objectives.

No exercises conducted on these commemorative occasions were more inspirational or moving than the naturalization proceedings in which American servicemen—many on brief leave from Vietnam duties—received their citizenship. Representative of such proceedings was the Law Day ceremony conducted in the U.S. District Court at Agana, Guam, when 108 persons were naturalized. Among the new citizens were 23 members of the Armed Forces of the United States. Under special arrangements with the military authorities, the applications of these petitioners were received and processed by Service officers before the men arrived on Guam by air, with interviews and examinations accomplished quickly after arrival. Following



Army sergeant is granted U.S. citizenship while on leave from his duty station in West Germany. The judge who presided at the hearing is seen here with the sergeant and his wife and daughter.

the impressive hearing, the military men were flown back to their post of duty, some returning to combat stations in Vietnam.

Outstanding, impressive, Law Day observances were also conducted in conjunction with naturalization proceedings in the U.S. District Court at Honolulu. On this occasion, 61 U.S. servicemen and 133 civilians were admitted to citizenship at a special outdoor ceremony held on the parade grounds of Fort DeRussy.

Persons Naturalized. While more applications for naturalization were received in 1969 than in 1968, there was a slight decrease in the number of persons admitted to citizenship during 1969. Primarily, this was caused by unavoidable clerical shortages. Generally speaking, however, by putting emergency innovations into operation, the Service was able to maintain a satisfactory currency in the disposition of the caseload. A further increase in the basic naturalization volume in the years immediately ahead may be expected, not only because of increased immigration in recent years, but also because almost 90,000 Cuban refugees will become eligible to apply during the period.

During the year, Service officers appeared at final naturalization hearings in 580 Federal and State courts and, based upon their examinations and representations, a total of 98,709 aliens were admitted to U.S. citizenship at these proceedings. Before being granted naturalization, each alien was required to take a solemn oath of allegiance to the United States, whereby he or she renounced all foreign allegiance and promised to support and defend the Constitution and laws of this country against all enemies, foreign and domestic.

As in years gone by, the greatest number (73,489) of the new citizens achieved naturalization under the general provisions of the statute, which require continuous permanent residence in the United States for 5 years. Based upon their status as the spouses of U.S. citizens requiring 3 years' residence, 14,346 were granted citizenship. The group also included 5,271 natural or adopted children of U.S. citizens, beneficiaries of petitions filed by their parents; 5,458 servicemen or veterans who were able to establish eligibility irrespective of residence, based upon a period of honorable military service; and 145 others. During the year, nine widows of citizen servicemen killed in Vietnam, ineligible for naturalization under normal provisions of the law, received immediate citizenship under the remedial legislation enacted in the last session of Congress.

A majority of the newly naturalized persons were formerly nationals of a relatively few countries, i.e., Germany (10,618), Cuba (9,654), Italy (8,773), the United Kingdom (7,979), Canada (6,387), and Mexico (5,111). The remainder was comprised of citizens or subjects of 109 other foreign states situated on all parts of the globe. Among the new citizens were



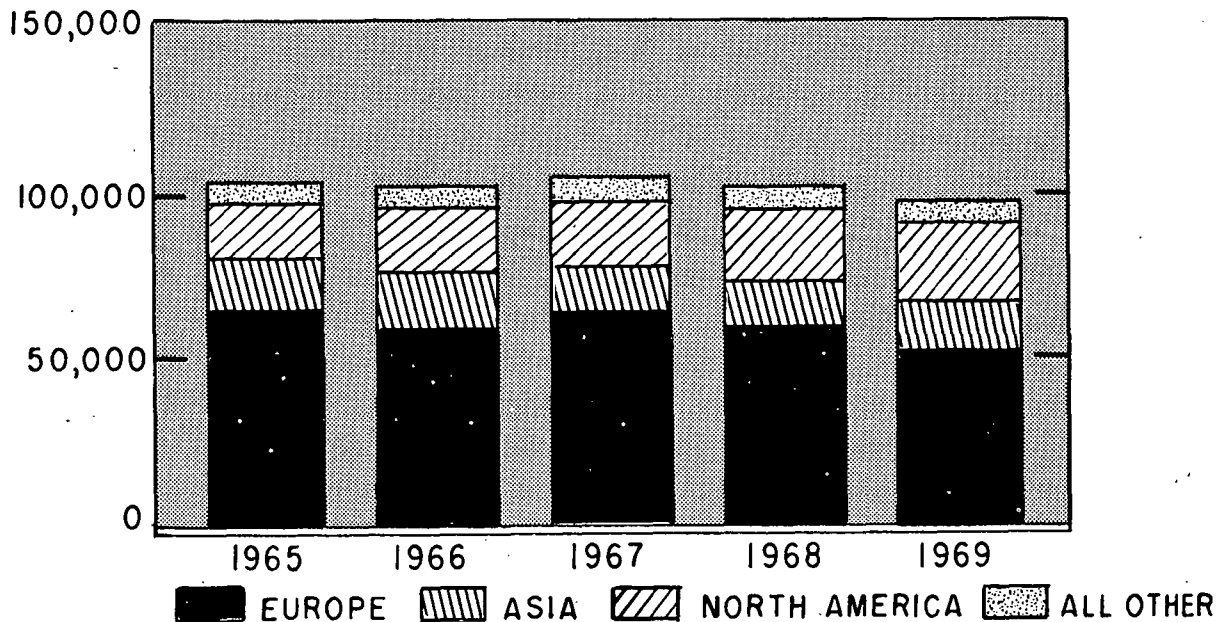
Mrs. Margarete Hallett, whose citizen husband died in Vietnam, was one of the first widows to benefit from special legislation which provided for expeditious naturalization.

11,420 persons in the professions; 8,765 skilled technicians and craftsmen; 4,087 managers, foremen, and merchants; 21,351 clerical, sales, and service workers; 11,222 operatives; 876 private household workers; and 3,276 farmers, farm laborers, and laborers.

The fiscal year witnessed many interesting events in the naturalization area. Among them were the appearance of President Nixon, then the Republican Presidential candidate, as a witness to petitions for naturalization filed by two of his employees, and the use of the White House as a setting for a final naturalization ceremony in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia. A deaf-mute who was able to undergo examination and take the requisite oath of allegiance through a sign language interpreter achieved naturalization during the period, as did several persons whose inability to appear at courthouses on account of severe illnesses prompted the courts to authorize their naturalization at the places where they were bedridden.

A number of the military naturalizations during the past year involved an application of the relatively recent enactment which amended the statute to authorize expeditious naturalization based upon honorable active service during the period of the South Vietnam hostilities. The Service collaborated with the

PERSONS NATURALIZED 1965-1969



Department of Defense in the preparation of a detailed set of instructions relative to the new legislation and naturalization procedure. This Department of Defense directive should assure that each alien serviceman will have the information he needs to obtain citizenship on the earliest date possible under the circumstances in his particular case.

Denials of Naturalization. The number of petitions for naturalization denied totaled 2,043, a small increase over the figure of a year ago. Of those denied, 981 petitions were voluntarily withdrawn when it became clear to the petitioner that the statutory requirements for naturalization could not be met at the time, and that it would be a waste of time and money for him to appear at the final hearing in court in an effort to contest the matter. Similarly, another substantial group of 910 petitions was denied because the petitioners failed to prosecute their cases to completion. A high percentage of these denials and withdrawals related to the petitions of persons who were unable to meet the educational prerequisites and needed additional time to study. A deficiency in English literacy accounted for 306 denials compared with the 288 denied on that premise in 1968.

The petitions denied because the petitioner did not have a fair knowledge of the history, Government, and

Constitution of the United States totaled 212, 13 percent more than the number denied upon such basis a year ago. Some of the other reasons for denial were lack of good moral character, inability to take the oath of allegiance, petition not supported by required affidavits of witnesses, etc.

DERIVATIVE CITIZENSHIP

Almost since the beginning of the Nation, the law has provided for circumstances under which the foreign-born children of U.S. citizens acquire U.S. citizenship at birth. Under a succession of other statutes extending back through the years, children who did not become citizens at birth in a foreign country could derive U.S. citizenship after birth upon the naturalization of their parents.

At one time, alien women were able to obtain citizenship by marriage to a U.S. citizen or as a result of an alien husband's naturalization during the existence of the marital status. Citizens within these derivative classes frequently experienced difficulty in proving their citizenship, and to alleviate this situation, the issuance of certificates of citizenship was authorized by the Congress. The law provides that once the docu-

Petitions for Naturalization Denied on "Merits," on Grounds of "Petition Withdrawn" and on Grounds of "Petition not Prosecuted," by Reasons: Year Ended June 30, 1969

Reasons for denial, withdrawal, or lack of prosecution	Total	On merits	Withdrawn	Not prosecuted
Total	2,043	152	981	910
Petitioner failed to establish good moral character during the period required by law	571	13	449	109
Petitioner failed to establish attachment to the principles of the Constitution and favorable disposition to the United States during the period required by law	26	1	20	5
Petitioner cannot speak (read, write) the English language	306	66	99	141
Petitioner failed to establish lawful admission for permanent residence	23	2	17	4
Petition not supported by required affidavits of witnesses (depositions, oral testimony)	412	7	138	267
Petitioner failed to establish that he is not ineligible for naturalization under sec. 315 of the Immigration and Nationality Act	8	3	5	—
Petitioner lacks knowledge and understanding of the fundamentals of the history and the principles and form of Government of the United States	212	18	64	130
Petitioner is unable to take the oath of allegiance to the United States	30	3	15	12
Petitioner cannot meet requirements under special naturalization provisions	119	2	71	46
All other reasons	336	37	103	196

ment is issued by the Service, it must be accepted everywhere as proof of the holder's citizenship.

Of the 29,739 derivative certificates issued during 1969, 16,606 were furnished children who acquired citizenship at birth abroad, 12,822 were issued to children who derived citizenship through the naturalization of their parents, and 311 were made available to women who became citizens through marriage. This last group is a very substantial number when one realizes that citizenship has not been conferred in this manner since the relevant statute was repealed on September 22, 1922. Included in the total were 300 certificates issued to persons who became citizens through their parents at birth in the Panama Canal Zone or the Republic of Panama. Until the enactment of remedial legislation 3 years ago, the certificates of citizenship could not be delivered outside the United States.

OTHER CITIZENSHIP ACTIVITIES

Because of the major demands of the naturalization and citizenship status caseloads, the importance of other nationality applications which are processed and adjudicated by the Service is sometimes overlooked. By statute, certificates of naturalization and citizenship and declarations of intention, when lost, mutilated, or destroyed, can be replaced by the Service. A certificate can also be replaced with one issued in a new name, if it is established that the name appearing on

the original document has been legally changed. Special certificates of naturalization for use by naturalized citizens in obtaining recognition as such by foreign states may also be issued. Certifications from nationality records and documents for use in compliance with Federal and State statutes and in judicial proceedings, or where they are to be used for some other legitimate purpose, are likewise available. Pursuant to application, the Service may also issue an order preserving an alien's residence for naturalization purposes during a period of extended absence. By the end of the fiscal year, 10,603 such applications had been handled by the Service exceeding somewhat the total of each of the last 2 years.

For many years, statutes enacted by the Congress have provided that U.S. citizenship may be lost by the voluntary performances of specified acts. However, in recent years, decisions of the U.S. Supreme Court have invalidated a number of expatriatory grounds. As a result, the number of reported expatriations during the fiscal year declined to 450 compared with 3,374, 10 years ago. This total included four who lost their citizenship by obtaining naturalization in a foreign state, two by taking an oath of allegiance to a foreign state, and 444 by express renunciations. During the past year, 274 certificates of citizenship administratively issued were canceled for fraudulent procurement of such certificates.

The U.S. Supreme Court in its most recent decision relating to expatriations, namely, the decision in *Afroyim v. Rusk*, stated that a U.S. citizen has a constitutional right to remain a citizen unless he voluntarily relinquishes that citizenship. During the fiscal year, the Attorney General issued a Statement of Interpretation relative to the effect of this statement upon the validity of statutory grounds for expatriation which were not under consideration in *Afroyim v. Rusk*. Thereafter, representatives of the Service, the Department of Justice, and the Department of State met in consultations to formulate rules which would assure a uniform application of the Attorney General's Statement of Interpretation and a resultant uniformity in decisionmaking.

Beginning with the Act of June 29, 1906, the naturalization statutes have contained provisions authorizing the citizenship of naturalized citizens to be revoked in judicial proceedings where it appeared that their admission to citizenship was illegal or fraudulent in nature. The elimination of illegality and fraud from the naturalization process is largely dependent upon a skillful and thorough examination of the applicants by Service officers, to the end that perjury, concealment, and misrepresentation by the applicants will not be possible. Bearing witness to the ever-increasing effectiveness of the naturalization examiners along such lines is the fact that, during the past decade, the annual volume of revocations decreased from 154 cases

in fiscal year 1959 to only five cases in fiscal year 1968. Moreover, this trend not only continued throughout fiscal year 1969, but it achieved a climax in that no naturalizations were revoked during the yearly period.

Administrative Services

Administrative Services covers the many steps needed to service the needs of the operations' arm of the Service. Personnel assignments, employee relations, pay checks, procurement, building programs, and statistics are all details necessary to forward the active programs of the Service.

Personnel. Greater emphasis was placed on establishing a successful position classification program throughout the Service in fiscal year 1969. An extensive revision of the classification policy encourages the active participation of all supervisory employees in the classification process. Many of the Service's major occupational groupings including investigators, Border Patrol officers, and General Attorneys, have been given intensive study, sometimes in conjunction with the Department of Justice or the Civil Service Commission. Thus, communication lines have been increased between the Central Office and field offices, the Department, and the Commission, all of which has helped to promote the successful operation of the classification program.

Training continued to be stressed during 1969. At the Service Officer Development Center at Port Isabel, Tex., a total of 290 officers and other employees completed courses. Among these students were 128 patrol inspectors (trainee) and seven investigators (trainee) graduated from two Border Patrol Academy sessions. In addition, Service employees completed 2,882 lessons in the Service's Extension Training Program, while employees of other agencies completed 344 lessons. A total of 33,248 man-hours of off-the-job training in the Servicewide "INS Supervisory Development Conference Series" was reported. A new inservice program of instruction entitled "Training Program for Electronic Technicians" was planned and implemented by Service Engineers on June 18, 1969. A total of 242 interagency training programs was completed by Service personnel during the year, while the Service provided training for 372 employees of other agencies.

Service employees, as well as employees in Customs, Plant Quarantine, and Public Health participated in a 2-week program of instruction entitled "Accelerated Inspection System Interagency Training Program for Primary Inspection." The objective of this course is to train officers to carry out the multiple duties of the four agencies in a speedy, courteous, and efficient inspection of each person entering this country at an airport.

During the past year, negotiations between representatives of the Service and representatives of the National Border Patrol Council and the National Council of Immigration and Naturalization Service Employees resulted in two separate national collective bargaining agreements.

Incentive Awards. The year saw 496 employees receive lump sum monetary awards in recognition of superior performance or special acts. An additional 301 employees were accorded quality within-grade salary increases for superior work performance. A total of 369 employee suggestions were received of which 101 were adopted for use by the Service.

Finance. More than 275,000 checks were issued by the Treasury Department this year in payment of 73,425 vouchers certified by Finance personnel. Most of the checks covered employees' salaries, but payments were also made for travel and transportation expenses, refunds, reimbursements, imprest fund replenishments, taxes, claims, and all contractual obligations. In addition, the 56,000 cash payments made by the Service's 215 imprest fund cashiers resulted in a substantial savings to the Service.

The reinstitution of overtime inspection charges for small private aircraft and vessels created an additional workload in bills rendered to and collected from owners and a flood of inquiries requesting clarification of amounts charged and their legality.

Based on recommendations of the President's Commission on Budget Concepts, the Treasury Department required all agencies to submit on a test basis, beginning in July 1968, new reports of Selected Balances for Stating Budget Results on an Accrual Basis. As the Immigration and Naturalization Service's accounting system has been established under the accrual concept since 1967, only nominal modification was necessary. The Service was cited by the Treasury Department as one of the agencies to demonstrate the reporting capability from the essential standpoint of timeliness.

Statistics. A continuing effort by the Government to economize in the administration of public agencies has increased the need for proper management information tools to effectively allocate manpower and resources. For this reason, the Service work measurement system's importance to all levels of management has been emphasized. It continues to remain the sole source of statistical data that encompasses the entire scope of Service activities, providing information to the first line supervisor as well as top management.

During the year, a major change was made in obtaining statistical data relating to immigration, naturalization, passenger travel, and other areas of Service activity. For a number of reasons, the Service converted its data processing system to utilize the more widely used 80-column statistical punchcards in lieu of the outdated 90-column system. This change has enabled the Service to not only obtain newer equip-

ment for processing data, but also provide a data base for which additional technological improvements in data handling may be made in future years. It also provides data on punchcards which is compatible with the majority of large computer systems in other Government agencies, as well as private industry, thereby increasing the potential utility of the data collected throughout the Service.

Detailed statistics on immigration, naturalization, passenger travel, nonimmigrant visitors, and alien address reports were compiled. The interest of transportation lines, the U.S. Travel Service, and other Government agencies in alien and citizen travelers into and out of the United States is evident in the numerous requests for detailed information not contained in published reports. The admission of immigrants in the professional and highly technical positions continues. To meet this quest for information from many scholars and research agencies, the "Annual Indicator" relating to the flow of professional and highly skilled immigrants was again published as a result of the interest expressed in the information available in last year's first such report. Continued interest lies in the southwestern United States where both legal and illegal movement of aliens across the United States-Mexican border has caused considerable concern.

Procurement and Property Management. In fiscal year 1969, 158 contracts or leases were completed, and

8,343 purchase orders were issued by the Service. Servicewide printing facilities duplicated over 17 million pages of instructions, reports, regulations, and procedures.

The upgrading of the Service's vehicle fleet greatly alleviated the abnormally high cost of maintaining the high-mileage vehicles previously in use.

Records. Additional open-shelf filing sections were acquired in an attempt to adequately house the ever-increasing volume of required record material of the Service. During the past fiscal year, nearly a million new Service files on newly arrived immigrants and other persons involved in Service actions were created. This number represents a 7-percent increase over last year. To facilitate the location of this material, additional mechanical equipment was installed at various Service locations. A double-digit sorter was installed at the Master Index in Washington, D.C., and a power file for housing subject files was installed in the Central Office. The Master Index required by Section 290 of the Immigration and Nationality Act now contains over 58 million documents.

A continued effort to reduce storage costs by utilizing economical storage at Federal Records Centers resulted in the removal of 6,042 cubic feet of records, equivalent to 755 five-drawer file cabinets, from the crowded, costly storage facilities in Service Files Control Centers, and 5,011 cubic feet of records were



The Master Index of the Service, containing approximately 58 million entries, is housed in 84 mechanical index machines. To provide rapid communication of results of index searches, 21 Teleautograph substations are connected to the master console in the far background. Annually, searches of over 800,000 documents and filing of approximately 5 million documents are performed.

destroyed under approved disposal schedules throughout the Service.

The Friden Flexowriter Units, introduced in 1964 to automate the visa processing procedure, were supplemented throughout the Service. With the establishment of a Visa Processing Center in Twin Cities, Minn., all four regions now have improved facilities to perform this essential Service task. To further take advantage of this time saving automated system, a Visa Processing Center has also been established in the Central Office.

Building Programs. The St. Albans, Vermont, District Office and the Northwest Regional Office moved into Federal Office Buildings. Projects awarded and appropriated by the U.S. Customs Service which were planned in conjunction with this Service and completed in the past year were a new border station at Churubusco, N.Y., and cottages to house inspectors at both Coburn Core, Maine, and Raymond, Mont. No projects were contracted jointly by the Service and U.S. Customs.

The following projects were completed during fiscal year 1969 with funds appropriated by the General Services Administration: improvements to border stations at Blaine, Wash., Eagle Pass, Tex., and Douglas, Ariz.; improvements to the Border Patrol sector headquarters and the construction of pistol ranges at Del Rio, Tex., and Havre, Mont.; and the leasing of a border station at Rio Grande City, Tex.

Repairs due to extensive damage caused by hurricane Beulah at the Service installation at Port Isabel, Tex., the site of the Service Officer Development Center, were completed.

Physical changes to implement the accelerated inspection system were completed at airports in Anchor-

age, Seattle, San Antonio, and Dulles Airport in Washington, D.C., Logan Airport in Boston, and John F. Kennedy Airport in New York City. The system will be operational in Chicago as soon as the necessary changes can be made. Meetings are continuing with airport authorities for the early implementation of the system at additional locations, including Los Angeles, San Francisco, Honolulu, and Miami.

A number of other projects are being reviewed with the General Services Administration in an effort to provide better facilities and adequate housing at ports of entry and Border Patrol stations throughout the country.



Automatic writing machines being used to process immigrant visas at the Central Office. An eight-channel punched paper tape is produced that can be rerun on auxiliary equipment using various program tapes to produce other required forms to provide evidence of alien registration and gather statistical data.

TABLE 1. IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES:
1820-1969

/From 1820 to 1867 figures represent alien passengers arrived; 1868 through 1891 and 1895 through 1897 immigrant aliens arrived; 1892 through 1894 and from 1898 to the present time immigrant aliens admitted./

Year	Number of persons	Year	Number of persons	Year	Number of persons	Year	Number of persons
1820-1969 1/	<u>44,789,312</u>	1855 ...	200,877	1892 ...	579,663	1931-1940 .	<u>528,431</u>
1820 ...	<u>8,385</u>	1856 ...	200,436	1893 ...	439,730	1931 ...	97,139
1821-1830 .	<u>143,439</u>	1857 ...	251,306	1894 ...	285,631	1932 ...	35,576
1821 ...	9,127	1858 ...	123,126	1895 ...	258,536	1933 ...	23,068
1822 ...	6,911	1859 ...	121,282	1896 ...	343,267	1934 ...	29,470
1823 ...	6,354	1860 ...	153,640	1897 ...	230,832	1935 ...	34,956
1824 ...	7,912	1861-1870 .	<u>2,314,824</u>	1898 ...	229,299	1936 ...	36,329
1825 ...	10,199	1861 ...	91,918	1899 ...	311,715	1937 ...	50,244
1826 ...	10,837	1862 ...	91,985	1900 ...	448,572	1938 ...	67,895
1827 ...	18,875	1863 ...	176,282	1901-1910 .	<u>8,795,386</u>	1939 ...	82,998
1828 ...	27,382	1864 ...	193,418	1901 ...	487,918	1940 ...	70,756
1829 ...	22,520	1865 ...	248,120	1902 ...	648,743	1941-1950 .	<u>1,035,039</u>
1830 ...	23,322	1866 ...	318,568	1903 ...	857,046	1941 ...	51,776
1831-1840 .	<u>599,125</u>	1867 ...	315,722	1904 ...	812,870	1942 ...	28,781
1831 ...	22,633	1868 ...	138,840	1905 ...	1,026,499	1943 ...	23,725
1832 ...	60,482	1869 ...	352,768	1906 ...	1,100,735	1944 ...	28,551
1833 ...	58,640	1870 ...	387,203	1907 ...	1,285,349	1945 ...	38,119
1834 ...	65,365	1871-1880 .	<u>2,812,191</u>	1908 ...	782,870	1946 ...	108,721
1835 ...	45,374	1871 ...	321,350	1909 ...	751,786	1947 ...	147,292
1836 ...	76,242	1872 ...	404,806	1910 ...	1,041,570	1948 ...	170,570
1837 ...	79,340	1873 ...	459,803	1911-1920 .	<u>5,735,811</u>	1949 ...	188,317
1838 ...	38,914	1874 ...	313,339	1911 ...	878,587	1950 ...	249,187
1839 ...	68,069	1875 ...	227,498	1912 ...	838,172	1951-1960 .	<u>2,515,479</u>
1840 ...	84,066	1876 ...	169,986	1913 ...	1,197,892	1951 ...	205,717
1841-1850 .	<u>1,713,251</u>	1877 ...	141,857	1914 ...	1,218,480	1952 ...	265,520
1841 ...	80,289	1878 ...	138,469	1915 ...	326,700	1953 ...	170,434
1842 ...	104,565	1879 ...	177,826	1916 ...	298,826	1954 ...	208,177
1843 ...	52,496	1880 ...	457,257	1917 ...	295,403	1955 ...	237,790
1844 ...	78,615	1881-1890 .	<u>5,246,613</u>	1918 ...	110,618	1956 ...	321,625
1845 ...	114,371	1881 ...	669,431	1919 ...	141,132	1957 ...	326,867
1846 ...	154,416	1882 ...	788,992	1920 ...	430,001	1958 ...	253,265
1847 ...	234,968	1883 ...	603,322	1921-1930 .	<u>4,107,209</u>	1959 ...	260,686
1848 ...	226,527	1884 ...	518,592	1921 ...	805,228	1960 ...	265,398
1849 ...	297,024	1885 ...	395,346	1922 ...	309,556	1961-1969 .	<u>2,948,351</u>
1850 ...	369,980	1886 ...	334,203	1923 ...	522,919	1961 ...	271,344
1851-1860 .	<u>2,598,214</u>	1887 ...	490,109	1924 ...	706,896	1962 ...	283,763
1851 ...	379,466	1888 ...	546,889	1925 ...	294,314	1963 ...	306,260
1852 ...	371,603	1889 ...	444,427	1926 ...	304,488	1964 ...	292,248
1853 ...	368,645	1890 ...	455,302	1927 ...	335,175	1965 ...	296,697
1854 ...	427,833	1891-1900 .	<u>3,687,564</u>	1928 ...	307,255	1966 ...	323,040
		1891 ...	560,319	1929 ...	279,678	1967 ...	361,972
				1930 ...	241,700	1968 ...	454,448
						1969 ...	358,579

1/ Data are for fiscal years ended June 30, except 1820 through 1831 and 1844 through 1849 fiscal years ended September 30; 1833 through 1842 and 1851 through 1867 years ended December 31; 1832 covers 15 months ended December 31; 1843, 9 months ended September 30; 1850, 15 months ended December 31; and 1868, 6 months ended June 30.

TABLE 2. ALIENS AND CITIZENS ADMITTED AND DEPARTED, BY MONTHS:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1968 and 1969

/Data exclude border crossers, crewmen, and aliens admitted on documentary waivers/

Period	ALIENS ADMITTED			ALIENS DEPARTED 1/	U.S.	CITIZENS 1/
	Immigrant	Non- immigrant	Total		Arrived	Departed
Fiscal year 1969	358,579	3,645,328	4,003,907	2,807,618	5,457,266	5,221,574
July-December 1968 .	181,980	1,892,423	2,074,403	1,524,031	2,850,591	2,480,785
July	35,059	382,792	417,851	260,383	532,762	626,960
August	33,105	336,491	369,596	311,226	808,684	527,843
September	28,923	426,624	455,547	264,095	484,658	367,005
October	30,191	289,728	319,919	250,087	371,409	310,058
November	27,039	219,470	246,509	199,850	314,109	294,453
December	27,663	237,318	264,981	238,390	338,969	354,466
January-June 1969 ..	176,599	1,752,905	1,929,504	1,283,587	2,606,675	2,740,789
January	28,074	221,029	249,103	179,079	390,714	353,796
February	25,546	214,586	240,132	157,305	352,586	363,421
March	30,426	280,707	311,133	198,075	425,892	423,588
April	31,358	325,411	356,769	211,535	459,898	427,084
May	31,888	362,780	394,668	251,048	454,766	477,517
June	29,307	348,392	377,699	286,545	522,819	695,383
Fiscal year 1968	454,448	3,200,336	3,654,784	2,473,742	4,645,045	4,587,389
July-December 1967 .	214,900	1,836,410	2,051,310	1,384,386	2,475,106	2,247,982
July	38,946	411,781	450,727	247,210	454,831	565,084
August	37,748	356,274	394,022	290,791	655,828	474,723
September	35,036	406,180	441,216	243,209	434,172	365,389
October	39,525	256,594	296,119	226,371	360,202	295,910
November	31,040	201,546	232,586	172,345	291,727	248,514
December	32,605	204,035	236,640	204,460	278,346	298,362
January-June 1968 ..	239,548	1,363,926	1,603,474	1,089,356	2,169,939	2,339,407
January	32,387	198,085	230,472	154,078	319,951	322,172
February	28,788	156,932	185,720	138,106	306,325	333,791
March	34,195	192,572	226,767	167,871	350,023	358,622
April	34,724	235,482	270,206	184,887	371,376	374,488
May	39,475	279,734	319,209	206,259	383,100	391,135
June	69,979	301,121	371,100	238,155	439,164	559,199

1/ Includes aliens departed and citizens arrived and departed by sea and air, except direct arrivals from or departures to Canada.

TABLE 3. ALIENS AND CITIZENS ADMITTED AT UNITED STATES PORTS OF ENTRY:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1968 AND 1969

Each entry of the same person counted separately.

Class	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Year ended June 30, 1969			
Total number	231,087,619	134,941,700	96,145,919
Border crossers <u>1/</u>	217,680,053	128,076,705	89,603,348
Canadian	69,948,201	38,953,525	30,994,676
Mexican	147,731,852	89,123,180	58,608,672
Crewmen	3,246,581	2,139,951	1,106,630
Others admitted	10,160,985	4,725,044 <u>2/</u>	5,435,941 <u>3/</u>
Year ended June 30, 1968			
Total number	217,943,897	125,857,734	92,086,163
Border crossers <u>1/</u>	205,762,516	119,673,849	86,088,667
Canadian	69,918,151	37,605,781	32,312,370
Mexican	135,844,365	82,068,068	53,776,297
Crewmen	3,154,401	2,086,366	1,068,035
Others admitted	9,026,980	4,097,519 <u>2/</u>	4,929,461 <u>3/</u>

1/ Partially estimated.

2/ Includes immigrants, documented nonimmigrants, aliens with multiple entry documents other than border crossers and crewmen, and aliens returning from Canada or Mexico after extended visits.

3/ Includes all citizens arrived by sea and air and citizens returning from Canada or Mexico after extended visits.

TABLE 4. ALIENS ADMITTED, BY CLASSES UNDER THE IMMIGRATION LAWS:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

[Data exclude border crossers, crewmen, Mexican agricultural laborers admitted prior to December 31, 1964, under the Act of October 31, 1949, as amended, and aliens admitted on documentary waivers.]

Class of admission	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
ALIENS ADMITTED	2,372,664	2,664,963	2,970,165	3,654,784	4,003,907
IMMIGRANTS 1/	296,697	323,040	361,972	454,448	358,579
Immigrants subject to numerical limitations of Eastern Hemisphere	99,381	126,310	153,079	156,212	157,306
Relative preferences	13,082	54,935	79,671	68,384	92,458
Parents of U.S. citizens, 2nd preference, I&N Act	3,799	1,954			
Unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens	(392)	(1,205)	(1,317)	(1,105)	(1,124)
2nd preference, I&N Act	392	208			
1st preference, Act of October 3, 1965		997	1,317	1,105	1,124
Spouses, unmarried sons and daughters of resident aliens, and their children ...	(4,934)	(14,494)	(19,157)	(21,002)	(25,719)
3rd preference, I&N Act	4,934	2,467			
2nd preference, Act of October 3, 1965		12,027	19,157	21,002	25,719
Married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens	(148)	(3,944)	(4,336)	(3,087)	(2,819)
4th preference, I&N Act	148	93			
4th preference, Act of October 3, 1965		3,851	4,336	3,087	2,819
Brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens	(1,532)	(9,328)	(18,632)	(15,572)	(22,570)
4th preference, I&N Act	1,532	894			
5th preference, Act of October 3, 1965		8,434	18,632	15,572	22,570
Spouses of children of married sons and daughters and brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens	(2,277)	(24,010)	(36,229)	(27,618)	(40,226)
4th preference, I&N Act	2,277	1,424			
4th preference, Act of October 3, 1965		10,939	11,316	7,475	7,095
5th preference, Act of October 3, 1965		11,647	24,913	20,143	33,131
Occupational preferences	4,986	10,525	25,365	26,865	31,763
1st preference, selected immigrants of special skills, I&N Act	2,376	1,394			
3rd preference, immigrants in professions, Act of October 3, 1965		3,628	9,979	8,153	9,677
6th preference, other workers, Act of October 3, 1965		694	4,876	7,940	9,100
Their spouses and children	2,610	4,809	10,510	10,772	12,986
7th preference, conditional entrants, Act of October 3, 1965		6,444	6,651	6,658	9,533 2/
Nonpreference 3/	80,433	53,705	40,639	53,994	23,170
Adjustments under Section 244 of the I&N Act	838	697	717	299	372
Foreign government officials adjusted under Section 13 of the Act of September 11, 1957	42	4	36	12	10
Immigrants exempt from numerical limitations	197,316	196,730	208,893	298,236	201,273
Immediate relatives	32,714	32,231	46,903	43,677	60,016
Wives of U.S. citizens	19,014	19,457	23,126	21,411	28,915
Husbands of U.S. citizens	6,417	6,840	6,411	6,479	10,358
Children of U.S. citizens	(7,283)	(7,792)	(8,567)	(7,866)	(12,731)
Orphans adopted abroad or to be adopted	1,448	1,679	1,905	1,612	2,080
Other children	5,835	6,113	6,662	6,254	10,651
Parents of U.S. citizens, Act of October 3, 1965		5,142	8,799	7,921	8,012
Special immigrants	157,929	153,575	132,095	159,924	139,819
Natives of Western Hemisphere countries, their spouses and children	153,199	147,906	125,282	153,929	127,346 4/
Cuban Refugees, Act of November 2, 1966			25,752	91,520	6,343 4/
Ministers of religion, their spouses and children	494	585	953	1,024	1,357
Employees of U.S. Government abroad, their spouses and children	75	106	122	166	227
Children born abroad to resident aliens or subsequent to issuance of visa	2,054	2,214	2,471	2,593	2,935
Aliens adjusted under Section 244, I&N Act	43	169	72	64	46
Aliens adjusted under Section 249, I&N Act	2,064	2,595	3,195	2,148	1,565
Immigrants, Act of September 11, 1957	10	11	1		
Hungarian parolees, Act of July 25, 1958	18	18	2	7	3
Refugee-escapees, Act of July 14, 1960	4,392	2,359	3,210	2,637	985
Immigrants, Act of September 11, 1961	411	194	102	43	17
Immigrants, Act of October 24, 1962	1,484	869	385	138	93
Other immigrants not subject to numerical limitations	358	473	443	290	340
NONIMMIGRANTS 1/	2,075,967	2,341,963	2,608,193	3,200,336	3,645,328
Foreign government officials	38,544	39,327	42,916	45,320	44,940
Temporary visitors for business	175,500	201,358	220,414	257,800	299,810
Temporary visitors for pleasure	1,323,479	1,472,830	1,628,585	2,042,666	2,382,198
Transit aliens	142,666	177,827	204,936	232,731	210,543
Treaty traders and investors	7,639	8,628	9,983	13,091	15,264
Students	50,435	55,716	63,370	73,303	90,486
Their spouses and children	4,032	4,851	5,867	7,009	8,302
Representatives to international organizations	14,026	16,369	18,386	19,826	19,956
Temporary workers and industrial trainees	67,852	75,848	70,010	68,962	62,252
Workers of distinguished merit and ability	8,295	8,213	9,352	11,578	8,941
Other temporary workers	56,654	64,636	57,328	52,798	49,913
Industrial trainees	2,920	2,999	3,330	4,593	4,098
Representatives of foreign information media	2,681	2,925	3,257	3,622	4,164
Exchange visitors	33,768	35,253	38,630	45,320	47,175
Their spouses and children	9,991	11,204	15,067	15,163	15,301
Returning resident aliens 1/	203,235	238,013	284,330	373,252	441,082
NATO officials	2,082	1,774	2,442	2,264	3,155

1/ An immigrant is an alien admitted for permanent residence. A nonimmigrant is an alien admitted in temporary status. Returning resident aliens who have once been counted as immigrants are included with nonimmigrants, although the immigration laws define such aliens as immigrants.

2/ Conditional entrants include 8,987 conditional entrants who will not become permanent residents until after 2 years' residence, and 546 whose status was adjusted under section 245 and section 203(a)(7)(A).

3/ Includes private bill cases.

4/ Immigrants subject to the numerical limitations of the Western Hemisphere.

TABLE 5. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY PORT:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

Port	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
All ports	295,697	323,040	361,972	454,448	358,579
Atlantic	159,566	180,032	212,374	296,482	205,372
Atlanta, Ga.	155	223	434	471	419
Baltimore, Md.	335	320	320	302	561
Boston, Mass.	5,026	9,903	12,707	13,663	15,477
Charleston, S.C.	756	507	726	479	365
Charlotte Amalie, V.I.	276	534	1,092	1,514	265
Frederiksted, V.I.	179	76	200	1,675	1,563
McGuire A.F.B., N.J.	5,329	5,039	6,273	3,910	2,818
Miami, Fla.	31,820	27,511	40,495	107,772	27,467
New York, N.Y.	106,270	122,516	136,744	151,053	146,050
Philadelphia, Pa.	385	729	1,047	1,329	1,193
Port Everglades, Fla.	260	281	450	1,002	243
San Juan, P.R.	7,537	10,640	9,182	8,039	6,514
Washington, D.C.	609	1,017	1,386	1,800	704
Other Atlantic	629	736	1,318	3,473	1,733
Gulf of Mexico	3,560	2,873	2,814	3,315	2,359
Houston, Tex.	696	532	525	532	417
New Orleans, La.	1,693	1,445	1,510	1,928	1,288
San Antonio, Tex.	353	333	336	418	380
Other Gulf	818	563	443	437	274
Pacific	32,673	43,935	55,031	57,639	67,080
Agana, Guam	651	741	1,016	1,226	1,413
Honolulu, Hawaii	9,007	15,079	23,990	23,420	24,735
Los Angeles, Calif.	14,362	12,346	11,981	14,000	13,971
Portland, Oreg.	38	36	119	211	283
San Diego, Calif.	317	322	419	391	342
San Francisco, Calif.	4,446	10,036	9,414	8,543	13,222
Seattle, Wash.	3,818	5,323	7,904	9,452	12,793
Tacoma, Wash.	5	5	129	242	290
Other Pacific	29	47	59	154	31
Alaska	1,344	2,076	2,932	1,829	2,863
Anchorage	1,237	2,001	2,900	1,774	2,842
Other Alaska	107	75	32	55	21
Canadian Border	61,592	49,106	46,788	50,959	36,547
Blaine, Wash.	5,577	3,526	2,874	3,616	1,819
Buffalo, N.Y.	4,790	3,501	3,841	4,436	3,146
Calais, Me.	2,111	1,424	1,145	1,129	568
Champlain, N.Y.	5,335	3,646	3,264	3,715	3,304
Chicago, Ill.	6,744	7,357	8,657	10,866	8,148
Cleveland, Ohio	744	603	1,303	1,125	709
Derby Line, Vt.	946	589	778	889	665
Detroit, Mich.	11,397	9,740	9,580	9,433	6,791
Highgate Springs, Vt.	1,186	1,000	865	703	600
Houlton, Me.	340	165	177	269	324
Jackman, Me.	569	560	372	698	482
Lewiston, N.Y.	866	809	1,232	1,455	1,215
Madawaska, Me.	460	328	198	264	263
Niagara Falls, N.Y.	2,157	2,147	1,520	1,529	1,242
Norton, Vt.	530	435	447	621	409
Noyes, Minn.	1,455	1,064	698	491	313
Pembina, N.D.	821	411	523	447	350
Port Huron, Mich.	2,882	2,321	1,744	1,751	1,142
Rouses Point, N.Y.	1,352	753	984	1,037	700
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.	551	425	279	380	273
Sweetgrass, Mont.	1,090	720	453	446	289
Thousand Island Bridge, N.Y.	819	686	949	1,292	837
Other Canadian Border	8,870	6,896	4,905	4,367	2,958
Mexican Border	37,847	44,619	41,816	43,434	43,855
Brownsville, Tex.	1,543	1,698	1,714	2,600	2,268
Calexico, Calif.	3,539	6,274	5,853	5,222	5,236
Dallas, Tex.	195	235	443	408	274
Del Rio, Tex.	348	436	367	585	593
Douglas, Ariz.	39	54	87	113	222
Eagle Pass, Tex.	1,846	1,615	1,659	2,336	2,277
El Paso, Tex.	6,049	4,372	4,564	4,923	6,211
Hidalgo, Tex.	1,773	2,200	2,388	2,809	2,766
Laredo, Tex.	5,130	5,172	5,028	6,062	5,091
Nogales, Ariz.	2,651	3,004	1,684	1,465	1,426
Roma, Tex.	1,335	1,740	1,518	1,349	1,359
San Luis, Ariz.	885	1,304	1,265	1,012	1,101
San Ysidro, Calif.	12,316	16,240	14,912	14,145	14,724
Other Mexican Border	198	275	334	205	307
All other	115	399	217	790	503

TABLE 6B. ALIENS WHO ADJUSTED STATUS TO PERMANENT RESIDENTS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Total adjusting status	Numerical limitations							No numerical limitations						
		Total	Section 244, IsN Act—suspension of deportation	Occupational preference	Section 245, IsN Act—nonimmigrant to immigrant		Cuban refugees	Other	Total	Section 244, IsN Act—suspension of deportation	Section 245, IsN Act—nonimmigrant to immigrant		Section 249, IsN Act—creation of record of admission	Act of July 14, 1960—refugee—escapees	Other 1/
					Other preference	Nonpreference					Parents, spouses, and children of citizens	Other			
All countries	28,788	27,415	372	7,143	9,841	3,705	6,343	11	11,373	46	8,264	304	1,565	985	209
Europe	13,134	7,472	52	2,008	4,099	1,172	141	-	5,662	7	4,289	169	329	855	13
Albania	9	4	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Austria	181	94	-	36	36	22	-	-	57	-	65	1	18	2	1
Belgium	68	36	-	5	20	11	-	-	32	-	11	-	1	-	-
Bulgaria	68	19	-	6	9	4	-	-	49	-	29	2	1	37	-
Czechoslovakia	324	214	-	31	143	39	1	-	110	-	59	1	10	40	-
Denmark	92	41	-	13	21	7	-	-	51	-	46	1	3	-	1
France	468	259	-	71	108	78	2	-	209	-	201	-	4	4	-
Germany	1,087	440	1	119	211	109	-	-	647	-	635	3	7	1	1
Greece	1,162	728	4	204	434	85	1	-	434	3	408	2	21	-	-
Hungary	495	287	3	86	162	36	-	-	208	-	120	1	6	78	3
Ireland	282	192	-	37	131	24	-	-	90	-	56	27	6	-	1
Italy	1,822	885	12	48	818	5	2	-	937	2	861	17	52	5	-
Netherlands	202	101	1	23	40	37	-	-	101	-	96	4	1	-	-
Norway	93	57	-	12	33	12	-	-	36	-	3	7	-	-	-
Poland	735	449	2	127	232	85	3	-	286	-	209	8	43	24	2
Portugal	437	291	2	89	178	22	-	-	146	-	132	1	12	-	1
Romania	525	279	2	91	149	37	-	-	246	-	74	7	8	157	-
Spain	1,328	1,044	5	442	359	112	126	-	284	1	196	73	12	2	-
Sweden	123	66	-	18	26	22	-	-	57	1	50	-	6	-	-
Switzerland	168	119	-	36	35	48	-	-	49	-	45	-	1	3	-
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	595	400	-	134	223	38	5	-	195	-	136	-	9	50	-
United Kingdom	1,323	785	-	156	354	275	-	-	538	-	504	5	25	4	-
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	92	52	-	18	19	10	-	-	116	-	49	4	52	8	3
Yugoslavia	1,121	489	10	178	269	32	-	-	632	-	188	3	7	434	-
Other Europe	218	101	9	28	52	12	-	-	117	-	93	6	17	1	-
Asia	16,799	12,627	316	4,799	5,272	2,213	17	10	4,172	12	3,400	106	463	15	176
China 2/	4,414	3,554	294	1,363	1,487	394	12	4	860	11	401	20	406	-	22
Cyprus	63	34	-	5	27	2	-	-	29	-	28	1	-	-	-
Hong Kong	323	245	4	22	209	10	-	-	78	1	74	-	3	-	-
India	2,780	2,598	-	1,055	651	892	-	-	182	-	178	3	1	-	-
Indonesia	112	82	-	39	30	13	-	-	30	-	27	1	2	-	-
Iran	741	445	1	184	179	80	-	-	296	-	296	-	-	-	-
Iraq	286	231	-	64	123	44	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	2	-
Israel	851	683	-	187	416	80	-	-	168	-	159	9	-	-	-
Japan	1,014	648	1	255	292	100	-	-	366	-	339	11	16	-	-
Jordan 3/	315	181	1	53	108	18	1	-	134	-	131	2	1	-	-
Korea	1,820	1,598	2	570	666	356	-	4	222	-	203	17	1	1	-
Lebanon	254	162	1	56	76	28	1	-	92	-	72	6	10	4	-
Pakistan	358	293	1	138	66	88	-	-	65	-	58	5	-	2	-
Philippines	2,637	1,305	8	595	699	2	-	1	1,332	-	1,145	19	14	-	154
Ryukyu Islands	35	17	1	13	3	-	-	-	18	-	18	-	-	-	-
Syrian Arab Republic	202	147	-	57	69	18	3	-	55	-	45	-	4	6	-
Thailand	180	120	-	57	41	22	-	-	60	-	60	-	-	-	-
Vietnam	170	107	-	30	49	28	-	-	63	-	54	8	1	-	-
Other Asia	244	177	2	69	71	35	-	-	67	-	59	4	4	-	-
North America	7,024	6,200	1	2	17	-	6,180	-	824	27	17	2	760	1	17
Canada	175	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	174	3	-	-	164	-	7
Mexico	567	5	-	-	-	-	5	-	562	16	2	-	536	-	8
West Indies	6,235	6,171	1	-	-	-	6,171	-	63	2	8	-	52	1	2
Bahamas	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	9	-	-
Barbados	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	8	-	-
Cuba	6,176	6,169	-	-	-	-	6,169	-	7	1	4	-	2	-	-
Dominican Republic	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-
Haiti	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Jamaica	20	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	18	-	-	-	18	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	2	-	-
Other West Indies	16	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	1	-	11	1	2
Central America	33	15	-	-	14	-	1	-	18	6	4	-	8	-	-
El Salvador	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-
Guatemala	10	9	-	-	9	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-
Honduras	6	3	-	-	2	-	1	-	3	2	-	-	1	-	-
Nicaragua	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
Panama	8	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	6	-	-
Other Central America	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	4	-	-	-	-
Other North America	14	7	-	2	3	-	2	-	7	-	5	2	-	-	-
South America	43	30	-	-	22	3	5	-	13	-	3	-	8	-	2
Argentina	6	5	-	-	2	1	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Bolivia	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chile	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-
Colombia	11	9	-	-	8	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	1
Ecuador	6	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	1
Guyana	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	2	-	-
Peru	7	7	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuela	4	3	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-
Other South America	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Africa	1,111	682	-	205	272	205	-	-	429	-	294	18	3	114	-
Morocco	141	106	-	43	60	3	-	-	35	-	35	-	-	-	-
South Africa	102	71	-	21	25	25	-	-	31	-	27	2	2	-	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	510	288	-	84	127	77	-	-	222	-	103	5	-	114	-
Other Africa	358	217	-	57	60	100	-	-	141	-	129	11	1	-	-
Oceania	674	403	3	129	158	112	-	1	271	-	259	9	2	-	1
Australia	401	229	2	86	81	60	-	-	172	-	162	9	1	-	-
New Zealand	161	120	-	31	45	44	-	-	41	-	40	-	1	-	-
Other Oceania	112	54	1	12	32	8	-	1	58	-	57	-	-	-	1
Other countries	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-

1/ Includes 3 Hungarian parolees—Act of July 25, 1958.

2/ Includes Taiwan.

3/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 6C. ALIENS WHO WERE ADJUSTED TO PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS IN THE UNITED STATES UNDER SECTION 245, IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT, BY STATUS AT ENTRY AND COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH: YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Number adjusted	Status at entry															
		Foreign government officials	Temporary visitors for business	Temporary visitors for pleasure	Transit aliens	Treaty traders and investors	Students	Spouses and children of students	International representatives	Temporary workers and trainees	Representatives of foreign information media	Exchange visitors	Spouses and children of exchange visitors	NATO officials	U.S. citizenship claimed	Parolees	All others
All countries	29,257	477	531	15,483	47	252	7,493	1,348	208	741	193	851	229	12	117	1,121	154
Europe	11,737	215	171	9,026	19	98	769	97	89	527	56	118	45	11	1	447	48
Albania	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Austria	160	3	3	117	1	3	10	2	2	11	1	3	-	-	-	4	-
Belgium	67	2	1	52	-	-	6	1	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-
Bulgaria	30	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	-
Czechoslovakia	273	-	1	249	-	1	6	-	1	3	1	1	1	-	-	7	2
Denmark	88	4	1	65	-	4	6	-	1	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
France	458	7	9	362	1	11	27	6	6	10	4	7	2	-	-	5	1
Germany	1,077	19	16	901	1	20	58	7	-	24	1	11	3	1	1	10	4
Greece	1,133	20	25	783	5	-	211	13	3	32	7	13	3	1	-	17	2
Hungary	405	1	3	333	-	1	27	1	-	14	-	4	1	1	-	1	-
Ireland	275	1	6	252	-	1	8	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	22	2
Italy	1,740	18	12	1,613	2	3	48	2	4	9	4	7	2	1	-	3	-
Netherlands	200	8	5	140	-	-	26	3	2	4	3	5	-	1	-	3	2
Norway	86	2	2	54	-	1	12	5	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	3	2
Poland	661	3	2	596	-	2	13	1	1	9	-	6	1	1	-	22	4
Portugal	422	28	4	339	2	-	15	2	16	3	3	2	1	-	-	3	4
Romania	358	2	5	315	1	1	21	2	1	-	-	3	-	1	-	4	2
Spain	1,182	59	12	529	2	1	53	1	22	305	7	9	8	-	-	169	5
Sweden	116	4	4	87	-	-	6	1	1	5	-	2	4	-	-	1	1
Switzerland	164	3	7	101	-	7	16	6	2	9	1	6	6	-	-	-	-
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	531	4	9	290	-	-	71	15	1	3	2	10	2	-	-	115	9
United Kingdom	1,294	23	36	979	1	35	67	15	16	64	19	11	4	1	-	18	5
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	144	-	-	121	1	-	8	2	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	6	1
Yugoslavia	670	-	5	573	1	5	30	6	2	15	2	7	5	1	-	17	1
Other Europe	191	4	3	146	-	2	24	3	2	-	-	4	-	1	-	2	-
Asia	15,790	224	322	5,494	26	148	6,328	1,148	93	182	120	685	165	1	113	643	98
China 1/	3,665	38	51	865	11	17	1,917	227	43	17	24	60	2	1	104	240	48
Cyprus	63	-	-	43	-	-	16	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Hong Kong	315	-	-	75	2	-	96	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	5	118	11
India	2,779	39	21	286	1	8	1,567	525	10	36	31	117	73	-	-	59	6
Indonesia	110	7	1	49	-	1	40	3	-	4	2	1	-	-	-	2	-
Iran	739	3	8	307	1	-	347	26	2	2	4	27	5	-	-	2	5
Iraq	284	4	5	129	-	-	107	31	-	1	-	4	1	-	-	2	-
Israel	851	7	10	605	1	4	155	44	3	6	1	11	3	-	-	1	-
Japan	997	6	65	484	1	57	246	26	2	35	9	31	22	-	-	9	4
Jordan 2/	312	-	7	168	1	-	118	7	-	1	-	9	-	-	-	1	-
Korea	1,812	34	63	470	4	30	850	165	8	40	23	69	16	-	1	30	9
Lebanon	238	1	7	115	1	-	79	3	-	3	1	7	5	-	-	15	1
Pakistan	355	12	10	49	-	-	196	33	6	1	4	22	13	-	-	8	1
Philippines	2,460	56	63	1,529	3	25	251	28	14	18	10	291	20	-	3	142	7
Ryukyu Islands	34	-	-	20	-	-	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Syrian Arab Republic	189	1	1	75	-	-	86	9	1	1	1	7	-	-	-	4	3
Thailand	180	6	-	65	-	1	91	3	2	2	1	6	1	-	-	1	1
Vietnam	169	7	6	70	-	4	45	4	-	13	3	10	2	-	-	3	2
Other Asia	238	3	4	90	-	1	109	9	1	2	4	9	1	-	-	5	-
North America	38	-	-	32	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	-
Mexico	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Indies	6	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Cuba	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Haiti	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Netherlands Antilles	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central America	18	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
British Honduras	4	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	9	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduras	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nicaragua	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Panama	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other North America	12	-	-	9	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
South America	28	1	-	21	-	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Argentina	4	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Bolivia	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	9	-	-	8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuador	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guyana	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peru	7	-	-	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuela	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other South America	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Africa	994	15	26	492	1	6	292	67	17	16	13	35	7	-	-	4	3
Morocco	141	1	2	115	-	3	11	2	1	4	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
South Africa	100	2	2	52	-	1	23	5	5	6	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	396	6	13	196	-	2	93	40	7	5	5	20	5	-	-	1	3
Other Africa	357	6	9	129	1	-	165	20	4	1	8	11	1	-	-	2	-
Oceania	667	22	12	418	-	-	99	35	9	16	4	12	12	-	-	23	5
Australia	398	15	8	258	-	-	37	19	7	12	4	9	8	-	-	17	4
New Zealand	160	7	2	97	-	-	22	16	2	3	-	2	4	-	-	5	-
Other Oceania	109	-	2	63	-	-	40	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1
Other countries	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 60. ALIENS WHO WERE ADJUSTED TO PERMANENT RESIDENCE STATUS IN THE UNITED STATES, UNDER SECTION 245, IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT, BY YEAR OF ENTRY AND COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Total adjusted	Calendar year of entry														Prior to 1957
		1969 1/	1968	1967	1966	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957		
All countries	29,257	351	6,344	8,134	4,358	3,065	2,320	1,625	1,088	710	444	264	130	112	322	
Europe	11,737	205	3,956	4,092	1,548	656	485	348	166	99	65	39	19	24	35	
Albania	3	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Austria	160	4	70	67	16	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Belgium	67	3	33	21	6	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bulgaria	30	-	5	17	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Czechoslovakia	273	6	150	83	31	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Denmark	88	-	46	26	10	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
France	458	18	191	160	53	17	4	3	2	7	1	-	1	-	1	
Germany	1,077	31	502	399	95	27	2	11	2	2	1	3	-	-	2	
Greece	1,133	9	233	367	212	99	69	40	43	25	10	14	3	5	4	
Hungary	405	5	111	149	47	44	16	9	5	6	1	-	-	8	4	
Ireland	275	2	154	103	11	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Italy	1,749	19	595	691	212	86	73	30	18	10	6	3	1	3	2	
Netherlands	200	3	85	74	23	5	4	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Norway	86	5	35	30	12	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Poland	661	5	166	327	73	44	17	11	8	3	2	1	2	2	-	
Portugal	422	3	125	144	71	38	16	12	4	4	2	1	1	-	1	
Romania	358	6	76	162	68	24	10	1	5	3	-	2	-	-	1	
Spain	1,182	13	225	226	257	123	184	61	34	26	20	5	-	1	7	
Sweden	116	10	45	38	19	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	
Switzerland	164	5	64	58	22	8	4	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	531	2	74	131	77	40	25	127	18	13	12	4	2	2	4	
United Kingdom	1,294	41	646	459	87	18	14	8	9	-	4	-	4	1	3	
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	144	5	52	57	14	5	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Yugoslavia	670	4	186	244	112	51	26	21	14	2	4	4	-	1	1	
Other Europe	191	6	86	58	15	9	7	4	1	-	-	3	-	-	2	
Asia	15,790	106	1,912	3,529	2,587	2,255	1,748	1,209	852	563	367	198	103	85	276	
China 2/	3,665	18	276	580	499	658	521	343	228	163	105	61	33	26	154	
Cyprus	63	-	19	14	7	5	5	8	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	
Hong Kong	315	2	30	52	47	76	24	25	23	13	13	5	-	2	3	
India	2,779	31	324	630	555	484	303	174	140	66	39	17	9	3	4	
Indonesia	110	-	17	16	23	5	10	9	5	12	-	2	-	5	6	
Iran	739	-	71	121	91	105	107	93	44	37	36	19	9	3	3	
Iraq	284	3	38	65	52	21	30	36	13	10	5	4	2	1	4	
Israel	851	2	134	344	188	72	49	24	22	9	3	3	-	-	1	
Japan	997	9	187	266	159	101	114	44	40	17	22	11	5	4	18	
Jordan 3/	312	2	66	97	42	24	16	17	16	14	6	5	2	1	4	
Korea	1,812	10	169	355	272	238	222	170	112	88	43	32	21	27	53	
Lebanon	238	1	50	70	41	16	15	14	15	8	4	2	2	1	-	
Pakistan	355	2	52	79	60	67	23	30	21	6	10	3	1	1	-	
Philippines	2,460	19	322	640	454	294	217	170	125	83	68	25	15	11	17	
Ryukyu Islands	34	2	6	9	5	2	2	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	
Syrian Arab Republic	189	-	21	50	38	22	16	16	17	6	2	1	-	-	-	
Thailand	180	-	42	44	20	16	24	12	8	6	3	3	-	-	4	
Vietnam	169	4	46	47	8	17	18	3	7	10	2	3	1	-	3	
Other Asia	238	1	42	50	26	32	32	17	11	12	6	5	2	1	1	
North America	38	1	2	8	1	12	1	1	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	
Mexico	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
West Indies	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cuba	4	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Haiti	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Netherlands Antilles	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Central America	18	-	-	-	-	6	1	1	6	3	-	-	-	-	1	
British Honduras	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Guatemala	9	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	1	
Honduras	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nicaragua	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Panama	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other North America	12	1	2	7	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South America	28	-	1	-	-	12	10	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	
Argentina	4	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bolivia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Colombia	9	-	-	-	-	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ecuador	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Guyana	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	
Peru	7	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Venezuela	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other South America	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Africa	994	14	239	302	136	77	55	52	52	41	8	7	5	2	4	
Morocco	141	3	34	62	20	10	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South Africa	100	3	30	33	17	4	5	2	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	396	2	110	102	54	30	23	21	25	16	4	4	2	2	1	
Other Africa	357	6	65	105	45	33	19	25	24	23	4	3	2	-	3	
Oceania	667	25	233	203	86	53	31	15	8	3	4	-	2	1	3	
Australia	398	19	151	124	41	27	20	6	5	-	1	-	1	1	2	
New Zealand	160	6	54	59	24	10	4	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	
Other Oceania	109	-	28	20	21	16	7	9	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	
Other countries	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	

1/ Six-month figure, January-June 1969.

2/ Includes Taiwan.

3/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 6E. REFUGEES ADMITTED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1946-1969

Country of region of birth	Number admitted	President's Directive of Dec. 22, 1945	Displaced Persons Act of 1948			Refugee Relief Act of 1953 1/	Act of July 29, 1953 (Orphans)	Act of Sept. 11, 1957 (Secs. 4 & 15)	Act of July 25, 1958 (Hungarian parolees)	Act of Sept. 2, 1958 (Azores & Netherlands refugees)	Act of Sept. 22, 1959 (Sec. 6) (Refugee relatives)	Act of July 14, 1960 (Refugee- escapees)	Act of Oct. 3, 1965 Conditional entries by refugees) 2/	Act of Nov. 2, 1966 (Cuban refugees)
			Displaced persons admitted	Displaced persons adjusting under Sec. 4	German ethnics									
All countries	896,346	40,324	352,260	3,670	53,766	189,021	466	29,462	30,749	22,213	1,820	19,694	29,286	123,615
Europe	715,070	39,802	349,751	1,794	53,689	171,689	140	16,833	30,710	9,896	1,376	15,820	20,198	3,372
Austria	16,482	2,015	6,425	2	2,529	4,658	75	532	102	2	-	74	62	6
Belgium	1,673	147	947	1	3	451	-	8	8	3	-	94	9	2
Bulgaria	2,709	22	567	10	12	478	-	197	5	-	-	511	905	2
Czechoslovakia	22,232	3,386	9,522	277	2,839	2,916	-	53	180	-	-	63	2,994	2
Denmark	113	11	55	-	7	29	-	8	1	-	-	1	-	1
Estonia	11,262	145	9,943	221	263	657	-	18	-	-	-	12	2	1
Finland	163	12	93	1	1	18	-	36	-	1	-	-	1	-
France	2,205	157	791	-	8	660	1	198	10	5	5	212	135	23
Germany	100,155	16,071	52,049	5	10,069	20,922	54	598	29	5	-	256	76	21
Greece	29,266	7	10,272	3	2	16,922	4	1,504	12	7	397	80	47	9
Hungary	65,431	885	12,826	297	3,504	9,659	-	5,172	29,903	5	1	1,595	1,576	8
Ireland	61	7	31	2	-	18	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-
Italy	62,444	154	2,237	12	19	57,026	4	1,686	2	2	953	168	143	38
Latvia	38,254	538	35,158	211	645	1,567	-	85	-	-	3	47	-	-
Lithuania	27,332	790	23,202	18	1,478	1,681	-	94	-	1	-	21	17	30
Netherlands	17,598	116	53	2	9	11,337	-	1,031	-	5,033	-	2	2	13
Norway	71	5	25	-	5	20	-	3	-	1	-	3	3	6
Poland	162,462	11,660	128,569	341	6,392	11,912	-	1,139	14	2	2	763	1,303	365
Portugal	5,022	8	14	1	7	34	-	125	-	4,811	4	1	11	6
Romania	22,761	535	5,129	136	5,353	4,369	-	482	274	3	9	4,430	2,013	28
Spain	3,913	-	31	1	5	123	-	173	-	3	-	21	962	2,594
Sweden	445	10	347	-	-	79	-	3	-	4	-	-	-	2
Switzerland	314	66	131	1	3	38	-	59	1	3	-	6	4	2
United Kingdom	2,782	183	1,819	4	7	679	-	25	2	3	-	21	34	5
U.S.S.R. (Europe)	44,401	1,982	31,373	51	4,323	5,827	-	186	9	-	-	238	340	72
Yugoslavia	69,491	736	17,238	193	15,936	17,425	-	3,002	154	-	1	6,437	8,364	5
Other Europe	6,028	154	904	4	270	2,184	2	415	4	2	1	762	1,195	131
Asia	52,915	416	2,157	1,848	11	16,333	324	10,869	4	12,262	431	783	7,141	336
China 3/	17,471	284	909	1,729	2	6,903	3	2,820	-	14	115	14	4,510	168
India	98	4	7	1	1	46	2	21	-	7	-	3	5	1
Indonesia	15,903	-	2	-	4	3,148	-	612	-	12,133	-	1	3	-
Israel	769	-	16	8	-	521	-	210	1	-	2	2	6	3
Japan	4,360	3	9	2	2	2,268	287	1,505	-	3	269	1	8	3
Korea	4,432	-	-	-	-	630	4	3,793	-	1	-	2	1	1
Palestine	1,018	40	77	46	-	607	-	170	-	1	3	38	31	6
Philippines	377	3	19	3	-	121	15	187	-	4	2	-	4	19
Other Asia	8,487	82	1,118	59	2	2,089	13	1,551	3	100	39	723	2,573	135
North America	120,905	50	228	3	57	486	-	191	35	22	11	2	5	119,815
Canada	89	3	17	-	8	15	-	7	1	-	4	-	-	3
Mexico	111	-	3	1	-	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	101
West Indies	119,809	5	1	1	1	50	-	164	-	18	4	1	1	119,563
Cuba 4/	119,474	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,473
Other West Indies	335	5	1	1	1	50	-	164	-	18	4	1	-	90
Central America	56	4	3	-	1	7	-	3	-	-	1	-	2	35
Other North America	840	38	204	1	47	409	-	16	34	4	2	1	2	82
South America	208	24	15	-	4	43	-	22	-	9	2	1	-	88
Africa	7,052	15	78	25	4	405	1	1,492	-	1	-	3,087	1,941	3
Australia and New Zealand	63	-	10	-	-	29	1	13	-	8	-	1	-	1
Other countries	133	17	21	-	1	36	-	42	-	15	-	-	1	-

1/ Includes 6,130 Hungarian refugees.

2/ Includes 21,349 conditional entrants under Section 203(a)(7)(A) of P.L. 89-236, whose immigrant status does not become final until 2 years after entry.

3/ Includes Taiwan.

4/ Cuban refugees adjusted under the Act of November 2, 1966, (P.L. 89-732).

TABLE 6F. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED UNDER THE ACT OF SEPTEMBER 20, 1961 (P.L. 87-301):
SEPTEMBER 26, 1961-JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Number admitted	Beneficiaries of 2nd preference 1/	Beneficiaries of 3rd preference 1/
All countries	16,292	6,301	9,991
Europe	11,710	3,956	7,754
Greece	1,214	625	589
Hungary	418	86	332
Italy	7,479	1,874	5,605
Poland	532	262	270
Portugal	635	203	432
Romania	197	158	39
Spain	136	88	48
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	235	204	31
Yugoslavia	379	138	241
Other Europe	485	318	167
Asia	3,507	1,810	1,697
China 2/	1,395	859	536
Hong Kong	117	32	85
India	101	10	91
Japan	304	210	94
Jordan 3/	174	21	153
Philippines	912	515	397
Other Asia	504	163	341
North America	895	473	422
West Indies	713	338	375
Jamaica	393	278	115
Other West Indies	320	60	260
Other North America	182	135	47
South America	62	16	46
Africa	83	36	47
Oceania	33	10	23
Other countries	2	-	2

See footnotes at bottom of page.

TABLE 6G. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED UNDER THE ACT OF OCTOBER 24, 1962 (P.L. 87-885), BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH:
October 24, 1962-JUNE 30, 1969

Country of region of birth	Number admitted	1st preference 1/		4th preference 1/	
		Beneficiaries	Spouses or children of aliens	Beneficiaries	Spouses or children of aliens
All countries	21,913	4,780	5,121	3,998	8,014
Europe	13,748	1,306	2,091	3,433	6,918
Greece	1,898	184	171	654	889
Italy	8,319	651	1,514	1,928	4,226
Portugal	1,958	3	4	564	1,387
Romania	110	5	8	48	49
Spain	431	153	49	74	155
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	608	277	241	52	38
Yugoslavia	152	3	9	66	74
Other Europe	272	30	95	47	100
Asia	6,835	3,045	2,555	378	857
China 2/	2,326	1,186	1,065	36	39
Hong Kong	198	84	74	3	37
India	862	476	309	29	48
Iran	137	37	28	27	45
Iraq	230	29	32	47	122
Israel	216	72	90	11	43
Japan	500	230	220	17	33
Jordan 3/	358	20	5	94	239
Korea	525	310	215	28	45
Lebanon	120	27	20	69	159
Philippines	1,092	474	390	17	47
Other Asia	271	100	107	-	-
North America	808	245	268	158	137
West Indies	696	221	228	120	127
Jamaica	518	182	152	93	91
Trinidad and Tobago	105	35	64	5	1
Other West Indies	73	4	12	22	35
Other North America	112	24	40	38	10
South America	105	36	63	-	6
Africa	398	109	111	27	61
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	215	82	66	24	43
Other Africa	93	27	45	3	18
Oceania	109	39	33	2	35

1/ Act of June 27, 1952.

2/ Includes Taiwan.

3/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 7. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY FOREIGN STATE OF CHARGEABILITY AND PREFERENCES UNDER
THE NUMERICAL LIMITATION OF 170,000 FOR THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE (P.L. 89-236):
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1967-1969

^{1/}Numbers of visas issued and immigrants admitted will not necessarily agree. Differences may be caused by failure of aliens to make use of the visas issued, or by immigrants who are admitted to the United States in the year following the one in which the visa was issued, or by adjustments chargeable to future years.^{1/}

Foreign state of chargeability	Immigrants admitted ^{1/}			Foreign state of chargeability	Immigrants admitted ^{1/}		
	1967	1968	1969		1967	1968	1969
All countries	153,079	156,212	157,306				
Europe	111,032	116,210	98,480	Asia (Cont'd.)			
Albania	175	478	533	Iran (Persia)	856	724	902
Austria	829	951	492	Iraq	875	401	1,081
Belgium	656	594	251	Israel	955	1,229	1,832
Bulgaria	266	376	500	Japan	1,355	1,098	1,594
Czechoslovakia	1,151	1,456	3,051	Jordan and Arab Palestine	1,003	1,366	2,120
Denmark	886	1,080	400	Korea	1,719	1,549	2,883
Estonia	77	67	34	Lebanon	416	547	1,018
Finland	455	572	190	Malaysia	216	259	156
France	2,251	2,788	1,323	Pakistan	544	588	761
Germany	7,747	9,557	3,974	Philippines	7,097	12,349	16,204
Great Britain and Northern Ireland	27,656	33,550	14,962	Syrian Arab Republic	366	441	800
Greece	11,917	10,442	15,586	Thailand	190	266	542
Hungary	1,285	1,413	1,309	Vietnam	161	94	174
Iceland	65	78	106	Yemen	100	107	308
Ireland (Eire)	2,216	2,587	1,495	Other Asia	67	136	242
Italy	19,822	17,130	18,262				
Latvia	111	126	81	Africa	2,634	3,321	4,586
Lithuania	127	147	77	Algeria	86	117	56
Malta	346	217	320	Ethiopia	50	43	34
Netherlands	1,942	2,179	1,097	Ghana	71	89	36
Norway	1,177	1,173	485	Kenya	87	102	93
Poland	4,404	4,744	3,198	Liberia	44	75	35
Portugal	12,801	11,444	15,836	Libya	73	96	62
Romania	1,120	675	1,074	Morocco	303	270	468
Spain	1,728	1,741	2,551	Nigeria	101	149	143
Sweden	1,601	1,511	522	South Africa	399	321	270
Switzerland	1,729	1,734	517	Sudan	60	68	54
Turkey	1,367	983	1,499	Tunisia	77	109	103
U.S.S.R.	743	950	777	United Arab Republic (Egypt)	1,133	1,600	3,048
Yugoslavia	4,234	5,295	7,895	Other Africa	150	282	184
Other Europe	148	172	83				
Asia	38,334	35,510	53,000	Oceania	1,079	1,171	1,240
Burma	178	279	372	Australia	581	612	659
Ceylon	87	119	149	Nauru	-	1	-
China	17,520	9,202	15,341	New Guinea	-	4	1
Cyprus	287	240	325	New Zealand	207	234	264
India	4,048	4,061	5,484	Pacific Islands	106	119	168
Indonesia	294	455	712	Tonga	98	112	72
				Western Samoa	87	89	76

^{1/} Figures include adjustment of status cases. Adjustments chargeable to future years are included in the year of adjustment.

TABLE 7A. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY FOREIGN STATE OF CHARGEABILITY AND PREFERENCES UNDER
THE NUMERICAL LIMITATION OF 170,000 FOR THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE (P.L. 89-236)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

[Numbers of visas issued and immigrants admitted will not necessarily agree. Differences may be caused by failure of aliens to make use of the visas issued, or by immigrants who are admitted to the United States in the year following the one in which the visa was issued, or by adjustments chargeable to future years.]

Foreign state of chargeability	Total immigrants	Relative preferences					Occupational preferences				Conditional entries		Nonpreference immigrants	
		Total relative preferences	1st preference - unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens	2nd preference - spouses, unmarried sons and daughters of resident aliens	4th preference - married sons and daughters of U.S. citizens; their spouses and children	5th preference - brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens; their spouses and children	Total occupational preferences	3rd preference		6th preference		Admitted	Adjustment - Section 203(a)(7)(A) proviso	
								Immigrants in professions	Spouses and children	Other workers	Spouses and children			
Total	157,306	92,458	1,124	25,719	7,914	55,701	31,763	9,677	6,536	9,100	6,450	8,987	546	23,552
Europe	98,480	63,737	585	15,628	6,296	41,228	8,998	448	362	4,693	3,495	8,231	259	17,255
Albania	533	28	-	7	1	26	4	6	1	75	23	1	-	33
Austria	492	130	-	42	10	23	105	1	1	27	18	1	-	128
Belgium	251	75	-	10	1	13	27	2	1	12	12	312	2	135
Bulgaria	500	24	-	10	1	225	65	5	-	46	14	2,171	5	351
Czechoslovakia	3,051	459	25	108	101	38	69	2	6	47	14	-	-	200
Denmark	400	131	1	80	12	5	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	25
Estonia	34	6	-	2	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	53
Finland	190	100	4	41	5	230	206	1	1	24	11	-	-	550
France	1,323	510	4	220	65	639	535	16	15	335	169	29	-	2,070
Germany	3,974	1,340	17	619	65	639	535	16	15	335	169	29	-	2,070
Great Britain and Northern Ireland	14,962	5,906	90	2,739	480	2,597	1,323	31	80	548	664	24	2	7,707
Greece	15,586	13,677	45	1,900	184	11,548	1,463	64	24	736	639	14	1	431
Hungary	1,309	361	11	95	29	226	288	22	8	168	90	492	6	162
Iceland	106	54	-	14	23	17	11	-	-	-	6	-	-	41
Ireland (Eire)	1,495	625	9	108	18	490	98	-	1	87	9	-	-	772
Italy	18,262	17,990	242	4,681	4,150	8,917	179	78	42	27	32	39	1	53
Latvia	81	50	-	6	4	40	7	-	-	5	2	-	-	24
Lithuania	77	47	1	9	7	30	7	1	1	5	-	1	-	22
Malta	320	278	-	49	11	218	36	1	1	29	5	-	-	6
Netherlands	1,097	553	6	180	9	358	118	6	5	76	31	-	-	426
Norway	485	119	4	60	6	49	33	1	-	25	7	-	-	333
Poland	3,198	1,402	18	638	97	249	287	17	9	177	54	715	25	799
Portugal	15,836	14,233	60	2,682	469	11,022	1,256	19	19	490	728	-	1	346
Romania	1,074	357	11	75	44	227	247	21	15	126	85	319	5	146
Spain	2,551	1,011	2	259	43	707	807	21	11	613	162	4	187	542
Sweden	552	98	1	47	1	49	73	2	6	44	21	-	-	351
Switzerland	517	154	2	71	32	49	142	7	9	92	34	-	-	122
Turkey	1,499	567	2	141	4	420	648	70	60	249	269	83	9	281
U.S.S.R.	777	198	4	14	11	141	2	3	21	20	172	7	-	354
Yugoslavia	7,895	3,202	30	615	419	2,138	849	43	32	465	309	3,302	7	535
Other Europe	83	52	-	22	4	26	13	1	-	9	3	1	-	17
Asia	53,000	27,100	522	9,569	3,564	13,445	20,938	8,706	5,775	3,912	2,545	149	286	4,527
Burma	372	101	-	44	10	47	236	86	93	32	25	-	-	35
Ceylon	149	74	-	50	1	23	46	8	11	24	3	-	-	27
China	15,341	10,341	159	2,647	1,681	5,854	3,968	985	668	1,343	972	-	263	769
Cyprus	325	281	1	82	14	184	31	-	1	15	15	1	-	12
India	5,484	1,153	5	760	40	348	2,873	1,021	751	662	439	1	1	1,456
Indonesia	712	317	3	31	18	265	260	61	103	62	34	-	-	135
Iran (Persia)	902	355	-	168	3	184	364	121	63	130	50	1	-	182
Iraq	1,081	862	-	244	5	613	114	23	13	56	22	26	2	77
Israel	1,832	983	11	246	68	658	566	55	52	205	254	3	2	278
Japan	1,594	765	17	235	7	506	623	73	51	349	150	2	-	204
Jordan and Arab Palestine	2,120	1,850	7	513	63	1,267	191	26	39	65	61	13	2	64
Korea	2,883	1,065	7	517	7	534	1,261	301	219	490	251	-	-	557
Lebanon	1,018	694	1	174	29	490	216	28	26	81	81	35	9	64
Malaysia	156	80	-	27	4	49	26	5	6	12	3	-	-	50
Pakistan	761	223	-	108	5	110	368	158	67	96	47	6	-	164
Philippines	16,204	6,874	304	3,389	1,559	1,622	9,313	5,662	3,565	50	36	-	-	17
Syrian Arab Republic	800	494	1	104	9	380	179	31	23	71	54	61	5	61
Thailand	542	89	-	63	4	22	203	46	7	127	23	-	-	250
Vietnam	174	65	1	36	2	26	63	14	13	22	14	-	-	46
Yemen	308	279	3	72	23	181	14	-	-	14	-	-	-	15
Other Asia	242	155	2	59	12	82	23	2	4	6	11	-	-	64
Africa	4,586	1,176	7	321	31	817	1,304	479	345	265	215	607	1	1,498
Algeria	56	18	-	8	3	10	17	-	3	10	7	1	-	20
Ethiopia	34	15	-	2	3	10	10	-	3	5	5	-	-	9
Ghana	36	9	-	7	-	2	6	1	-	9	-	-	-	21
Kenya	93	26	-	18	1	7	9	3	2	3	1	-	-	58
Liberia	35	13	-	10	-	3	4	-	-	3	1	-	-	18
Libya	62	38	-	3	2	33	8	-	-	4	4	8	-	8
Morocco	468	337	1	59	1	276	111	3	5	64	44	-	-	20
Nigeria	143	41	-	40	-	1	28	13	5	10	-	-	-	74
South Africa	270	66	1	30	5	30	117	15	7	48	47	-	-	87
Sudan	54	7	-	2	-	5	4	-	-	1	2	5	-	38
Tunisia	103	69	-	8	1	60	24	1	-	14	9	-	-	10
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	3,048	491	4	100	18	369	946	437	323	97	89	593	1	1,017
Other Africa	184	46	1	34	-	11	20	5	5	4	6	-	-	118
Oceania	1,240	445	10	201	23	211	523	44	34	230	195	-	-	272
Australia	659	134	1	62	13	58	354	34	37	155	128	-	-	171
New Guinea	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
New Zealand	264	47	2	20	5	20	138	9	14	53	62	-	-	79
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	168	145	2	56	2	85	15	1	3	9	2	-	-	8
Tonga	72	51	1	22	2	26	12	-	-	9	3	-	-	9
Western Samoa	76	68	4	41	1	22	4	-	-	4	-	-	-	4

TABLE 8. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH AND MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Number admitted	Professional, technical, and kindred workers	Farmers and farm managers	Managers, officials, and proprietors	Clerical and kindred workers	Sales workers	Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	Operatives and kindred workers	Private household workers	Service workers, except private household	Farm laborers and foremen	Laborers, except farm and mine	Housewives, children, and others with no occupation or occupation not reported
All countries	358,579	60,427	3,687	5,356	14,701	2,747	26,678	16,588	16,822	10,461	5,224	13,062	202,826
Europe	120,086	10,023	2,677	1,911	4,662	1,061	10,889	6,475	2,961	4,102	2,874	5,520	67,011
Albania	543	7	4	3	4	40	20	4	17	106	121	220	164
Austria	758	135	2	19	58	8	61	21	27	53	10	264	264
Belgium	420	73	2	6	29	5	26	4	12	13	8	214	214
Bulgaria	567	104	1	7	24	6	103	71	1	13	2	22	1,332
Czechoslovakia	3,307	701	1	40	258	40	402	241	25	112	11	146	303
Denmark	635	126	1	24	65	11	42	15	18	26	3	16	1,213
France	2,024	252	1	45	156	22	84	35	57	140	3	91	6,196
Germany	9,289	924	1	113	765	160	485	149	125	278	2	659	9,884
Greece	17,724	586	853	305	186	110	1,971	1,576	310	863	421	49	620
Hungary	354	44	2	114	31	288	165	34	85	9	21	41	627
Ireland	1,989	599	21	32	174	19	140	93	121	101	598	2,033	13,666
Italy	23,617	501	925	208	245	99	2,638	1,542	535	627	3	7	782
Netherlands	1,303	222	6	36	90	10	62	25	31	28	4	5	1,889
Norway	636	134	2	16	53	8	33	17	41	36	1	5	395
Poland	4,052	601	127	92	189	42	479	292	92	105	54	112	2,980
Portugal	16,528	93	550	240	308	123	976	540	756	557	836	1,328	10,221
Romania	1,435	288	1	37	80	17	218	136	23	44	5	44	542
Spain	3,916	414	45	132	96	37	329	225	171	206	301	71	1,889
Sweden	722	153	15	15	60	17	15	7	36	21	3	2	360
Switzerland	691	150	1	8	64	7	39	6	30	45	1	2	1,138
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	2,058	269	13	62	49	32	266	102	28	48	13	38	8,810
United Kingdom	15,014	2,519	5	328	1,319	201	779	344	300	310	10	89	408
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	931	170	7	34	37	11	126	76	18	29	2	13	4,800
Yugoslavia	8,868	496	102	38	169	29	1,065	695	131	305	463	575	666
Other Europe	1,264	152	9	27	75	16	142	78	35	40	12	32	646
Asia	73,621	17,658	440	1,400	2,220	582	1,754	1,412	1,244	2,137	748	945	63,081
China 1/	15,440	2,688	15	369	660	199	445	706	519	1,253	17	300	8,089
Cyprus	419	22	8	8	10	3	40	42	4	31	2	10	2,937
Hong Kong	5,453	194	1	48	82	17	19	29	23	37	1	16	4,789
India	5,963	2,889	44	60	147	28	70	26	32	35	11	24	2,597
Indonesia	805	175	1	24	52	6	32	22	16	12	1	6	460
Iran	1,352	486	1	38	53	17	69	34	17	82	1	12	543
Iraq	1,208	178	4	38	60	19	61	21	15	16	1	20	776
Israel	2,089	386	5	43	89	20	176	46	14	35	1	12	2,897
Japan	3,957	403	18	85	143	33	61	37	103	132	42	40	1,780
Jordan 2/	2,617	222	45	104	65	47	183	66	8	34	23	14	4,405
Korea	6,045	1,081	1	83	125	14	52	48	123	93	6	16	791
Lebanon	1,313	156	12	59	44	21	104	49	12	38	11	10	322
Pakistan	851	393	20	24	25	7	23	12	1	7	7	10	5,515
Philippines	20,744	7,396	152	134	515	113	265	189	317	245	555	348	2,479
Ryukyu Islands	319	6	1	2	7	3	4	6	4	5	1	2	499
Syrian Arab Republic	168	148	1	32	25	13	111	39	6	15	7	9	760
Thailand	1,250	400	1	13	32	5	9	28	8	9	1	8	822
Vietnam	983	86	1	9	43	4	3	3	5	8	1	75	917
Other Asia	1,749	349	115	27	63	13	47	31	16	31	65	75	76,061
North America	132,426	8,285	534	1,593	5,757	926	10,018	6,385	11,299	3,605	1,565	6,418	11,667
Canada	18,582	2,431	22	426	1,086	233	965	524	76	442	29	681	11,730
Mexico	44,623	484	172	227	368	175	2,001	1,007	2,056	570	1,140	4,693	27,534
West Indies	29,395	4,828	322	892	2,152	472	5,620	4,327	8,014	2,323	377	926	1,667
Bahamas	186	215	2	15	156	20	18	10	10	13	26	28	585
Cuba	13,751	1,151	23	298	1,034	151	1,032	1,387	122	566	17	250	7,720
Dominican Republic	10,670	267	239	193	142	22	681	568	913	115	116	328	7,086
Haiti	6,542	663	9	65	284	19	960	718	472	178	6	17	3,151
Jamaica	16,947	1,704	49	176	1,360	161	1,610	1,029	4,495	851	203	170	5,139
Trinidad and Tobago	6,835	622	1	69	624	68	889	367	1,370	351	4	75	2,396
Other West Indies	2,507	190	1	35	141	36	239	144	144	122	5	87	1,363
Central America	9,692	514	14	72	241	38	1,426	524	1,151	262	16	89	5,043
Costa Rica	1,925	105	7	18	53	6	352	118	133	43	2	8	1,087
El Salvador	1,762	95	2	18	110	5	399	254	31	6	14	669	1,031
Guatemala	2,291	123	3	16	141	7	434	116	333	73	3	11	781
Honduras	1,286	60	1	11	75	4	105	48	143	37	1	20	824
Nicaragua	419	36	1	4	19	3	38	20	58	7	2	8	980
Panama	1,585	77	1	8	115	7	72	41	204	69	2	10	271
Other Central America	424	18	1	4	28	6	26	22	26	7	3	2	67
Other North America	134	28	1	9	9	1	6	3	2	3	3	2	12,206
South America	23,928	2,151	18	229	1,463	91	3,798	2,147	1,235	466	18	106	2,081
Argentina	3,938	338	1	37	68	10	877	349	91	66	3	18	2,337
Bolivia	450	66	1	5	49	1	23	14	46	7	2	3	1,104
Brazil	1,713	157	1	14	65	9	157	72	100	29	2	4	533
Chile	860	116	1	12	30	3	73	21	46	22	1	41	4,097
Colombia	7,627	647	8	54	576	26	1,263	359	403	152	1	15	1,838
Ecuador	5,086	283	2	58	390	16	1,061	1,175	165	77	6	6	718
Guyana	1,615	301	4	17	131	5	93	51	222	63	4	9	693
Peru	1,180	126	1	13	74	15	77	33	115	25	2	6	318
Uruguay	665	46	3	9	27	1	120	55	30	18	2	1	480
Venezuela	999	40	1	30	4	4	13	6	10	6	1	1	107
Other South America	215	31	1	1	13	1	41	12	7	1	1	1	339
Africa	5,876	1,873	8	176	369	71	211	131	39	116	13	46	2,823
Morocco	589	57	1	19	52	8	46	17	4	38	1	9	219
South Africa	419	123	1	11	35	4	12	6	1	7	1	14	1,452
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	3,411	1,365	3	110	209	48	94	65	15	33	3	22	813
Other Africa	1,457	328	5	36	73	11	59	43	19	38	10	22	1,661
Oceania	2,639	437	10	47	230	16	88	38	44	35	6	27	831
Australia	1,384	300	1	31	151	8	27	4	7	22	1	3	291
New Zealand	494	108	1	11	48	3	13	8	7	4	1	23	539
Other Oceania	761	29	10	5	31	5	48	26	30	9	6	1	107
Other countries	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE RA. BENEFICIARIES OF OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCES AND OTHER IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY OCCUPATION:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Occupation	Number admitted	Beneficiaries of occupational preferences Act of October 3, 1965				Other immigrants 1/	
		Total	Third preference		Sixth preference		
			Admissions	Adjustments	Admissions	Adjustments	
All occupations	358,579	18,777	6,510	3,167	5,124	3,976	339,802
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	40,427	12,676	6,510	3,167	1,313	1,686	27,751
Accountants and auditors	3,225	1,247	952	186	44	65	1,978
Actors and actresses	69	3	-	2	-	1	66
Airplane pilots and navigators	59	3	-	-	3	2	54
Architects	575	245	133	53	38	21	330
Artists and art teachers	282	18	7	12	6	23	234
Athletes	105	18	-	-	9	9	87
Authors	37	5	-	1	2	2	32
Chemists	1,205	559	311	148	32	68	646
Clergymen	975	32	4	9	9	10	943
Professors and instructors	1,519	498	80	293	30	95	1,021
Dancers and dancing teachers	59	16	-	2	3	11	43
Dentists	400	196	179	6	3	8	204
Designers	469	118	6	28	36	48	351
Dietitians and nutritionists	273	172	144	25	1	2	101
Draftsmen	964	181	15	14	76	76	783
Editors and reporters	220	37	8	8	6	15	183
Engineers	7,098	3,036	1,411	955	285	405	4,062
Entertainers	101	7	-	7	1	9	84
Foresters and conservationists	30	7	1	3	1	2	23
Lawyers and judges	290	56	43	8	2	1	236
Librarians	336	113	16	69	7	21	221
Musicians and music teachers	332	37	5	7	3	22	295
Nurses	5,466	1,078	617	109	279	73	4,388
Optometrists	38	22	18	4	-	-	16
Personnel and labor relations workers	26	4	3	1	-	-	22
Agricultural scientists	248	64	41	14	4	5	184
Biological scientists	192	75	10	45	9	11	117
Geologists and geophysicists	102	23	8	9	5	1	79
Mathematicians	65	21	1	14	1	5	44
Physicists	220	75	16	40	2	17	145
Miscellaneous natural scientists	34	11	4	4	1	2	23
Pharmacists	580	309	266	33	3	7	271
Photographers	222	22	1	-	6	15	200
Physicians and surgeons	2,756	996	761	126	69	40	1,740
Public relations men and publicity writers	49	7	1	1	1	4	42
Radio operators	87	5	1	1	2	1	82
Recreation and group workers	27	5	1	1	-	3	22
Religious workers	417	105	-	9	25	71	312
Social and welfare workers, except group	219	46	13	19	5	9	173
Economists	200	40	16	20	2	2	160
Psychologists	67	11	2	6	2	1	56
Statisticians and actuaries	95	35	6	23	3	3	60
Miscellaneous social scientists	55	6	-	6	-	-	49
Sports instructors and officials	124	37	2	2	17	16	87
Surveyors	74	10	-	3	6	1	64
Technicians	2,794	423	38	70	136	179	2,371
Teachers	5,624	1,602	1,014	324	79	185	4,022
Therapists and healers, not specified	135	23	4	4	9	6	112
Veterinarians	125	66	49	11	1	5	59
Professional, technical, and kindred workers, other	1,765	911	302	432	69	108	854
Farmers and farm managers	3,687	12	-	-	10	2	3,675
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	5,356	367	-	-	165	202	4,989
Buyers and department heads, store	48	3	-	-	3	-	45
Managers and superintendents, building	105	6	-	-	5	1	99
Officers, pilots, pursers, and engineers, ship	109	2	-	-	2	-	107
Officials and administrators, public administration	255	11	-	-	7	4	244
Foreign government officials	58	1	-	-	-	1	57
Purchasing agents and buyers, not specified	77	9	-	-	3	6	68
Managers, officials, and proprietors, other	4,704	335	-	-	145	190	4,369
Clerical and kindred workers	14,701	636	-	-	287	349	14,065
Agents	203	15	-	-	5	10	188
Bank tellers	205	7	-	-	4	3	198
Bookkeepers	1,063	48	-	-	11	37	1,015
Cashiers	313	5	-	-	3	2	308
File clerks	109	4	-	-	4	-	105
Messengers and office boys	46	-	-	-	-	-	46
Office machine operators	553	24	-	-	6	18	529
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	62	2	-	-	-	2	60
Postal clerks	67	-	-	-	4	2	179
Receptionists	185	6	-	-	3	-	142
Shipping and receiving clerks	145	3	-	-	135	209	6,360
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries	6,704	364	-	-	4	2	460
Stock clerks and storekeepers	466	5	-	-	3	2	212
Telegraph and telephone operators	217	6	-	-	3	3	46
Ticket, station, and express agents	52	161	-	-	102	59	4,150
Clerical and kindred workers, other	4,311	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales workers	2,747	63	-	-	34	29	2,684
Advertising agents and salesmen	166	5	-	-	1	4	161
Insurance agents and brokers	115	4	-	-	-	4	11
Real estate agents and brokers	46	2	-	-	2	-	44
Salesmen and sales clerks, other	2,420	52	-	-	31	21	2,368
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	26,678	2,061	-	-	1,492	569	24,617
Bakers	1,152	105	-	-	69	36	1,047
Blacksmiths	119	2	-	-	-	-	117
Brickmasons, stonemasons, and tile setters	1,435	46	-	-	37	9	1,389
Cabinetmakers	1,032	108	-	-	81	27	924
Carpenters	1,995	79	-	-	71	8	1,916
Cement and concrete finishers	59	3	-	-	3	-	56
Compositors and typesetters	153	12	-	-	8	4	141

1/ Other admissions and adjustments.

TABLE 8A. BENEFICIARIES OF OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCES AND OTHER IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY OCCUPATION: (Cont'd.)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Occupation	Number admitted	Beneficiaries of occupational preferences					Other immigrants 1/	
		Act of October 3, 1965				Total		
		Third preference		Sixth preference				
		Admis- sions	Adjust- ments	Admis- sions	Adjust- ments			
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers (Cont'd.)								
Decorators and window dressers	162	13	-	5	8	149		
Electricians	1,899	86	-	60	26	1,813		
Excavating, grading, and road machine operators	82	1	-	1	-	81		
Foremen, other	283	13	-	7	6	270		
Furriers	135	4	-	2	2	131		
Inspectors, other	154	12	-	3	9	142		
Jewelers, watchmakers, goldsmiths, and silversmiths	719	106	-	56	50	613		
Linemen and servicemen, telegraph, telephone, and power	52	1	-	1	-	51		
Machinists	1,551	179	-	111	68	1,372		
Mechanics and repairmen	8,119	392	-	260	132	7,727		
Millwrights	53	1	-	-	1	52		
Molders, metal	76	8	-	8	-	68		
Painters, construction, and maintenance	494	12	-	11	1	482		
Plasterers	85	5	-	4	1	80		
Plumbers and pipe fitters	511	31	-	9	22	480		
Pressmen and plate printers, printing	276	14	-	9	5	262		
Shoemakers and repairers, except factory	1,265	44	-	39	5	1,221		
Stone cutters and stone carvers	134	13	-	11	2	121		
Structural metal workers	143	8	-	4	4	135		
Tailors and tailoresses	2,925	571	-	481	90	2,354		
Tinsmiths, coppermiths, and sheet metal workers	199	19	-	9	10	180		
Tonk-makers and die makers and setters	525	102	-	79	23	423		
Upholsterers	204	13	-	10	3	191		
Craftsmen, and kindred workers, other	687	58	-	41	17	629		
Operatives and kindred workers	16,588	488	-	349	139	16,100		
Apprentices	381	3	-	1	2	378		
Assemblers	263	2	-	-	2	261		
Attendants, auto service and parking	41	-	-	-	-	41		
Bus drivers	93	-	-	-	-	93		
Checkers, examiners, and inspectors, manufacturing	59	2	-	-	2	57		
Conductors, bus and street railway	41	-	-	-	-	41		
Dressmakers and seamstresses, except factory	5,269	160	-	124	36	5,109		
Fileers, grinders, and polishers, metal	78	9	-	7	2	69		
Knitters, loopers, and toppers, textile	108	5	-	4	1	103		
Laundry and dry cleaning operatives	248	3	-	-	1	245		
Meat cutters, except slaughter and packing house	374	24	-	20	4	350		
Mine operatives and laborers	91	1	-	1	90	90		
Packers and wrappers	126	2	-	1	1	124		
Painters, except construction and maintenance	473	14	-	11	3	459		
Photographic process workers	53	5	-	1	4	48		
Sailors and deck hands	1,127	6	-	4	2	1,121		
Sewers and stitchers, manufacturing	346	10	-	8	2	336		
Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs	1,283	20	-	15	5	1,263		
Truck and tractor drivers	505	25	-	18	7	480		
Weavers, textile	257	21	-	17	4	236		
Welders and flame cutters	1,460	53	-	37	16	1,407		
Operatives and kindred workers, other	3,912	123	-	78	45	3,789		
Private household workers	16,822	1,043	-	650	393	15,779		
Housekeepers, private household	6,478	335	-	206	129	6,143		
Private household workers, other	10,344	708	-	444	264	9,636		
Service workers, except private household	10,461	1,134	-	768	366	9,327		
Attendants	317	19	-	5	14	298		
Barbers, beauticians, and manicurists	533	8	-	5	3	525		
Bartenders	152	6	-	5	1	146		
Chambermaids and maids	290	29	-	21	8	261		
Charwomen and cleaners	173	-	-	-	-	173		
Cooks, except private household	2,982	785	-	541	244	2,197		
Counter and fountain workers	36	-	-	-	-	36		
Firemen, fire protection	39	2	-	2	-	37		
Guarda, watchmen, and doorkeepers	224	4	-	2	2	220		
Hairdressers and cosmetologists	1,069	66	-	34	32	1,003		
Housekeepers and stewards, except private household	614	59	-	46	13	555		
Janitors and sextons	243	4	-	2	2	239		
Kitchen workers, other	267	7	-	5	2	260		
Midwives	76	-	-	-	-	76		
Policemen and detectives	214	-	-	-	-	214		
U.S. military	363	3	-	-	3	360		
Foreign military	65	1	-	-	1	64		
Porters	147	3	-	1	2	144		
Practical nurses	361	15	-	6	9	346		
Waiters and waitresses	1,275	51	-	33	18	1,224		
Service workers, except private household, other	1,021	72	-	60	12	949		
Farm laborers and foremen	5,224	248	-	20	228	4,976		
Laborers, except farm and mine	13,062	49	-	36	13	13,013		
Fishermen and oystermen	250	4	-	3	1	246		
Gardeners, except farm, and groundskeepers	216	17	-	13	4	199		
Lumbermen, craftsmen, and woodchoppers	162	-	-	-	-	162		
Laborers, other	12,434	28	-	20	8	12,406		
Housewives, children, and others with no reported occupation	190,684	-	-	-	-	190,684		
Housewives	71,593	-	-	-	-	71,593		
Retired persons	3,021	-	-	-	-	3,021		
Students	30,354	-	-	-	-	30,354		
Children under 14 years of age	85,716	-	-	-	-	85,716		
Unknown or not reported	12,142	-	-	-	-	12,142		

1/ Other admissions and adjustments.

TABLE 9. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH, SEX, AND AGE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Total immigrants	Males										
		Total	under 5 years	5-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years and over
All countries	358,579	165,472	15,649	16,378	29,413	38,995	32,986	17,321	8,961	4,361	1,139	269
Europe	120,086	56,636	4,875	4,772	8,561	13,719	10,815	7,113	4,094	2,039	529	119
Albania	543	381	17	20	64	131	74	41	21	9	4	-
Austria	758	320	27	18	21	138	52	31	14	11	8	-
Belgium	420	174	28	17	17	44	33	22	4	8	1	-
Bulgaria	567	336	6	11	31	111	80	58	22	14	3	-
Czechoslovakia	3,307	1,764	84	99	244	602	363	250	78	37	6	1
Denmark	635	232	30	17	10	85	50	22	12	6	-	-
France	2,024	736	113	76	79	222	144	55	25	13	7	2
Germany	9,289	2,720	631	345	220	761	491	149	55	47	15	6
Greece	17,724	9,262	619	674	1,375	2,414	2,144	1,209	549	236	37	5
Hungary	1,795	927	6	13	84	314	207	162	88	40	12	1
Ireland	1,989	802	38	28	62	320	180	93	61	12	8	-
Italy	23,617	11,973	723	938	2,410	2,655	1,674	1,535	1,317	589	103	29
Netherlands	1,303	538	66	62	60	137	107	57	29	12	6	2
Norway	636	250	37	14	15	97	54	16	7	7	3	-
Poland	4,052	1,868	40	68	271	363	328	361	279	121	32	5
Portugal	16,528	8,156	758	967	1,787	1,294	1,270	1,140	691	209	32	8
Romania	1,435	726	8	11	71	132	167	158	116	49	12	2
Spain	3,916	2,074	109	54	125	497	578	280	121	186	95	29
Sweden	722	245	52	32	19	70	44	12	6	7	3	-
Switzerland	691	300	57	31	10	120	60	13	3	4	2	-
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	2,058	1,035	46	64	107	154	199	196	128	94	38	9
United Kingdom	15,014	6,033	985	765	642	1,318	1,186	608	250	200	68	11
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	931	404	4	12	37	104	49	78	53	46	16	5
Yugoslavia	8,868	4,820	351	391	732	1,499	1,153	496	129	55	12	2
Other Europe	1,264	560	40	45	68	137	128	71	36	27	6	2
Asia	73,621	33,311	2,995	3,133	4,853	8,259	8,620	3,170	1,342	685	203	51
China 1/	15,440	7,278	82	192	970	1,455	2,243	1,217	680	304	113	22
Cyprus	419	209	15	25	33	66	33	22	9	5	1	-
Hong Kong	5,453	2,723	604	797	994	133	94	60	29	7	4	1
India	3,508	219	205	175	175	1,344	1,278	208	49	26	3	1
Indonesia	805	388	33	36	47	61	117	59	24	9	2	-
Iran	1,352	815	24	28	44	352	279	47	18	16	5	2
Iraq	1,208	677	40	64	136	178	156	55	25	15	7	1
Israel	2,049	1,101	146	128	185	345	209	68	11	8	-	1
Japan	3,997	999	105	66	91	308	292	66	24	19	20	8
Jordan 2/	2,617	1,492	128	144	320	444	240	132	58	22	4	-
Korea	6,045	1,873	238	231	194	387	654	117	32	18	2	-
Lebanon	1,313	695	69	75	101	204	149	54	20	15	6	2
Pakistan	851	554	15	21	21	209	227	49	9	3	-	-
Philippines	20,744	9,005	1,055	930	1,191	2,215	2,199	868	312	195	29	11
Ryukyu Islands	519	80	20	12	25	12	5	3	-	-	1	2
Syrian Arab Republic	904	504	33	36	79	127	128	70	14	11	6	-
Thailand	1,250	213	34	19	18	69	64	7	1	1	-	-
Vietnam	983	185	55	35	28	27	22	9	8	1	-	-
Other Asia	1,749	1,012	80	89	201	323	231	59	19	10	-	-
North America	132,426	60,517	6,227	6,837	14,020	13,013	9,898	5,509	3,067	1,493	361	92
Canada	18,582	8,600	1,582	1,212	1,482	1,746	1,219	713	393	186	59	8
Mexico	44,623	21,819	2,944	2,609	6,306	5,205	2,281	1,065	779	516	91	23
West Indies	59,392	29,849	1,319	2,516	5,249	4,932	5,685	3,334	1,727	731	139	59
Bahamas	186	100	5	10	15	34	14	8	5	2	1	1
Barbados	1,957	715	28	49	133	147	198	97	40	21	1	1
Cuba	13,751	6,472	255	661	1,130	717	1,401	1,012	686	426	137	47
Dominican Republic	10,670	4,845	346	625	1,572	933	598	373	272	107	17	2
Haiti	6,542	3,188	151	265	673	633	842	370	173	67	11	3
Jamaica	16,947	6,306	292	549	1,129	1,254	1,634	975	372	77	20	4
Trinidad and Tobago	6,835	3,064	171	243	435	909	781	398	109	16	2	-
Other West Indies	2,507	1,159	66	119	262	305	217	101	72	11	5	1
Central America	9,692	4,178	381	500	880	1,123	698	380	154	21	10	1
Costa Rica	1,925	939	92	135	188	230	155	89	36	10	4	-
El Salvador	1,762	786	40	71	122	241	182	92	29	7	2	-
Guatemala	2,291	1,012	79	92	175	341	189	91	36	9	-	-
Honduras	1,286	538	69	88	158	100	65	33	16	6	2	1
Nicaragua	419	173	28	21	30	37	29	20	5	3	-	-
Panama	1,585	547	60	71	155	135	45	43	24	12	2	-
Other Central America	424	183	13	22	52	39	33	12	8	4	6	1
Other North America	134	71	1	-	3	7	15	17	12	9	-	-
South America	23,928	10,731	1,190	1,286	1,456	2,719	2,542	1,062	330	107	36	3
Argentina	3,938	2,006	234	215	198	558	502	226	50	15	7	1
Bolivia	450	153	19	22	22	34	34	15	2	3	2	-
Brazil	1,713	691	105	141	106	142	112	53	19	10	3	-
Chile	860	333	43	26	58	77	75	28	19	6	1	-
Colombia	7,627	3,579	387	457	482	904	874	338	94	34	8	1
Ecuador	5,086	2,194	175	189	300	607	593	238	69	14	9	-
Guyana	1,615	622	63	58	119	141	129	64	35	11	1	1
Peru	1,180	489	71	69	83	96	96	46	15	10	3	-
Uruguay	645	309	33	37	24	85	76	38	15	1	-	-
Venezuela	599	261	55	63	54	52	23	5	4	3	2	-
Other South America	215	94	5	9	10	23	28	11	8	-	-	-
Africa	5,876	3,293	216	213	368	1,054	915	381	105	29	9	3
Morocco	589	279	17	22	55	77	54	38	11	5	-	-
South Africa	419	184	21	25	19	36	59	17	3	4	-	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	3,411	2,076	102	109	190	693	593	286	76	17	7	3
Other Africa	1,457	754	76	57	104	248	209	40	15	3	2	-
Oceania	2,639	982	146	137	154	230	196	86	23	8	1	1
Australia	1,384	495	90	90	52	91	109	43	8	3	1	-
New Zealand	494	173	20	17	27	50	40	13	4	1	-	1
Other Oceania	761	314	28	30	75	89	47	30	11	4	-	-
Other countries	3	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 9. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH, SEX, AND AGE: (Cont'd.)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Females										
	Total	Under 5 years	5-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years and over
All countries	193,107	15,230	15,890	33,263	57,385	32,975	18,707	11,082	6,054	2,043	478
Europe	63,450	4,691	4,627	10,477	18,859	10,001	6,947	4,159	2,527	941	221
Albania	162	27	21	25	27	20	18	9	7	7	1
Austria	438	27	12	38	215	62	30	20	24	7	3
Belgium	246	20	15	29	90	43	19	10	16	3	1
Bulgaria	231	4	10	42	49	47	48	14	12	2	3
Czechoslovakia	1,543	91	99	211	530	262	217	83	34	13	4
Denmark	403	40	12	26	229	54	28	7	6	-	1
France	1,288	122	70	123	558	218	94	47	32	21	3
Germany	6,569	638	294	941	3,313	777	271	142	140	45	8
Greece	8,462	604	638	1,609	1,979	1,686	1,052	515	283	77	19
Hungary	868	4	8	86	280	163	140	90	75	21	1
Ireland	1,187	50	14	176	604	173	73	51	28	16	2
Italy	11,644	697	937	2,551	2,258	1,586	1,582	1,237	568	182	46
Netherlands	765	70	48	93	357	125	42	13	6	7	4
Norway	386	37	15	31	219	38	21	14	10	1	-
Poland	2,184	44	86	303	461	361	436	262	152	67	12
Portugal	8,372	709	966	1,911	1,422	1,270	1,076	675	251	82	10
Romania	709	8	10	64	126	131	187	93	57	26	7
Spain	1,842	95	60	154	467	378	222	139	202	98	27
Sweden	477	33	31	31	269	67	25	8	10	3	-
Switzerland	391	43	38	18	207	51	20	5	4	4	1
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	1,023	39	64	130	181	143	139	126	135	49	17
United Kingdom	8,981	942	785	1,061	3,513	1,295	608	343	274	135	25
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	527	2	9	28	123	62	118	54	79	36	16
Yugoslavia	4,048	302	366	709	1,101	864	411	168	93	25	9
Other Europe	704	43	20	87	281	125	70	34	29	14	1
Asia	40,310	3,022	3,040	5,196	14,851	8,180	3,087	1,515	966	380	73
China 1/	8,162	106	162	1,086	2,492	1,669	1,119	722	578	229	49
Cyprus	210	10	28	36	56	37	17	12	8	5	1
Hong Kong	2,730	516	729	951	264	154	63	22	17	10	4
India	2,455	182	176	200	1,255	467	105	49	13	6	2
Indonesia	417	32	34	45	102	106	49	32	9	7	1
Iran	537	28	25	54	230	113	39	33	15	1	-
Iraq	531	40	60	110	124	95	51	35	15	1	-
Israel	948	108	116	221	293	160	28	12	7	2	1
Japan	2,958	105	69	139	1,370	901	236	50	59	24	5
Jordan 2/	1,125	112	119	263	290	163	95	50	26	6	1
Korea	4,172	455	249	353	2,131	761	108	63	40	11	1
Lebanon	618	67	71	133	154	101	41	21	20	9	1
Pakistan	297	27	11	32	139	61	14	13	-	-	-
Philippines	11,739	994	939	1,118	4,417	2,727	948	353	183	56	4
Ryukyu Islands	439	27	26	42	192	121	20	5	1	3	2
Syrian Arab Republic	400	32	46	58	92	90	45	15	17	5	-
Thailand	1,037	41	31	112	612	207	28	5	-	1	-
Vietnam	798	68	52	130	410	101	28	7	1	3	-
Other Asia	737	72	97	113	228	146	53	16	9	1	-
North America	71,909	5,908	6,644	15,089	17,992	11,443	7,161	4,650	2,212	638	172
Canada	9,982	1,371	1,149	1,533	3,112	1,216	754	514	230	90	13
Mexico	22,804	2,850	2,516	6,184	5,205	2,757	1,628	1,019	500	113	32
West Indies	39,566	1,219	2,456	8,220	7,284	6,637	5,276	2,807	1,335	323	119
Bahamas	86	18	9	16	21	13	-	4	5	-	-
Barbados	1,242	24	47	190	391	316	162	72	24	14	2
Cuba	7,279	255	593	1,073	1,027	1,328	1,104	914	662	231	92
Dominican Republic	5,825	341	610	1,855	1,019	677	561	533	184	40	5
Haiti	3,354	135	271	793	775	559	356	278	136	42	9
Jamaica	10,641	308	586	1,482	3,035	2,613	1,545	759	253	51	9
Trinidad and Tobago	3,771	169	212	488	1,319	913	442	178	42	8	-
Other West Indies	1,348	69	128	323	397	218	106	69	29	7	2
Central America	5,514	367	520	1,151	1,678	820	496	305	138	34	5
Costa Rica	986	91	117	219	262	143	71	58	19	6	-
El Salvador	976	50	66	141	312	191	139	44	23	9	1
Guatemala	1,279	86	104	244	421	211	115	62	30	5	1
Honduras	748	52	102	181	196	84	56	46	24	5	2
Nicaragua	246	15	10	42	67	47	31	19	12	3	-
Panama	1,038	56	91	262	353	113	76	61	23	3	-
Other Central America	241	17	30	67	131	76	15	7	3	1	1
Other North America	63	1	3	1	13	7	5	9	8	3	-
South America	13,197	1,224	1,207	1,899	4,115	2,630	1,161	611	284	57	7
Argentina	1,932	235	206	244	545	420	166	81	28	7	-
Bolivia	297	21	18	38	125	40	23	24	8	-	-
Brazil	1,022	123	135	144	273	195	88	45	14	4	1
Chile	527	46	33	83	166	95	46	37	17	3	1
Colombia	4,048	418	403	630	1,220	770	301	185	99	19	3
Ecuador	2,892	173	197	376	1,031	639	297	116	49	14	-
Guyana	993	54	61	157	282	209	138	61	24	6	1
Peru	691	59	53	110	242	115	48	35	26	3	-
Uruguay	336	33	32	34	106	84	30	13	4	1	-
Venezuela	338	58	64	69	79	37	16	6	7	2	-
Other South America	121	5	14	46	26	8	8	3	-	-	1
Africa	2,583	237	214	375	851	479	255	102	49	18	3
Morocco	310	18	22	60	114	44	40	7	4	-	1
South Africa	235	21	10	28	99	44	18	9	5	1	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	1,335	111	107	175	397	282	160	65	28	9	1
Other Africa	703	87	75	112	241	109	37	21	12	8	1
Oceania	1,657	148	158	227	716	242	96	45	16	7	2
Australia	889	87	90	87	400	141	49	21	8	4	2
New Zealand	321	29	23	37	156	45	20	9	1	1	-
Other Oceania	447	32	45	103	160	56	27	15	7	2	-
Other countries	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 10. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY SEX AND AGE:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Sex and age	1960-1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Number admitted ...	3,213,749	265,398	271,344	283,763	306,260	292,248	296,697	323,040	361,972	454,448	358,579
Under 5 years	286,020	24,098	26,204	25,494	28,991	28,394	27,674	30,750	30,949	32,587	30,879
5-9 years	250,006	17,523	18,924	19,076	21,621	21,362	22,146	28,562	31,605	36,919	32,268
10-14 years	220,460	15,386	16,344	16,544	18,006	17,147	18,642	25,034	29,076	35,039	29,152
15 years	45,143	2,888	2,982	3,417	3,892	3,541	3,969	5,369	5,968	7,249	5,868
16-17 years	110,241	8,255	8,452	8,835	10,125	10,191	10,704	12,544	12,912	15,575	12,648
18-19 years	163,204	14,847	14,996	15,363	17,518	16,987	17,269	16,647	15,887	18,682	15,008
20-24 years	513,453	47,674	47,984	51,487	55,935	54,923	57,000	47,853	45,691	58,472	46,434
25-29 years	454,173	39,543	39,558	42,733	45,321	42,798	42,874	43,239	47,613	60,548	49,946
30-34 years	323,702	27,748	27,274	29,421	31,669	28,597	27,545	30,497	36,795	45,886	38,270
35-39 years	234,771	19,958	19,873	20,973	21,924	19,455	19,227	22,614	27,589	35,467	27,691
40-44 years	167,103	12,059	12,744	13,652	15,014	13,870	14,033	16,132	20,947	27,968	20,684
45-49 years	126,092	11,310	11,082	10,905	10,815	9,611	9,641	11,118	14,850	21,416	15,344
50-54 years	103,341	8,395	8,611	8,808	9,005	8,678	8,735	10,249	13,052	17,208	10,600
55-59 years	82,321	6,256	6,151	6,600	6,458	6,402	6,626	8,354	10,883	15,148	9,443
60-64 years	57,805	4,316	4,240	4,617	4,552	4,496	4,538	5,899	7,759	11,081	6,307
65-69 years	37,139	2,752	2,867	2,924	2,746	2,856	2,898	3,879	5,025	7,084	4,108
70-74 years	20,865	1,359	1,729	1,577	1,499	1,677	1,793	2,327	2,869	4,008	2,027
75-79 years	11,123	680	834	842	780	805	865	1,186	1,526	2,450	1,155
80 years and over	6,666	321	394	468	382	445	518	763	971	1,659	745
Not reported	121	30	11	27	7	13	-	24	5	2	2
Males	1,427,308	116,687	121,380	131,575	139,297	126,214	127,171	141,456	158,324	199,732	165,472
Under 5 years	145,610	12,299	13,203	13,126	14,882	14,539	14,112	15,627	15,695	16,478	15,649
5-9 years	126,480	8,570	9,604	9,735	10,876	10,724	11,268	14,447	16,210	18,668	16,378
10-14 years	111,397	7,731	8,295	8,313	8,945	8,691	9,466	12,778	14,801	17,767	14,610
15 years	22,997	1,493	1,446	1,683	1,919	1,717	2,021	2,805	3,179	3,712	3,022
16-17 years	50,843	3,565	3,537	3,888	4,570	4,609	4,867	6,108	6,179	7,312	6,208
18-19 years	55,410	4,879	5,171	5,380	6,016	5,679	5,755	5,445	5,093	6,419	5,573
20-24 years	170,601	15,836	16,618	19,541	20,199	18,042	18,938	15,086	12,685	17,785	15,871
25-29 years	206,201	17,788	18,349	21,288	21,542	18,956	18,753	19,033	20,593	26,775	23,124
30-34 years	155,706	12,919	13,063	15,146	15,981	13,284	12,578	14,181	17,424	21,979	19,151
35-39 years	113,020	9,969	9,802	10,877	11,028	8,924	8,660	10,561	13,012	16,352	13,835
40-44 years	78,455	5,827	6,247	6,854	7,511	6,469	6,251	7,357	9,370	12,599	9,970
45-49 years	57,651	5,369	5,326	5,111	5,154	4,267	4,105	4,907	6,550	9,511	7,351
50-54 years	44,469	3,762	3,865	3,810	4,021	3,619	3,517	4,225	5,572	7,319	4,759
55-59 years	34,822	2,646	2,652	2,715	2,700	2,596	2,687	3,470	4,650	6,504	4,202
60-64 years	23,914	1,801	1,756	1,862	1,814	1,875	1,806	2,369	3,251	4,764	2,616
65-69 years	15,201	1,187	1,218	1,151	1,099	1,094	1,159	1,507	2,092	2,949	1,745
70-74 years	8,010	592	732	580	576	655	687	855	1,078	1,497	758
75-79 years	4,078	294	322	343	313	303	328	415	547	832	381
80 years and over	2,388	146	168	164	144	167	213	270	339	509	268
Not reported	55	14	6	8	7	4	-	10	4	1	1
Females	1,786,441	148,711	149,964	152,188	166,963	166,034	169,526	181,584	203,648	254,716	193,107
Under 5 years	140,410	11,799	13,001	12,368	14,109	13,855	13,562	15,123	15,254	16,109	15,230
5-9 years	123,526	8,953	9,320	9,341	10,745	10,638	10,878	14,115	15,395	18,251	15,890
10-14 years	109,063	7,655	8,139	8,231	9,061	8,456	9,176	12,256	14,275	17,272	14,542
15 years	22,146	1,395	1,536	1,734	1,973	1,824	1,948	2,564	2,789	3,537	2,846
16-17 years	59,398	4,690	4,915	4,947	5,555	5,582	5,837	6,436	6,733	8,263	6,440
18-19 years	107,794	9,968	9,825	9,983	11,502	11,308	11,514	11,202	10,794	12,263	9,435
20-24 years	342,852	31,838	31,366	31,946	35,736	36,881	38,062	32,767	33,006	40,687	30,563
25-29 years	247,972	21,755	21,209	21,445	23,779	23,842	24,121	24,206	27,020	33,773	26,822
30-34 years	167,996	14,829	14,211	14,275	15,688	15,313	14,967	16,316	19,371	23,907	19,119
35-39 years	121,751	9,989	10,071	10,096	10,896	10,531	10,567	12,053	14,577	19,115	13,856
40-44 years	88,648	6,232	6,497	6,798	7,503	7,401	7,782	8,775	11,577	15,369	10,714
45-49 years	68,441	5,941	5,756	5,794	5,661	5,344	5,536	6,211	8,300	11,905	7,993
50-54 years	58,872	4,633	4,746	4,998	4,984	5,059	5,218	6,024	7,480	9,889	5,841
55-59 years	47,499	3,610	3,499	3,885	3,758	3,806	3,939	4,884	6,233	8,644	5,241
60-64 years	33,891	2,515	2,484	2,755	2,738	2,621	2,732	3,530	4,508	6,317	3,691
65-69 years	21,938	1,565	1,649	1,773	1,647	1,762	1,739	2,372	2,933	4,135	2,363
70-74 years	12,855	767	997	997	923	1,022	1,106	1,472	1,791	2,511	1,269
75-79 years	7,045	386	512	499	467	502	537	771	979	1,618	774
80 years and over	4,278	175	226	304	238	278	305	493	632	1,150	477
Not reported	66	16	5	19	-	9	-	14	1	1	1

TABLE 10A. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY SEX, MARITAL STATUS, AGE,
AND MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

Sex, marital status, age, and occupation	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Number admitted	296,697	323,040	361,972	454,448	358,579
Sex and marital status:					
Males	127,171	141,456	158,324	199,732	165,472
Single	74,711	80,973	83,761	99,818	88,267
Married	50,639	58,552	72,250	96,468	75,269
Widowed	838	1,032	1,304	1,608	994
Divorced	885	746	972	1,805	941
Unknown	98	153	37	33	1
Females	169,526	181,584	203,648	254,716	193,107
Single	83,443	86,138	91,951	115,219	88,298
Married	77,590	85,988	100,536	122,985	96,658
Widowed	5,674	7,004	8,304	11,280	6,133
Divorced	2,768	2,392	2,851	5,208	2,018
Unknown	51	62	6	24	-
Males per 1,000 females	750	779	777	784	857
Median age (years):					
Both sexes	23.2	23.5	24.9	25.9	24.8
Males	23.2	23.5	25.3	26.2	25.2
Females	23.2	23.4	24.7	25.6	24.3
Major occupation group:					
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	28,790	30,039	41,652	48,753	39,980
Farmers and farm managers	1,833	2,964	3,276	2,727	3,690
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	7,090	6,773	7,974	9,436	5,556
Clerical, sales, and kindred workers .	29,779	22,676	19,783	29,090	17,692
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	17,510	16,535	18,921	28,926	26,678
Operatives and kindred workers	14,166	14,190	15,675	27,893	16,588
Private household workers	9,706	10,558	17,406	25,419	16,822
Service workers, except private household	10,743	10,541	12,832	16,411	10,461
Farm laborers and foremen	2,638	4,227	5,277	6,002	5,224
Laborers, except farm and mine	8,556	9,830	10,129	14,374	13,062
Housewives, children, and others with no occupation	154,761	181,634	198,012	228,156	190,684
Housewives	61,669	69,833	78,653	88,679	71,593
Retired persons	2,372	3,396	4,013	4,293	3,021
Students	27,255	30,676	30,188	37,941	30,354
Children under 14 years of age	63,465	77,729	85,158	97,243	85,716
Unknown or not reported	11,125	13,073	11,035	17,261	12,142

TABLE 11. ALIENS AND CITIZENS ADMITTED AND DEPARTED:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1908-1969

Period	ALIENS ADMITTED		ALIENS DEPARTED ^{2/}	U. S. CITIZENS ^{3/}	
	Immigrant	Nonimmigrant ^{1/}		Arrived	Departed
1908-1969	19,446,546	34,465,690	35,350,756	55,595,452	54,654,753
1908-1910	2,576,226	490,741	1,495,638	660,811	342,600
1911-1920	5,735,811	1,376,271	3,988,157	1,938,508	2,517,889
1911	878,587	151,713	518,215	269,128	349,472
1912	838,172	178,983	615,292	280,801	353,890
1913	1,197,892	229,335	611,924	286,604	347,702
1914	1,218,480	184,601	633,805	286,586	368,797
1915	326,700	107,544	384,174	239,579	172,371
1916	298,826	67,922	240,807	121,930	110,733
1917	295,403	67,474	146,379	127,420	126,011
1918	110,618	101,235	193,268	72,867	275,837
1919	141,132	95,889	216,231	96,420	218,929
1920	430,001	191,575	428,062	157,173	194,147
1921-1930	4,107,209	1,774,881	2,694,778	3,522,713	3,519,519
1921	805,228	172,935	426,031	222,712	271,560
1922	309,556	122,949	345,384	243,563	309,477
1923	522,919	150,487	200,586	308,471	270,601
1924	706,896	172,406	216,745	301,281	277,850
1925	294,314	164,121	225,490	339,239	324,323
1926	304,488	191,618	227,755	370,757	372,480
1927	335,175	202,826	253,508	378,520	369,788
1928	307,255	193,376	274,356	430,955	429,575
1929	279,678	199,649	252,498	449,955	431,842
1930	241,700	204,514	272,425	477,260	462,023
1931-1940	528,431	1,574,071	2,196,650	3,365,432	3,357,936
1931	97,139	183,540	290,916	439,897	446,386
1932	35,576	139,295	287,657	339,262	380,837
1933	23,068	127,660	243,802	305,001	338,545
1934	29,470	134,434	177,172	273,257	262,091
1935	34,956	144,765	189,050	282,515	272,400
1936	36,329	154,570	193,284	318,273	311,480
1937	50,244	181,640	224,582	386,872	390,196
1938	67,895	184,802	222,614	406,999	397,875
1939	82,998	185,333	201,409	354,438	333,399
1940	70,756	138,032	166,164	258,918	224,727
1941-1950	1,035,039	2,461,359	2,262,293	3,223,233	2,880,414
1941	51,776	100,008	88,477	175,935	168,961
1942	28,781	82,457	74,552	118,454	113,216
1943	23,725	81,117	58,722	105,729	62,403
1944	28,551	113,641	84,409	108,444	63,525
1945	38,119	164,247	93,362	175,568	103,019
1946	108,721	203,469	204,353	274,543	230,578
1947	147,292	366,305	323,422	437,690	451,845
1948	170,570	476,006	448,218	542,932	478,988
1949	188,317	447,272	430,089	620,371	552,361
1950	249,187	426,837	456,689	663,567	655,518
1951-1960	2,515,479	7,113,023	6,682,387	12,531,988	12,306,984
1951	205,717	465,106	472,901	760,486	667,126
1952	265,520	516,082	509,497	807,225	814,289
1953	170,434	485,714	544,502	930,874	925,861
1954	208,177	566,613	599,161	1,021,327	971,025
1955	237,790	620,946	665,800	1,171,612	1,096,146
1956	321,625	686,259	715,200	1,281,110	1,272,516
1957	326,867	758,858	574,608	1,365,075	1,402,107
1958	253,265	847,764	710,428	1,469,262	1,483,915
1959	260,686	1,024,945	835,913	1,804,435	1,739,046
1960	265,398	1,140,736	1,004,377	1,920,582	1,934,953
1961-1969	2,948,351	19,675,344	16,030,853	30,352,767	29,729,411
1961	271,344	1,220,315	1,093,937	2,043,416	1,969,119
1962	283,763	1,331,383	1,158,960	2,159,326	2,159,857
1963	306,260	1,507,091	1,266,843	2,433,463	2,421,348
1964	292,248	1,744,808	1,430,736	2,786,907	2,709,196
1965	296,697	2,075,967	1,734,939	3,099,951	3,084,921
1966	323,040	2,341,923	1,919,951	3,613,855	3,542,751
1967	361,972	2,608,193	2,144,127	4,073,538	4,033,283
1968	454,448	3,200,336	2,473,742	4,645,045	4,587,389
1969	358,579	3,645,328	2,807,618	5,457,266	5,221,547

^{1/} Excludes border crossers, crewmen, Mexican agricultural laborers admitted under the Act of October 31, 1949, and aliens admitted on documentary waivers.

^{2/} Prior to 1957, includes emigrant and nonemigrant aliens departed, thereafter includes aliens departed by sea and air except direct departures to Canada.

^{3/} Includes citizens arrived and departed by sea and air, except direct arrivals and departures to or from Canada. Departures of U.S. citizens first recorded in 1910.

TABLE 12. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY STATE OF INTENDED FUTURE PERMANENT RESIDENCE:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

State of intended future permanent residence	1960-1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
All states	3,213,749	265,398	271,344	283,763	306,260	292,248	296,697	323,040	361,972	454,448	358,579
Alabama	6,683	734	603	513	681	688	694	691	844	736	499
Alaska	2,860	218	300	348	297	346	363	285	222	285	196
Arizona	37,356	3,129	3,473	4,019	5,049	3,609	3,866	4,158	3,393	3,159	3,501
Arkansas	3,310	380	299	277	410	340	309	283	361	359	292
California	698,150	61,325	64,205	72,675	79,090	67,407	67,671	73,073	69,150	72,371	71,183
Colorado	16,698	1,653	1,483	1,495	1,792	1,707	1,880	1,614	1,664	1,911	1,499
Connecticut	74,020	5,769	5,692	5,978	5,944	6,587	6,867	7,788	9,909	11,154	8,332
Delaware	4,717	353	336	356	416	512	488	485	633	714	424
District of Columbia ..	26,806	1,942	1,993	2,300	2,495	2,796	2,919	2,655	3,161	3,533	3,012
Florida	197,771	10,713	13,009	14,009	11,404	13,414	15,077	14,028	22,748	69,586	13,783
Georgia	15,582	1,222	1,099	988	1,277	1,596	1,538	1,371	2,601	2,319	1,571
Hawaii	27,327	1,619	1,762	2,048	1,767	1,623	1,721	3,070	3,825	4,693	5,199
Idaho	3,922	464	379	374	429	370	373	333	378	392	430
Illinois	176,143	15,132	15,311	14,710	16,020	15,634	15,587	18,158	20,270	24,901	20,420
Indiana	23,865	2,373	2,240	1,991	2,053	2,251	2,095	2,292	2,908	3,048	2,614
Iowa	9,515	1,041	898	746	849	906	822	777	1,224	1,210	1,042
Kansas	9,197	969	779	823	941	1,057	896	952	981	931	868
Kentucky	7,890	803	733	649	840	948	824	760	931	771	631
Louisiana	19,468	1,443	1,645	1,540	1,784	2,041	2,221	1,894	2,194	2,919	1,787
Maine	14,476	1,553	1,465	1,369	1,487	1,489	1,491	1,224	1,154	1,853	1,391
Maryland	34,044	2,399	2,336	2,344	2,631	3,143	3,448	3,263	4,512	5,118	4,650
Massachusetts	145,046	11,953	12,091	11,578	13,571	12,650	11,455	15,120	18,246	19,339	19,043
Michigan	84,938	8,271	7,328	6,371	6,895	7,298	7,975	9,180	11,522	10,691	9,407
Minnesota	18,450	1,970	1,852	1,614	1,756	1,931	1,733	1,613	2,123	2,021	1,837
Mississippi	3,732	421	350	347	433	364	331	332	420	364	370
Missouri	19,211	1,884	1,737	1,567	1,750	1,753	1,968	1,895	2,134	2,316	2,207
Montana	4,399	467	448	471	522	515	542	503	354	328	249
Nebraska	5,890	650	637	572	585	597	580	532	573	563	601
Nevada	6,676	489	542	711	719	783	754	616	566	814	682
New Hampshire	10,053	797	976	742	977	1,024	1,142	1,016	1,157	1,176	1,046
New Jersey	167,406	13,611	13,556	13,367	14,099	14,559	15,096	17,667	18,804	27,712	18,935
New Mexico	13,207	1,105	1,473	2,031	2,012	1,460	1,367	875	903	999	982
New York	746,627	60,134	60,429	62,311	70,275	68,629	69,011	77,279	86,354	97,802	94,403
North Carolina	13,635	1,179	1,119	1,077	1,335	1,349	1,431	1,395	1,609	1,664	1,477
North Dakota	3,521	358	319	327	415	499	344	376	339	337	207
Ohio	66,097	6,829	5,741	5,201	5,504	5,619	5,444	6,333	8,315	8,677	8,434
Oklahoma	8,678	891	849	859	964	972	876	741	884	884	758
Oregon	17,368	1,715	1,857	1,590	1,590	1,822	2,040	1,571	1,617	1,964	1,602
Pennsylvania	84,982	7,933	8,052	7,535	7,463	7,487	6,976	8,432	10,291	10,772	10,041
Rhode Island	20,262	1,578	1,403	1,361	1,249	1,143	1,159	2,282	3,298	2,987	3,802
South Carolina	6,118	554	533	481	599	618	557	598	798	779	601
South Dakota	2,042	186	220	219	251	286	167	176	140	211	186
Tennessee	8,696	803	762	667	845	912	657	865	1,205	1,053	927
Texas	152,911	12,992	14,952	17,345	16,514	13,269	14,674	13,742	14,349	17,335	17,739
Utah	9,778	949	994	1,052	1,167	1,208	1,207	935	750	747	769
Vermont	6,287	780	639	577	782	671	615	526	501	683	513
Virginia	24,707	1,743	1,639	1,721	2,277	2,504	2,654	2,345	3,233	3,581	3,010
Washington	45,243	3,897	3,977	4,144	4,521	3,861	3,722	4,139	5,501	7,160	4,321
West Virginia	5,206	605	558	452	567	569	443	463	515	499	535
Wisconsin	23,645	2,504	2,426	2,133	2,234	2,311	2,190	2,225	2,896	2,661	2,065
Wyoming	2,045	201	271	299	226	179	204	167	179	156	163
U.S. terr. and poss.:											
Guam	7,165	292	256	363	664	601	640	744	987	1,215	1,403
Puerto Rico	45,792	848	1,557	2,956	3,303	4,101	4,767	7,030	6,239	10,630	4,361
Virgin Islands	10,163	369	450	569	404	386	505	708	1,389	3,413	1,940
All other	13,973	1,206	1,311	1,601	1,906	1,854	2,321	1,465	718	952	639

TABLE 12A. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY SPECIFIED COUNTRIES OF BIRTH
AND STATE OF INTENDED PERMANENT RESIDENCE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

State of intended future permanent residence	All countries	Mexico	Italy	Philippines	Canada	Greece	Jamaica	Portugal	China	United Kingdom	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Germany	Yugoslavia	Colombia	Trinidad and Tobago	Haiti	Korea	India	All other
All states ..	358,579	44,623	23,617	20,744	18,582	17,724	16,947	16,528	15,440	15,014	13,751	10,670	9,289	8,868	7,627	6,835	6,542	6,045	5,963	93,770
Alabama	499	12	5	27	36	25	10	2	32	32	7	1	81	1	7	7	-	30	25	159
Alaska	196	15	-	29	34	5	-	1	6	6	-	-	10	2	2	-	-	11	1	74
Arizona	3,501	2,365	23	56	250	19	10	6	128	113	3	1	71	14	1	1	-	44	21	3,55
Arkansas	292	19	8	15	11	2	1	-	31	16	-	-	51	1	2	-	-	35	6	34
California	71,183	22,765	824	8,180	2,440	800	244	3,342	5,584	2,220	1,129	32	1,147	591	650	116	35	1,113	961	19,010
Colorado	1,499	175	18	55	207	72	11	-	62	138	19	-	115	19	11	4	-	95	26	472
Connecticut	8,332	19	1,536	84	821	562	958	1,134	97	627	113	30	131	58	193	123	49	72	88	1,637
Delaware	424	1	32	35	27	21	23	6	38	38	15	1	15	6	10	4	1	8	22	121
Dist. of Columbia ..	3,012	21	31	153	54	143	319	24	240	166	37	42	58	21	24	178	57	125	101	1,218
Florida	13,783	169	160	178	1,542	186	743	51	147	594	5,277	73	378	59	688	55	202	100	37	3,144
Georgia	1,571	11	13	65	134	48	48	5	48	228	109	2	161	3	24	25	2	77	72	496
Hawaii	5,199	5	4	3,181	127	2	10	14	389	44	2	-	66	4	-	-	-	284	11	1,052
Idaho	430	60	-	18	50	13	1	1	20	34	2	-	27	1	2	-	-	7	1	186
Illinois	20,420	3,301	1,818	1,525	573	2,673	453	9	569	725	703	35	533	1,222	396	114	297	317	398	4,750
Indiana	2,614	220	53	129	153	287	23	5	114	289	46	5	166	280	13	4	3	103	112	609
Iowa	1,042	52	9	88	123	63	5	1	65	86	9	1	190	3	6	4	8	77	36	306
Kansas	868	75	16	39	47	13	11	1	68	58	28	4	72	32	14	5	1	50	71	263
Kentucky	631	6	10	56	31	14	15	-	25	72	14	2	95	7	14	1	-	48	23	198
Louisiana	1,787	53	25	58	40	40	3	5	77	93	155	4	74	16	69	4	1	28	47	995
Maine	1,391	5	7	23	989	16	7	24	14	55	3	48	47	-	-	1	-	26	17	109
Maryland	4,650	27	123	263	170	418	446	39	221	276	156	12	202	16	90	196	14	238	216	1,527
Massachusetts	19,043	32	1,614	171	1,521	1,534	661	6,596	472	1,023	117	114	333	41	140	592	253	93	231	3,595
Michigan	9,407	308	756	325	1,315	592	221	19	248	595	53	4	373	647	52	52	26	202	324	3,295
Minnesota	1,837	38	19	99	311	57	18	-	135	142	39	-	116	29	13	17	6	157	75	566
Mississippi	370	6	2	17	13	5	3	-	71	42	3	-	34	4	4	-	-	13	22	131
Missouri	2,207	91	145	136	125	120	21	1	152	198	39	-	154	57	35	17	13	135	116	652
Montana	249	6	2	10	68	8	-	-	19	25	-	-	22	-	-	2	-	14	4	69
Nebraska	601	50	8	79	27	14	5	15	32	32	9	-	22	21	3	3	-	42	30	176
Nevada	682	121	11	35	63	13	2	2	54	45	40	-	27	5	1	10	-	34	10	209
New Hampshire	1,046	2	17	7	493	173	6	64	12	46	2	15	38	1	2	1	8	15	11	133
New Jersey	18,935	70	3,087	527	669	1,380	1,051	1,535	296	609	1,134	294	406	678	961	316	196	194	251	5,281
New Mexico	982	566	6	34	42	23	3	2	20	56	11	3	49	3	1	-	2	25	14	122
New York	94,403	202	10,349	1,340	2,111	5,223	10,587	1,015	3,845	2,640	2,456	7,769	1,276	2,944	3,474	3,959	5,167	590	922	28,534
North Carolina	1,477	12	25	34	117	217	17	2	67	175	46	1	141	9	11	17	2	63	82	439
North Dakota	207	2	3	17	75	3	3	1	9	13	2	1	18	-	-	1	-	9	7	43
Ohio	8,434	89	700	452	483	802	260	28	251	563	116	10	358	1,553	71	55	7	229	343	2,064
Oklahoma	758	62	4	16	52	13	-	-	59	53	8	-	86	4	20	1	1	37	33	279
Oregon	1,602	68	17	92	200	42	4	13	181	124	22	3	98	39	5	-	1	99	25	569
Pennsylvania	10,041	35	1,478	337	486	1,272	431	304	342	806	122	6	506	171	148	169	97	305	440	2,585
Rhode Island	3,802	5	307	42	172	106	37	2,194	55	74	38	71	50	3	132	25	9	19	31	432
South Carolina	601	3	13	45	38	73	6	5	13	55	23	-	78	8	3	5	-	19	22	192
South Dakota	186	8	6	12	25	5	-	1	7	15	1	-	14	7	-	-	-	12	7	66
Tennessee	927	10	9	33	69	34	5	9	68	80	34	2	115	8	9	3	-	73	46	320
Texas	17,739	13,028	57	226	306	111	56	11	315	433	263	11	489	22	113	58	8	277	230	1,775
Utah	769	48	8	36	97	38	1	-	90	92	-	1	68	5	-	-	-	22	28	235
Vermont	513	1	6	-5	262	13	1	1	12	52	5	1	17	1	-	2	-	13	21	109
Virginia	3,010	26	58	270	129	171	78	16	144	288	120	7	212	28	47	61	6	189	106	1,054
Washington	4,321	159	38	779	719	73	18	8	327	484	25	-	239	23	12	10	-	156	86	1,165
West Virginia	535	2	19	57	43	40	6	3	18	71	4	-	55	9	2	3	-	41	37	125
Wisconsin	2,065	132	119	103	132	127	42	4	101	162	18	-	174	181	19	12	3	66	99	571
Wyoming	163	26	1	11	10	15	-	1	10	13	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	6	1	60
U.S. terr. & poss.																				
Guam	1,403	-	-	1,117	1	-	-	-	30	4	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	29	-	216
Puerto Rico	4,361	31	14	21	33	3	7	4	8	26	1,171	2,042	29	1	130	36	36	5	4	760
Virgin Islands ..	1,940	2	1	2	16	-	53	4	-	10	1	18	12	-	3	651	31	2	-	1,134
All other	639	6	3	-	500	2	3	-	2	48	2	-	15	10	-	1	-	2	7	38

1/ Includes Taiwan.

TABLE 12B. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY SPECIFIED COUNTRIES OF BIRTH AND RURAL AND URBAN AREA AND CITY:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

[Rural: Population of less than 2,500. Urban: Population of 2,500-99,999. Cities: Population of 100,000 or more.]

Class of place and city		All countries	Mexico	Italy	Philippines	Canada	Greece	Jamaica	Portugal	China 1/	United Kingdom	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Germany	Yugoslavia	Colombia	Trinidad and Tobago	Haiti	Korea	India	All other	
Total		358,579	44,623	23,617	20,744	18,582	17,724	16,947	16,528	15,440	15,014	13,751	10,670	9,289	8,868	7,627	6,835	6,542	6,045	5,963	93,770	
Rural		25,800	5,721	1,677	780	1,665	1,307	1,394	1,380	554	1,192	292	511	1,002	239	992	395	460	506	290	5,463	
Urban		126,278	20,959	8,385	6,700	9,843	6,226	4,732	9,139	3,964	6,765	3,455	658	4,596	2,076	2,337	1,368	738	2,684	2,482	29,171	
Cities: Total		192,391	17,548	13,436	11,632	5,480	10,102	10,646	5,926	10,738	6,403	8,755	7,284	3,265	6,476	4,070	4,327	5,237	2,672	3,104	55,290	
Ariz.,	Phoenix	692	217	10	13	105	14	4	1	61	39	2	1	33	6	1	1	-	15	10	159	
	Tucson	562	346	9	8	44	1	3	-	28	24	1	-	16	4	-	-	-	6	9	63	
Calif.,	Anaheim	235	92	4	5	32	4	-	-	10	4	11	4	5	6	6	-	-	2	-	50	
	Berkeley	524	34	7	38	15	4	1	8	125	22	5	1	12	5	1	-	-	12	46	188	
	Fresno	332	87	5	16	17	3	-	47	28	7	1	-	9	2	1	-	-	6	9	94	
	Glendale	274	30	8	36	10	7	-	1	2	12	14	2	5	2	13	-	1	16	-	115	
	Long Beach	521	58	4	115	37	26	1	5	19	22	11	-	15	1	9	-	-	11	15	172	
	Los Angeles	13,457	4,331	101	1,207	266	85	110	9	919	180	381	2	101	99	221	38	10	299	112	4,986	
	Oakland	1,419	197	18	225	30	42	2	66	297	23	7	-	16	6	6	-	-	24	37	423	
	Pasadena	576	79	11	71	5	9	1	2	36	17	14	1	11	2	22	10	-	5	5	275	
	Sacramento	911	181	6	97	13	35	-	36	223	21	1	-	25	4	3	-	1	15	10	240	
	San Diego	2,540	1,444	47	235	130	23	2	105	65	105	13	-	38	8	6	1	1	19	10	288	
	San Francisco	8,894	300	113	2,368	100	112	7	31	2,205	142	31	1	63	47	41	6	5	143	154	3,025	
	San Jose	1,270	371	50	125	38	37	5	290	62	38	5	-	28	11	3	1	-	12	30	164	
	Santa Ana	516	349	2	15	25	-	-	2	6	15	9	-	3	-	-	-	-	7	-	83	
	Torrance	257	48	1	26	11	6	-	7	9	29	23	-	14	-	1	-	-	8	6	68	
Colo.,		Denver	675	76	5	32	78	45	5	-	31	57	16	-	35	11	7	3	-	35	5	234
Conn.,	Bridgeport	768	6	118	2	38	75	37	256	-	33	18	10	4	24	16	1	-	3	5	122	
	Hartford	1,582	1	217	16	201	88	327	297	3	81	24	4	14	1	29	21	3	11	20	224	
	New Haven	435	1	114	6	7	24	30	27	13	37	10	1	14	-	12	2	1	5	16	115	
	Waterbury	454	-	157	6	26	45	8	89	4	22	4	1	1	9	7	40	-	2	1	32	
D.C.,		Washington	3,012	21	31	153	54	143	319	24	240	166	37	42	58	21	24	178	57	125	101	1,218
Fla.,	Jacksonville	293	2	4	27	18	6	7	-	8	17	39	1	21	-	3	-	4	13	1	122	
	Miami	6,709	47	28	20	136	30	212	9	45	88	4,122	42	59	11	394	30	166	15	4	1,251	
	Tampa	364	19	13	9	46	1	15	-	8	16	84	1	18	3	16	-	-	3	1	111	
Ge.,		Atlanta	537	8	1	9	44	20	34	-	18	71	61	-	21	2	16	7	-	12	22	191
Hawaii,		Honolulu	3,691	3	3	2,009	111	-	5	4	369	29	2	-	43	4	-	1	-	236	9	863
Ill.,		Chicago	14,625	2,390	1,279	1,352	238	2,161	250	3	407	342	529	32	224	934	335	60	232	147	272	3,438
Ind.,	Fort Wayne	175	20	-	11	24	24	2	-	11	13	9	-	13	1	1	-	-	8	4	34	
	Gary	407	43	12	8	8	122	4	-	1	8	5	-	4	138	-	-	1	3	2	48	
	Indianapolis	495	12	3	25	32	19	11	-	24	149	13	3	26	15	1	-	1	21	31	109	
Kan.,		Wichita	194	27	1	7	10	1	-	15	18	10	-	3	1	-	-	-	7	26	67	
La.,		New Orleans	1,159	22	15	29	17	22	-	2	41	48	120	2	37	11	58	1	1	10	22	701
Md.,		Baltimore	1,592	3	68	81	47	265	138	3	76	93	11	5	60	9	23	85	7	44	71	503
Mass.,	Boston	3,400	11	471	32	130	256	272	88	211	233	32	16	39	11	50	343	116	18	54	1,017	
	Cambridge	1,090	1	75	3	47	57	28	450	41	70	13	3	17	3	9	18	13	3	19	220	
	New Bedford	1,773	-	4	4	21	14	5	1,604	3	6	-	1	2	-	4	-	-	3	-	102	
	Springfield	333	1	66	3	46	49	47	24	5	16	-	-	4	-	-	10	3	-	5	57	
	Worcester	374	1	50	1	17	104	8	1	3	39	2	-	6	4	3	2	3	6	12	112	
Mich.,	Dearborn	396	-	44	2	24	6	1	-	1	25	1	-	4	47	8	-	-	4	18	211	
	Detroit	3,701	146	390	146	325	288	57	1	90	148	15	-	86	414	13	19	10	61	100	1,392	
	Flint	213	10	6	4	23	35	-	-	4	14	2	-	5	5	5	-	-	11	5	84	
	Grand Rapids	170	3	12	2	32	8	5	-	4	9	8	1	9	2	1	1	2	5	5	61	

1/ Includes Taiwan.

TABLE 12B. IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY SPECIFIED COUNTRIES OF BIRTH AND RURAL AND URBAN AREA AND CITY: (Contd.)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

/Rural: Population of less than 2,500. Urban: Population of 2,500-99,999. Cities: Population of 100,000 or more.

Class of place and city		All countries	Mexico	Italy	Philippines	Canada	Greece	Jamaica	Portugal	China 1/	United Kingdom	Cuba	Dominican Republic	Germany	Yugoslavia	Colombia	Trinidad and Tobago	Haiti	Korea	India	All other
Cities (Contd.)																					
Minn.,	Minneapolis	723	14	5	39	73	33	10	-	61	54	26	-	37	3	4	10	2	46	42	264
	St. Paul	369	8	2	20	49	6	-	-	37	34	3	-	13	4	2	1	1	31	25	133
Mo.,	Kansas City	511	60	45	34	30	26	7	-	33	24	12	-	23	4	9	3	-	15	24	162
	St. Louis	895	14	86	57	42	76	8	-	57	99	15	-	32	44	21	5	13	41	43	242
Nebr.,	Omaha	235	5	7	24	10	2	1	4	16	10	3	-	18	19	1	-	-	10	10	95
N.J.,	Elizabeth	832	2	73	25	2	60	4	267	11	11	144	13	2	12	54	3	7	2	6	134
	Jersey City	1,105	-	185	104	15	207	9	10	16	10	25	41	7	5	64	3	14	12	7	371
	Newark	2,471	3	235	93	40	30	69	934	57	27	107	30	3	83	43	20	13	8	38	638
	Paterson	1,373	2	381	11	11	16	54	7	10	6	45	45	3	168	176	3	9	5	4	417
	Trenton	260	-	80	4	8	38	13	-	1	6	-	2	9	4	10	2	-	5	4	74
N.Mex.,	Albuquerque	191	22	3	16	24	14	-	-	6	11	7	1	11	3	1	-	2	12	9	49
N.Y.,	Albany	398	-	76	6	56	26	23	8	15	29	7	-	9	4	-	7	-	15	6	111
	Buffalo	778	2	190	23	94	18	11	1	15	43	7	-	30	26	7	-	-	17	49	242
	New York	67,943	116	6,263	975	557	3,260	7,840	353	3,209	1,473	1,966	6,867	612	2,521	1,998	3,140	4,442	334	507	21,510
	Rochester	1,825	3	313	11	222	199	99	11	40	186	21	3	93	49	10	7	3	14	45	496
	Syracuse	590	2	112	36	33	51	13	6	24	43	-	-	17	31	2	2	2	10	38	168
	Yonkers	757	-	144	5	11	19	34	146	16	7	32	13	14	4	31	8	1	5	-	267
N.C.,	Charlotte	277	6	6	-	21	103	-	-	4	25	30	-	11	-	1	3	-	2	8	57
Ohio,	Akron	372	1	42	14	27	29	2	-	12	23	8	-	14	74	-	2	1	14	18	91
	Canton	173	-	19	1	4	70	-	1	-	15	-	-	4	17	-	1	-	5	8	28
	Cincinnati	585	6	27	57	9	49	36	7	22	91	18	2	31	22	8	7	-	15	19	158
	Cleveland	2,877	10	299	112	81	198	69	-	34	117	29	-	46	1,054	11	24	-	20	90	683
	Columbus	570	1	14	27	24	29	13	1	67	26	14	1	25	62	3	1	1	23	47	191
	Dayton	271	6	8	16	21	16	9	-	14	32	22	1	11	1	2	-	-	15	20	77
	Toledo	311	4	4	22	38	32	19	-	12	19	6	-	14	9	3	1	-	10	17	101
	Youngstown	187	2	19	5	3	17	1	-	5	7	1	2	6	18	2	-	-	6	2	91
Okla.,	Oklahoma City	173	33	2	1	13	1	-	-	11	16	-	-	15	-	1	-	-	3	8	69
Oreg.,	Portland	669	11	9	40	99	28	4	2	76	55	17	3	28	33	3	-	1	31	10	219
Pa.,	Allentown	227	-	5	3	3	22	15	10	3	7	2	1	10	3	3	1	-	8	1	130
	Philadelphia	3,456	8	541	176	86	514	165	185	136	199	67	1	102	65	48	44	67	73	121	858
	Pittsburgh	1,237	9	211	52	62	78	27	-	46	128	3	2	57	22	7	24	2	44	97	366
R.I.,	Providence	1,012	3	136	7	26	28	15	460	21	17	22	64	12	2	10	11	6	1	11	160
Tenn.,	Memphis	200	5	5	5	8	17	1	-	40	16	12	1	6	-	2	1	-	6	7	68
Texas,	Austin	266	61	1	11	9	4	-	-	13	17	5	-	12	1	-	-	-	6	29	87
	Dallas	1,219	437	7	43	53	21	14	1	27	66	60	2	67	2	16	13	6	57	51	276
	El Paso	3,038	2,793	8	22	13	1	-	-	10	20	12	-	47	2	-	-	-	19	12	79
	Fort Worth	295	134	4	3	16	3	3	-	2	21	7	-	17	3	10	1	-	5	1	68
	Houston	2,751	1,306	7	53	92	38	17	-	155	117	105	4	85	3	66	32	1	37	68	565
	San Antonio	1,491	1,163	3	22	8	7	2	1	37	45	24	1	34	-	3	4	-	7	2	128
Utah,	Salt Lake City	405	15	1	9	26	35	-	-	58	45	-	1	37	2	-	-	-	8	18	150
Va.,	Norfolk	311	-	9	93	14	12	-	-	33	25	6	-	13	-	6	3	-	6	4	87
	Richmond	334	4	10	10	18	27	1	-	20	48	21	-	24	9	5	15	-	6	23	93
Wash.,	Seattle	2,068	16	22	516	247	50	14	6	251	154	5	-	81	9	7	4	-	61	54	571
	Tacoma	229	1	5	39	36	3	2	-	7	26	4	-	30	4	1	-	-	20	2	49
Wis.,	Madison	219	5	11	3	14	5	1	-	20	16	-	-	22	3	2	1	-	10	24	82
	Milwaukee	892	42	56	36	37	84	29	3	48	74	13	-	47	99	4	4	3	15	41	257
Other cities		3,423	175	162	152	417	184	31	10	159	315	106	6	203	88	44	34	5	146	150	1,036
U. S. territories and possessions:																					
	Guam	1,403	-	-	1,117	1	-	-	-	30	4	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	29	-	216
	Puerto Rico	4,361	31	14	21	33	3	7	4	8	26	1,171	2,042	29	1	130	36	36	5	4	760
	Virgin Islands	1,940	2	1	2	16	-	53	4	-	10	1	18	12	-	3	651	31	2	-	1,134
All other		6,406	362	104	492	1,566	86	115	75	146	614	77	154	382	76	95	58	40	147	83	1,736

1/ Includes Taiwan.

TABLE 13. IMMIGRATION BY COUNTRY, FOR DECADES:
1820-1969 1/

From 1820 to 1867, figures represent alien passengers arrived; 1868 to 1891, inclusive, and 1895 to 1897, inclusive, immigrant aliens arrived; 1892 to 1894, inclusive, and 1898 to the present time, immigrant aliens admitted. Data for years prior to 1906 relate to country whence alien came; thereafter to country of last permanent residence. Because of changes in boundaries and changes in lists of countries, data for certain countries are not comparable throughout.

Countries	1820	1821-1830	1831-1840	1841-1850	1851-1860	1861-1870	1871-1880
All countries	8,385	143,439	599,125	1,713,251	2,598,214	2,314,824	2,812,191
Europe	7,691	98,817	495,688	1,597,501	2,452,660	2,065,270	2,272,262
Austria-Hungary 2/ 5/	-	-	-	-	-	7,800	72,969
Belgium	1	27	22	5,074	4,738	6,734	7,221
Denmark	20	169	1,063	539	3,749	17,094	31,771
France	371	8,497	45,575	77,262	76,358	35,986	72,206
Germany 2/ 5/	968	6,761	152,454	434,626	951,667	787,468	718,182
(England	1,782	14,055	7,611	32,092	247,125	222,277	437,706
Great (Scotland	268	2,912	2,667	3,712	38,331	38,769	87,564
Britain (Wales	-	170	185	1,261	6,319	4,313	6,631
(Not specified 3/	360	7,942	65,347	229,979	132,199	341,537	16,142
Greece	-	20	49	16	31	72	210
Ireland	3,614	50,724	207,381	780,719	914,119	435,778	436,871
Italy	30	409	2,253	1,870	9,231	11,725	55,759
Netherlands	49	1,078	1,412	8,251	10,789	9,102	16,541
Norway) 4/	3	91	1,201	13,903	20,931	(71,631	(95,323
Sweden)	-	-	-	-	-	(37,667	(115,922
Poland 5/	5	16	369	105	1,164	2,027	12,970
Portugal	35	145	829	550	1,055	2,658	14,082
Romania 13/	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Spain	139	2,477	2,125	2,209	9,298	6,697	5,266
Switzerland	31	3,226	4,821	4,644	25,011	23,286	28,293
Turkey in Europe	1	20	7	59	83	129	337
U.S.S.R. 5/ 6/	14	75	277	551	457	2,512	39,284
Other Europe	-	3	40	79	5	8	1,001
Asia	5	10	48	82	41,455	64,630	123,823
China	1	2	8	35	41,397	64,301	123,201
India	1	8	39	36	43	69	163
Japan 7/	-	-	-	-	-	186	149
Turkey in Asia 8/	-	-	-	-	-	2	67
Other Asia	3	-	1	11	15	72	243
America	387	11,564	33,424	62,469	74,720	166,607	404,044
Canada & Newfoundland 9/	209	2,277	13,624	41,723	59,309	153,878	383,640
Mexico 10/	1	4,817	6,599	3,271	3,078	2,191	5,162
West Indies	164	3,834	12,301	13,528	10,660	9,046	13,957
Central America	2	105	44	368	449	95	157
South America	11	531	856	3,579	1,224	1,397	1,128
Africa	1	16	54	55	210	312	358
Australia & New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	36	9,886
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,028
Not specified	301	33,032	69,911	53,144	29,169	17,969	790

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 13. IMMIGRATION BY COUNTRY, FOR DECADES: (Contd.)
1820-1969 1/

Countries	1881-1890	1891-1900	1901-1910	1911-1920	1921-1930	1931-1940	1941-1950
All countries	5,246,613	3,687,564	8,795,386	5,735,811	4,107,209	528,431	1,035,039
Europe	4,737,046	3,558,978	8,136,016	4,376,564	2,477,853	348,289	621,704
Albania 12/	-	-	-	-	-	2,040	85
Austria)	-	-	-	(453,649	32,868	3,563	24,860
Hungary) 2/ 5/	353,719	592,707	2,145,266	(442,693	30,680	7,861	3,469
Belgium	20,177	18,167	41,635	33,746	15,846	4,817	12,189
Bulgaria 11/	-	160	39,280	22,533	2,945	938	375
Czechoslovakia 12/	-	-	-	3,426	102,194	14,393	8,347
Denmark	88,132	50,231	65,285	41,983	32,430	2,559	5,393
Estonia	-	-	-	-	-	506	212
Finland 12/	-	-	-	756	16,691	2,146	2,503
France	50,464	30,770	73,379	61,897	49,610	12,623	38,809
Germany 2/ 5/	1,452,970	505,152	341,498	143,945	412,202	114,058	226,578
(England	644,680	216,726	388,017	249,944	157,420	21,756	112,252
Great (Scotland	149,869	44,188	120,469	78,357	159,781	6,887	16,131
Britain (Wales	12,640	10,557	17,464	13,107	13,012	735	3,209
(Not specified 3/	168	67	-	-	-	-	-
Greece	2,308	15,979	167,519	184,201	51,084	9,119	8,973
Ireland	655,482	388,416	339,065	146,181	220,591	13,167	26,967
Italy	307,309	651,893	2,045,877	1,109,524	455,315	68,028	57,661
Latvia 12/	-	-	-	-	-	1,192	361
Lithuania 12/	-	-	-	-	-	2,201	683
Luxembourg 16/	-	-	-	-	-	565	820
Netherlands	53,701	26,758	48,262	43,718	26,948	7,150	14,860
Norway 4/	176,586	95,015	190,505	66,395	68,531	4,740	10,100
Poland 5/	51,806	96,720	-	4,813	227,734	17,026	7,571
Portugal	16,978	27,508	69,149	89,732	29,994	3,329	7,423
Romania 13/	6,348	12,750	53,008	13,311	67,646	3,871	1,076
Spain	4,419	8,731	27,935	68,611	28,958	3,258	2,898
Sweden 4/	391,776	226,266	249,534	95,074	97,249	3,960	10,665
Switzerland	81,988	31,179	34,922	23,091	29,676	5,512	10,547
Turkey in Europe	1,562	3,626	79,976	54,677	14,659	737	580
U.S.S.R. 5/ 6/	213,282	505,290	1,597,306	921,201	61,742	1,356	548
Yugoslavia 11/	-	-	-	1,888	49,064	5,835	1,576
Other Europe	682	122	665	8,111	22,983	2,361	3,983
Asia	68,380	71,236	243,567	192,559	97,400	15,344	31,780
China	61,711	14,799	20,605	21,278	29,907	4,928	16,709
India	269	68	4,713	2,082	1,886	496	1,761
Japan 7/	2,270	25,942	129,797	83,837	33,462	1,948	1,555
Turkey in Asia 8/	2,220	26,799	77,393	79,389	19,165	328	218
Other Asia	1,910	3,628	11,059	5,973	12,980	7,644	11,537
America	426,967	38,972	361,888	1,143,671	1,516,716	160,037	354,804
Canada & Newfoundland 9/	393,304	3,311	179,226	742,185	924,515	108,527	171,718
Mexico 10/	1,913	971	49,642	219,004	459,287	22,319	60,589
West Indies	29,042	33,066	107,548	123,424	74,899	15,502	49,725
Central America	404	549	8,192	17,159	15,769	5,861	21,665
South America	2,304	1,075	17,280	41,899	42,215	7,803	21,831
Other America 14/	-	-	-	-	31	25	29,276
Africa	857	350	7,368	8,443	6,286	1,750	7,367
Australia & New Zealand	7,017	2,740	11,975	12,348	8,299	2,231	13,805
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	5,557	1,225	1,049	1,079	427	780	5,437
Not specified 15/	789	14,063	33,523	1,147	228	-	142

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 13. IMMIGRATION BY COUNTRY, FOR DECADES: (Contd.)
1820-1969 1/

Countries	1951-1960	1961-1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	Total 150 years 1820-1969
All countries	2,515,479	1,450,312	323,040	361,972	454,448	358,579	44,789,312
Europe	1,328,293	531,270	115,898	128,775	129,022	114,052	35,593,649
Albania 12/	59	48	10	15	9	9	2,275
Austria 2/ 5/	67,106	6,638	1,446	1,484	2,022	3,762	4,296,050
Hungary 2/ 5/	36,637	2,591	627	582	534	517	-
Belgium	18,575	5,463	887	862	754	562	197,497
Bulgaria 11/	104	397	57	43	43	38	66,913
Czechoslovakia 12/	918	1,005	286	297	398	532	131,796
Denmark	10,984	4,987	953	991	1,126	580	360,039
Estonia 12/	185	94	24	17	11	8	1,057
Finland 12/	4,925	2,164	374	449	586	247	30,841
France	51,121	24,431	4,173	4,904	4,815	3,203	726,454
Germany 2/ 5/	477,765	118,945	17,661	16,595	16,590	10,380	6,906,465
Great Britain	156,171	88,730	16,018	20,257	22,970	13,522	3,071,111
(England	32,854	19,489	2,573	2,552	2,818	1,397	811,588
(Scotland	2,589	1,167	184	195	237	153	94,128
(Wales	3,884	696	664	774	727	414	800,900
(Not specified 3/	47,608	19,290	8,221	14,194	12,185	16,634	557,713
Greece	57,332	27,844	2,603	1,991	2,268	1,567	4,712,680
Ireland	185,491	78,893	26,449	28,487	25,882	27,033	5,149,119
Italy	352	261	67	62	37	38	2,370
Latvia 12/	242	344	63	49	48	27	3,657
Lithuania 12/	684	303	59	50	66	35	2,582
Luxembourg 16/	52,277	22,218	1,922	1,786	2,051	1,285	350,158
Netherlands	22,525	10,301	1,620	1,282	1,196	602	852,891
Norway 4/	9,985	32,889	8,470	4,356	3,676	2,115	483,871
Poland 5/	19,588	14,308	8,481	13,400	11,827	15,785	346,856
Portugal	1,039	1,158	241	179	214	266	161,118
Romania 13/	7,894	16,057	4,944	4,562	7,904	5,929	220,311
Spain	21,697	10,095	1,863	1,822	1,748	789	1,266,127
Sweden 4/	17,675	9,921	1,995	2,279	2,187	859	341,143
Switzerland	2,653	2,727	579	677	626	854	164,569
Turkey in Europe	584	872	259	299	292	254	3,346,455
U.S.S.R. 5/ 6/	8,225	5,395	1,611	2,753	2,705	4,078	83,130
Yugoslavia 11/	8,155	1,549	514	530	470	578	51,839
Other Europe							
Asia 17/	147,453	104,305	42,112	57,574	56,298	72,259	1,422,020
China 18/	9,657	8,156	2,948	7,118	4,851	5,264	436,876
India	1,973	2,602	2,293	4,129	4,165	5,205	32,001
Japan 7/	46,250	19,759	3,468	4,125	3,810	4,095	360,653
Turkey in Asia 8/	866	1,603	365	491	325	556	209,787
Other Asia	88,707	72,185	31,038	41,711	43,147	57,839	389,703
America	996,944	795,080	162,552	170,235	262,736	164,045	7,307,862
Canada and Newfoundland 9/	377,952	243,400	37,273	34,768	41,716	29,303	3,941,858
Mexico 10/	299,811	228,401	47,217	43,034	44,716	45,748	1,547,771
West Indies	123,091	119,596	37,999	61,987	140,827	53,190	1,033,386
Central America	44,751	52,182	9,889	8,862	11,051	9,857	207,411
South America	91,628	138,052	28,113	18,562	23,991	25,542	469,021
Other America 14/	59,711	13,449	2,061	3,022	435	405	108,415
Africa	14,092	9,631	1,967	2,577	3,220	4,460	69,374
Australia and New Zealand	11,506	8,195	1,890	2,128	2,374	2,278	96,708
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.) 17/	4,698	848	177	149	139	225	22,818
Not specified 15/	12,493	983	444	534	659	560	269,881

- 1/ Data for fiscal years ended June 30, except 1820 to 1831, inclusive, and 1844 to 1849, inclusive, fiscal years ended September 30; 1833 to 1842, inclusive, and 1851 to 1867, inclusive, years ended December 31; 1832 covers 15 months ended December 31; 1843, 9 months ended September 30; 1850, 15 months ended December 31; and 1868, 6 months ended June 30.
- 2/ Data for Austria-Hungary were not reported until 1861. Austria and Hungary have been recorded separately since 1905. In the years 1938 to 1945, inclusive, Austria was included with Germany.
- 3/ Great Britain not specified. In the years 1901 to 1951, included in other Europe.
- 4/ From 1820 to 1868, the figures for Norway and Sweden were combined.
- 5/ Poland was recorded as a separate country from 1820 to 1898 and since 1920. Between 1899 and 1919, Poland was included with Austria-Hungary, Germany and Russia.
- 6/ Between 1931 and 1963, the U.S.S.R. was broken down into European U.S.S.R. and Asian U.S.S.R. Since 1964 total U.S.S.R. has been reported in Europe.
- 7/ No record of immigration from Japan until 1861.
- 8/ No record of immigration from Turkey in Asia until 1869.
- 9/ Prior to 1920, Canada and Newfoundland were recorded as British North America. From 1820 to 1898, the figures included all British North American possessions.
- 10/ No record of immigration from Mexico from 1886 to 1893.
- 11/ Bulgaria, Serbia, and Montenegro were first reported in 1899. Bulgaria has been reported separately since 1920, and, in 1920, also a separate enumeration was made for the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes. Since 1922, the Serb, Croat, and Slovene Kingdom has been recorded as Yugoslavia.
- 12/ Countries added to the list since the beginning of World War I are, therefore, included with the countries to which they belonged. Figures are available since 1920 for Czechoslovakia and Finland and, since 1924, for Albania, Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.
- 13/ No record of immigration from Romania until 1880.
- 14/ Included with countries not specified prior to 1925.
- 15/ The figure 33,523 in column headed 1901-1910 includes 32,897 persons returning in 1906 to their homes in the United States.
- 16/ Figures for Luxembourg are available since 1925.
- 17/ Beginning with the year 1952, Asia includes the Philippines. From 1934 to 1951, the Philippines were included in the Pacific Islands. Prior to 1934, the Philippines were recorded in separate tables as insular travel.
- 18/ Beginning in 1957, China includes Taiwan.

TABLE 16A. TEMPORARY WORKERS ADMITTED UNDER SECTION 101(a)(15)(H) OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT,
BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF LAST PERMANENT RESIDENCE:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1968 AND 1969

Country or region of last permanent residence	1969				1968			
	Total	Workers of distinguished merit and ability (H(1))	Other temporary workers (H(11))	Industrial trainees (H(111))	Total	Workers of distinguished merit and ability (H(1))	Other temporary workers (H(11))	Industrial trainees (H(111))
All countries	62,952	8,941	49,913	4,098	68,969	11,578	52,798	4,593
Europe	9,074	4,526	2,035	2,513	10,630	6,123	1,841	2,666
Austria	420	113	205	102	665	342	147	176
Belgium	87	25	7	55	172	33	5	134
Czechoslovakia	111	89	5	17	275	265	6	4
Denmark	147	73	8	66	103	48	6	49
Finland	123	78	2	43	187	162	2	23
France	700	397	80	223	820	481	72	267
Germany	1,248	502	159	587	1,081	451	108	522
Greece	245	75	167	3	146	44	93	9
Hungary	47	38	9	-	59	34	1	4
Ireland	260	83	81	96	430	137	135	158
Italy	445	321	63	61	1,066	935	47	84
Netherlands	301	178	17	106	247	118	12	117
Norway	63	13	16	34	229	16	190	23
Poland	64	45	17	2	116	98	17	1
Portugal	82	33	45	4	59	52	6	1
Romania	160	157	-	3	2	1	-	1
Spain	817	359	423	35	900	482	365	53
Sweden	319	67	15	237	328	204	14	110
Switzerland	338	106	55	177	408	111	60	237
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	23	16	1	6	10	5	1	4
United Kingdom	2,759	1,464	648	647	2,819	1,602	537	680
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	140	136	3	1	158	156	2	-
Yugoslavia	129	122	3	4	314	296	13	5
Other Europe	46	36	6	4	36	30	2	4
Asia	1,703	551	779	373	2,201	841	482	878
China 1/	39	4	3	23	19	5	-	14
Hong Kong	14	6	1	7	50	38	2	10
India	137	78	19	40	163	104	5	54
Indonesia	5	1	3	4	3	2	-	1
Iran	33	7	3	23	7	1	1	4
Iraq	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	-
Israel	293	87	188	18	511	309	179	23
Japan	561	190	183	188	1,144	270	218	656
Jordan 2/	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Korea	207	98	80	29	117	68	4	45
Lebanon	13	1	8	4	13	2	-	11
Pakistan	9	6	-	3	13	3	-	10
Philippines	354	66	274	14	72	15	32	25
Ryukyu Islands	1	-	-	1	29	-	15	14
Thailand	4	1	-	3	12	3	6	3
Syrian Arab Republic	2	-	-	2	1	1	-	-
Vietnam	16	1	15	13	27	9	18	-
Other Asia	23	5	5	13	18	9	1	8
North America	50,954	3,414	46,732	808	55,003	4,039	50,268	696
Canada	20,843	2,105	18,145	593	24,453	2,609	21,344	500
Mexico	1,425	1,080	229	116	1,600	1,298	176	126
West Indies	28,427	195	28,168	64	28,836	106	28,575	55
Antigua	3,263	2	3,261	-	4,103	-	4,102	1
Bahamas	26	6	14	6	36	8	24	4
Cuba	3	2	1	-	11	10	1	-
Dominican Republic	222	20	177	25	142	40	100	2
Haiti	6	5	-	1	5	5	-	-
Jamaica	9,723	108	9,612	3	7,738	14	7,713	11
St. Christopher	6,859	-	6,859	-	7,110	-	7,105	5
Trinidad and Tobago	2,599	30	2,554	15	1,732	4	1,722	6
Other West Indies	5,726	22	5,690	14	7,959	25	7,908	26
Central America	254	32	188	34	108	26	67	15
Costa Rica	9	2	4	3	10	6	3	1
El Salvador	26	20	5	1	10	3	5	2
Guatemala	14	-	4	10	14	7	1	6
Honduras	140	-	128	12	32	-	31	1
Nicaragua	13	8	3	15	15	1	14	1
Panama	52	2	39	5	26	10	13	3
Other Central America	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Other North America	5	2	2	1	6	-	6	-
South America	736	270	264	202	677	358	120	199
Argentina	141	75	30	36	181	143	12	26
Bolivia	1	-	-	1	6	1	-	5
Brazil	141	55	52	34	137	83	8	46
Chile	51	10	7	34	82	30	1	51
Colombia	91	7	53	31	93	46	23	24
Ecuador	34	1	27	6	17	-	10	7
Guyana	5	4	-	1	8	3	4	1
Peru	50	14	14	22	11	2	1	8
Venezuela	186	82	75	29	125	42	58	25
Other South America	36	22	6	8	17	8	3	6
Africa	199	78	31	90	187	117	16	54
Algeria	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	1
Morocco	3	1	-	2	5	3	1	1
Nigeria	9	4	-	5	1	1	-	-
South Africa	60	22	9	29	61	17	8	36
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	11	7	1	3	3	2	1	-
Other Africa	115	44	21	50	116	94	6	16
Oceania	286	102	72	112	271	100	71	100
Australia	193	90	37	66	186	88	22	76
New Zealand	50	12	15	23	27	12	5	10
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	26	-	7	19	15	-	2	13
Other Oceania	17	-	13	4	43	-	42	1

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 16B. TEMPORARY WORKERS ADMITTED UNDER SECTION 101(a)(15)(H) AND SECTION 101(a)(15)(J)
OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT, BY OCCUPATION:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Occupation	Total	Workers of distinguished merit and ability	Other temporary workers	Industrial trainees	Exchange visitors
All countries	110,127	8,941	49,913	4,098	47,175
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	33,832	7,700	7,514	1,497	17,121
Accountants and auditors	337	9	15	65	248
Actors and actresses	514	360	115	4	35
Airplane pilots and navigators	87	4	5	74	4
Architects	123	16	22	13	72
Artists and art teachers	85	42	13	2	28
Athletes	2,405	1,263	1,093	16	33
Authors	73	8	3	4	58
Chemists	742	36	3	29	674
Clergymen	87	10	8	6	63
Professors and instructors	2,523	294	42	14	2,173
Dancers and dancing teachers	648	571	72	1	4
Dentists	59	2	-	1	56
Designers	88	14	39	24	11
Dietitians and nutritionists	21	-	-	3	18
Draftsmen	205	2	161	35	7
Editors and reporters	107	5	4	4	94
Engineers	1,966	193	275	464	1,034
Entertainers	2,200	1,564	617	10	9
Farm and home management advisors	34	-	16	3	15
Foresters and conservationists	25	1	1	2	21
Lawyers and judges	212	2	6	26	178
Librarians	49	3	4	3	39
Musicians and music teachers	6,789	2,588	4,001	19	181
Nurses	1,898	3	16	8	1,871
Optometrists	16	-	1	-	15
Personnel and labor relations workers	30	1	2	10	17
Agricultural scientists	308	6	8	28	266
Biological scientists	234	22	2	2	208
Geologists and geophysicists	115	27	1	15	72
Mathematicians	82	13	4	2	63
Physicists	328	50	2	4	272
Miscellaneous natural scientists	121	15	1	-	105
Pharmacists	66	2	6	5	53
Photographers	21	5	4	1	11
Physicians and surgeons	4,759	62	20	217	4,460
Public relations men and publicity writers	29	6	7	2	14
Radio operators	7	-	1	-	6
Recreation and group workers	780	2	204	4	570
Religious workers	31	5	-	5	21
Social and welfare workers, except group	128	5	15	3	105
Economists	250	7	4	33	206
Psychologists	52	5	-	2	45
Statisticians and actuaries	51	-	1	8	42
Miscellaneous social scientists	96	9	-	1	86
Sports instructors and officials	305	46	242	3	14
Surveyors	53	7	21	3	22
Technicians	987	57	163	125	642
Teachers	1,942	121	151	20	1,650
Therapists and healers, not specified	51	4	2	4	41
Veterinarians	68	2	2	7	57
Professional, technical, and kindred workers, other	1,645	231	119	163	1,132
Farmers and farm managers	109	2	15	33	59
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	1,771	70	92	207	1,402
Buyers and department heads, store	70	-	17	4	49
Foreign government officials	924	8	2	3	911
Managers and superintendents, building	22	2	15	4	1
Officers, pilots, pursers, and engineers, ship	27	2	1	23	1
Officials and administrators, public administration	126	3	6	7	110
Officials, lodge, society, union, etc.	78	-	-	-	78
Managers, officials, and proprietors, other	524	55	51	166	252
Clerical and kindred workers	516	8	203	125	180
Agents	32	-	11	19	2
Bank tellers	54	-	1	25	28
Bookkeepers	20	-	11	6	3
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators	11	-	1	6	4
Office machine operators	29	-	3	9	17
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries	64	1	15	22	26
Stock clerks and storekeepers	21	-	10	4	7
Telegraph and telephone operators	17	1	3	2	11
Ticket, station, and express agents	21	-	18	2	1
Clerical and kindred workers, other	247	6	130	30	81
Sales workers	486	4	335	108	39
Advertising agents and salesmen	33	1	2	25	6
Insurance agents and brokers	43	-	14	24	4
Stock and bond salesmen	12	-	4	7	1
Salesmen and sales clerks, other	398	3	315	52	28

TABLE 16B. TEMPORARY WORKERS ADMITTED UNDER SECTION 101(a)(15)(H) AND SECTION 101(a)(15)(J)
OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT, BY OCCUPATION: (Cont'd)
YEAR, ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

2.

Occupation	Total	Workers of distinguished merit and ability	Other temporary workers	Industrial trainees	Exchange visitors
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	8,594	73	8,255	130	136
Boilermakers	71	-	70	1	-
Brickmasons, stonemasons, and tile setters	1,152	3	1,146	2	1
Carpenters	1,258	2	1,255	-	1
Cement and concrete finishers	53	-	52	1	-
Cranemen, derrickmen, and hoistmen	213	-	212	1	-
Electricians	1,470	7	1,433	11	19
Excavating, grading, and road machinery operators	83	2	81	-	-
Foremen	87	7	69	9	2
Inspectors, other	22	1	8	1	12
Linemen and servicemen, telegraph, telephone, and power	672	2	661	6	3
Mechanists	82	2	52	26	2
Mechanics and repairmen	781	5	684	25	67
Millwrights	110	-	110	-	-
Painters, construction and maintenance	16	-	13	2	1
Plasterers	41	-	41	-	-
Plumbers and pipe fitters	1,667	10	1,653	4	-
Pressmen and plate printers, printing	14	-	11	1	2
Stone cutters and stone carvers	17	-	17	-	-
Structural metal workers	345	2	341	2	-
Tailors and tailoresses	18	1	17	-	-
Tinsmiths, coppermiths, and sheet metal workers	197	-	195	-	2
Tool makers, and die makers and setters	28	-	22	6	-
Craftsmen and kindred workers, other	197	29	112	32	24
Operatives and kindred workers	2,804	93	2,082	503	126
Apprentices	665	76	44	453	92
Asbestos and insulation workers	177	-	177	-	-
Attendants, auto service and parking	151	-	151	-	-
Bus drivers	11	-	11	-	-
Checkers, examiners, and inspectors, manufacturing	14	1	1	-	12
Laundry and dry cleaning operatives	157	-	153	2	2
Mine operatives and laborers	51	2	48	-	1
Packers and wrappers	17	-	13	1	3
Painters, except construction and maintenance	38	1	36	1	-
Sailors and deck hands	29	-	11	18	-
Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs	125	2	122	-	1
Truck and tractor drivers	256	-	252	2	2
Weavers, textile	11	-	5	6	-
Welders and flame cutters	634	2	627	4	1
Operatives and kindred workers, other	468	9	431	16	12
Private household workers	2,919	-	2,910	1	8
Housekeepers, private household	1,515	-	1,514	-	1
Private household workers, other	1,404	-	1,396	1	7
Service workers, except private household	3,108	209	2,471	45	383
Attendants	100	62	10	20	8
Barbers, beauticians, and manicurists	10	-	9	-	1
Bartenders	201	-	199	-	2
Bootblacks	21	-	21	-	-
Chambermaids and maids	142	-	140	1	1
Cooks, except private household	173	8	155	6	4
Counter and fountain workers	53	-	53	-	-
Guards, watchmen, and doorkeepers	156	-	152	-	4
Hairdressers and cosmetologists	16	4	8	1	3
Housekeepers and stewards, except private household	23	1	14	8	-
Janitors and sextons	167	-	167	-	-
Kitchen workers, other	600	-	598	1	1
Midwives	10	-	8	-	2
Policemen and detectives	220	1	-	-	219
Foreign military	169	132	-	1	36
Porters	75	-	75	-	-
Waiters and waitresses	679	1	633	3	42
Service workers, except private household, other	293	-	229	4	60
Farm laborers and foremen	13,996	147	13,800	12	37
Laborers, except farm and mine	10,752	123	10,564	29	36
Carpenters' helpers, except logging and mining	63	-	63	-	-
Fishermen and oystermen	91	-	83	4	4
Gardeners, except farm, and groundskeepers	672	-	660	7	5
Lumbermen, craftsmen, and woodchoppers	5,037	120	4,911	6	-
Laborers, other	4,889	3	4,847	12	27
Students	28,486	33	47	979	27,427
Unknown or not reported	2,754	479	1,625	429	221

TABLE 17A. TEMPORARY VISITORS AND OTHER NONIMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, BY PORT:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

[Data exclude border crossers, crewmen, and insular travelers. Students and others entering with multiple entry documents are only counted on the first admission. Includes returning resident aliens admitted with documents in addition to the Alien Registration Receipt Card, Form I-151.]

Port	Number admitted	Temporary visitors For business	Temporary visitors For pleasure	Other nonimmigrants
All ports	3,645,328	299,810	2,382,198	963,320
Atlantic	2,009,185	192,395	1,122,417	694,373
Baltimore, Md.	5,129	536	2,800	1,793
Boston, Mass.	50,160	10,208	23,876	22,058
Charlotte Amalie, V.I.	45,698	3,097	29,310	14,291
Crus Bay, V.I.	3,578	49	2,845	684
Frederiksted, V.I.	34,504	936	20,245	13,323
Hartford, Conn.	1,085	5	838	242
Miami, Fla.	444,460	11,948	334,021	98,491
Newark, N.J.	3,112	274	1,591	1,247
New York, N.Y.	1,166,348	153,579	582,272	430,497
Norfolk, Va.	1,311	60	808	443
Philadelphia, Pa.	16,543	3,172	7,113	6,258
Port Everglades, Fla.	30,479	115	13,568	16,796
San Juan, P.R.	144,395	3,784	83,987	56,624
Washington, D.C.	32,742	4,177	13,003	15,562
West Palm Beach, Fla.	16,273	185	4,581	11,507
Other Atlantic	7,368	270	2,541	4,557
Gulf of Mexico	107,016	3,371	81,622	22,023
Houston, Tex.	20,690	698	16,281	3,711
New Orleans, La.	34,989	1,274	23,717	9,998
San Antonio, Tex.	48,718	1,320	39,511	7,887
Tampa, Fla.	1,498	43	1,274	181
Other Gulf	1,121	36	839	246
Pacific	452,253	65,435	235,676	151,142
Agana, Guam	35,050	2,568	21,324	11,158
Honolulu, Hawaii	152,714	27,226	83,776	41,712
Los Angeles, Calif.	155,350	8,692	87,971	58,687
San Diego, Calif.	2,842	16	2,540	286
San Francisco, Calif.	56,428	17,684	20,210	13,534
Seattle, Wash.	47,883	9,126	18,805	19,952
Other Pacific	1,986	123	1,050	813
Alaska	12,414	2,986	4,791	4,637
Anchorage	12,068	2,960	4,501	4,607
Other Alaska	346	26	290	30
Canadian Border	458,719	20,955	361,725	76,039
Bangor, Me.	1,888	17	1,638	233
Blaine, Wash.	30,636	478	27,421	2,737
Buffalo, N.Y.	53,204	1,022	48,490	3,692
Calais, Me.	3,544	113	2,454	977
Champlain, N.Y.	62,770	1,113	58,205	3,452
Chicago, Ill.	56,264	8,715	29,529	18,020
Cleveland, Ohio	2,524	629	1,570	325
Derby Line, Vt.	4,490	115	3,201	1,174
Detroit, Mich.	66,483	4,063	49,622	12,798
Eastport, Idaho	1,694	118	864	712
Fort Kent, Me.	1,991	7	155	1,829
Highgate Springs, Vt.	11,337	232	9,664	1,441
Houlton, Me.	1,782	134	1,045	603
Jackson, Me.	3,103	47	1,117	1,939
Jackson, N.Y.	20,744	206	18,703	1,835
Lewiston, N.Y.	2,877	12	534	2,331
Massachusetts, Me.	3,381	54	2,699	628
Massena, N.Y.	53,683	797	47,553	5,333
Niagara Falls, N.Y.	2,135	63	1,770	302
Norton, Vt.	2,618	84	1,634	900
Noyes, Minn.	2,445	13	1,967	465
Ogdensburg, N.Y.	2,183	165	1,241	777
Pembina, N.D.	1,313	11	895	407
Piegan, Mont.	1,279	208	477	594
Portail, N.D.	11,997	168	10,185	1,644
Port Huron, Mich.	7,546	183	6,079	1,284
Rouses Point, N.Y.	3,775	43	2,573	1,159
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.	193	17	110	66
Spokane, Wash.	2,655	211	1,428	1,016
Sweetgrass, Mont.	12,352	204	10,802	1,346
Thousand Island Bridge, N.Y.	1,314	28	1,157	129
Trout River, N.Y.	24,519	1,685	16,943	5,891
Other Canadian Border	596,981	12,081	570,243	14,657
Mexican Border	25,934	695	23,891	1,348
Brownsville, Tex.	51,848	2,490	48,647	711
Calexico, Calif.	5,872	2	5,858	12
Columbus, N.M.	5,539	225	4,766	548
Dallas, Tex.	4,554	60	4,405	89
Del Rio, Tex.	13,127	220	12,873	34
Douglas, Ariz.	37,850	164	37,382	304
Eagle Pass, Tex.	65,431	3,499	58,826	3,106
El Paso, Tex.	27,209	1,112	25,437	660
Hidalgo, Tex.	112,479	813	109,768	1,898
Laredo, Tex.	3,237	60	3,161	16
Lukeville, Ariz.	58,325	147	57,374	804
Nogales, Ariz.	7,322	218	7,030	74
Roma, Tex.	157,825	2,150	151,780	3,895
San Ysidro, Calif.	3,308	31	3,253	24
Tecate, Calif.	5,437	49	4,415	973
Tucson, Ariz.	11,684	146	11,377	161
Other Mexican Border	8,760	2,587	5,724	449
All other				

TABLE 170. TEMPORARY VISITORS ADMITTED AT SEAPORTS, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF LAST PERMANENT RESIDENCE,
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1960

[Allens admitted under Section 101(a)(15)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act]

Country or region of last permanent residence	Total	Virgin Islands	New York, N.Y.	Port Everglades, Fla.	Miami, Fla.	Honolulu, Hawaii	Los Angeles, Calif.	San Juan, P.R.	Houston, Tex.	New Orleans, La.	Baltimore, Md.	San Francisco, Calif.	Boston, Mass.	Seattle, Wash.	Other ports
All countries	75,454	25,427	21,374	5,636	2,464	3,889	2,801	2,540	1,273	690	589	534	439	306	5,496
Europe	28,990	2,255	17,268	1,813	1,043	220	931	777	231	352	359	302	346	180	2,853
Austria	226	26	144	17	5	7	3	1	-	1	2	4	2	1	13
Belgium	953	9	831	19	14	1	5	5	5	4	7	-	7	4	42
Czechoslovakia	53	1	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Denmark	477	27	185	6	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1
Finland	228	2	99	1	2	1	44	9	14	24	7	10	8	4	117
France	2,631	158	2,028	178	17	3	51	1	7	8	3	20	31	2	51
Germany	5,497	1,144	2,510	589	114	18	104	105	53	51	52	26	31	17	82
Greece	695	4	505	8	11	-	15	4	-14	23	15	10	11	-	75
Hungary	31	-	21	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Ireland	172	1	133	1	1	1	14	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	9
Italy	3,231	119	2,634	92	98	-	71	20	5	18	96	13	17	1	47
Netherlands	1,451	1	948	56	53	10	96	20	31	48	7	21	9	12	179
Norway	1,052	19	326	-	59	2	133	10	8	76	95	22	16	1	315
Poland	180	-	146	-	1	-	4	-	2	1	1	-	15	-	10
Portugal	75	4	41	2	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	19	-	6
Romania	11	-	8	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Spain	488	39	265	26	21	2	16	19	20	11	4	-	5	-	60
Sweden	971	42	564	21	40	3	67	55	7	5	6	5	12	38	106
Switzerland	937	62	661	37	16	15	26	22	6	3	2	22	1	5	59
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	108	-	55	-	1	-	1	-	7	7	-	-	-	-	31
United Kingdom	8,988	590	4,884	754	567	152	335	262	33	64	34	148	135	94	936
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	7	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yugoslavia	185	-	165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Europe	333	7	111	6	1	1	3	175	4	-	13	-	4	-	12
Asia	4,120	6	764	8	24	1,536	1,201	5	46	46	36	74	15	13	346
China 1/	173	1	6	-	1	15	22	-	-	1	2	-	-	1	8
Hong Kong	176	-	14	-	-	63	28	-	-	-	-	5	-	3	13
India	328	-	110	-	1	8	59	-	-	25	1	3	8	2	111
Indonesia	11	-	5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Iran	44	1	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iraq	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	611	2	403	6	20	-	8	2	31	17	14	9	4	-	95
Japan	2,642	-	42	-	1	1,385	1,051	-	7	2	3	44	1	4	102
Jordan 2/	6	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Korea	17	-	12	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Lebanon	15	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-
Pakistan	115	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	1
Philippines	115	2	30	2	-	35	22	3	1	-	-	9	-	1	10
Ryukyu Islands	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Syrian Arab Republic	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thailand	6	-	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Vietnam	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Other Asia	99	-	60	-	1	28	4	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
North America	35,464	23,006	1,756	2,201	3,128	569	353	1,528	888	214	65	31	26	86	1,613
Canada	7,324	602	402	1,732	2,117	549	42	725	35	3	24	8	15	70	1,000
Mexico	2,874	75	828	343	252	12	245	181	755	11	22	10	3	12	125
West Indies	24,175	22,266	254	78	557	3	25	596	-	4	5	8	6	4	269
Antigua	2,619	2,612	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Bahamas	545	11	67	41	297	-	12	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	113
Cuba	29	1	1	-	15	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Dominican Republic	116	6	17	2	12	-	1	51	-	-	-	-	1	-	26
Haiti	32	1	13	5	7	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Jamaica	390	34	91	18	218	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	-	3	18
St. Christopher	4,680	4,670	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Trinidad and Tobago	918	845	33	2	1	-	6	15	-	-	-	5	-	-	11
Other West Indies	14,846	14,086	128	10	7	1	5	525	-	-	3	1	5	-	75
Central America	1,088	62	172	48	202	5	41	26	98	196	14	5	-	-	219
Costa Rica	136	2	23	5	44	-	11	5	-	8	2	-	-	-	23
El Salvador	143	44	15	4	39	-	6	-	9	4	1	1	-	-	1
Guatemala	172	2	22	5	57	4	6	9	48	4	-	-	-	-	15
Honduras	213	2	36	1	9	-	-	-	4	25	1	-	-	-	135
Nicaragua	34	7	8	-	2	-	5	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	8
Panama	365	1	68	33	51	1	13	11	7	139	10	-	-	-	31
Other Central America	25	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	14	-	-	-	-	6
Other North America	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
South America	3,874	100	729	863	1,249	10	116	225	100	71	109	5	7	2	288
Argentina	891	14	74	172	435	1	53	21	14	28	5	5	1	-	68
Bolivia	8	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Brazil	393	6	107	70	117	-	24	2	11	13	6	-	-	-	37
Chile	227	1	29	-	126	1	5	10	2	4	19	-	-	2	28
Colombia	442	22	148	28	88	7	11	31	4	4	-	-	2	-	45
Ecuador	91	-	30	-	8	-	5	5	2	2	8	-	-	-	31
Guyana	71	53	12	-	1	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1
Peru	257	1	73	7	111	1	12	2	4	2	-	-	4	-	40
Venezuela	1,386	3	247	578	290	-	3	147	63	10	18	-	-	-	27
Other South America	108	-	7	8	69	-	1	7	-	6	1	-	-	-	9
Africa	417	20	229	8	9	5	3	-	-	3	18	1	42	6	73
Algeria	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morocco	31	2	26	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	19	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
South Africa	232	14	110	7	6	4	-	-	-	3	-	1	30	4	53
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	10	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	2	-	18
Other Africa	115	4	63	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	10	-	-
Oceania	3,603	40	628	743	11	1,549	147	5	8	4	2	121	3	19	323
Australia	2,573	30	557	471	11	1,136	108	4	6	1	2	91	3	14	139
New Zealand	912	8	71	271	-	411	39	1	2	3	-	30	-	2	74
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110
Other Oceania	8	2	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 18. FOREIGN LABORERS ADMITTED OR PAROLED INTO THE UNITED STATES:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Country of last permanent residence	1960- 1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total	1,917,323	447,207	312,991	303,634	243,120	237,700	155,761	64,881	57,720	50,782	43,527
<u>Agricultural laborers</u>											
Mexico ^{1/}	1,517,070	427,240	294,149	282,556	195,450	181,738	103,563	218,544	7,703	6,127	-
Canada	70,258	7,804	8,543	8,462	9,832	9,530	8,149	5,251	4,634	4,687	3,366
British Guiana	111	-	105	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
British Honduras	323	107	-	216	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Indies	124,770	10,874	9,546	11,736	15,406	12,667	15,397	12,562	12,663	11,091	12,828
Japan	2,659	969	285	354	810	210	31	-	-	-	-
Philippines	124	-	-	-	124	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spain (Basque shepherders)	3,788	213	363	305	411	338	453	477	356	481	391
<u>Others ^{3/}</u>											
Canadian woodsmen	86,437	-	-	-	14,166	17,916	13,281	11,777	13,401	9,522	6,374
U.S. Virgin Islands workers	93,335	-	-	-	4,452	12,528	13,514	13,841	16,424	15,735	16,841
Workers into Guam:											
Paroled from the Philippines	17,569	-	-	-	2,175	2,618	1,344	2,414	2,514	3,106	3,398
Paroled from the Pacific Islands ..	561	-	-	-	293 ^{4/}	155	29	15	25	33	11
H-2 construction workers from the Philippines and Korea	318	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	318

^{1/} Mexican nationals admitted under P.L. 78 prior to December 31, 1964.

^{2/} Includes 100,876 admitted under P.L. 78.

^{3/} Not reported prior to 1963.

^{4/} Three-month figure, April-June 1963.

TABLE 19. ENTRIES OF ALIEN AND CITIZEN BORDER CROSSERS OVER INTERNATIONAL LAND BOUNDARIES, BY STATE AND PORT:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

[Each entry of the same person counted separately.]

State and port	All persons crossing			State and port	All persons crossing		
	Total	Aliens	Citizens		Total	Aliens	Citizens
All ports 1/	217,680,053	128,076,705	89,603,348				
CANADIAN BORDER	69,948,201	38,953,525	30,994,676	Minnesota	2,098,387	924,215	1,174,172
Alaska	180,985	23,983	157,002	Baudette 3/	164,418	110,550	53,868
Anchorage	1,222	556	666	Crane Lake	7,990	1,588	6,402
Eagle 2/	119	-	119	Duluth	6,242	2,827	3,416
Fairbanks	5,969	1,093	4,876	Ely	25,163	1,999	23,164
Haines	27,789	5,272	22,517	Grand Marais	4,435	92	4,343
Hyder	6,675	5,261	1,414	Grand Portage	321,968	111,971	209,997
Juneau	4,736	657	4,079	Indus	192	92	100
Ketchikan	22,854	2,497	20,357	International Falls 3/	1,039,208	365,809	673,399
Northway	1,516	-	1,516	Lancaster	66,562	44,236	22,326
Skagway	32,929	3,849	29,080	Noyes	252,866	139,132	113,734
Tok	76,798	4,708	72,090	Oak Island 8/	2,339	539	1,799
Wrangell	378	99	288	Pine Creek	29,220	18,573	10,647
Idaho	403,717	237,190	166,527	Ranier	6,349	170	6,179
East Port	231,620	126,000	105,620	Roseau	48,911	33,213	15,698
Porthill	172,097	111,190	60,907	St. Paul	4,098	861	3,237
Illinois	36,255	19,841	16,414	Warroad	118,426	92,513	25,913
Chicago	36,255	19,841	16,414	Montana	962,974	516,392	446,582
Maine	10,270,505	6,325,678	3,944,827	Chief Mountain 4/	104,636	27,833	76,803
Bangor	68,770	31,498	37,272	Cut Bank (Airport)	771	185	586
Bridgewater	170,519	111,053	59,466	Del Bonita	13,797	6,705	7,092
Calais	2,939,950	1,795,746	1,144,204	Great Falls (Airport)	33,486	17,118	16,368
Ferry Point	2,579,222	1,566,888	1,012,334	Ilwaco	196	56	140
Milltown Bridge	360,728	228,858	131,870	Morgan	16,687	12,566	4,121
Coburn Gore	100,574	73,757	26,747	Opheim	10,958	6,361	4,597
Daquann	34,897	32,878	2,019	Piegan	169,127	85,973	83,154
Easton	39,073	24,632	14,441	Raymond	78,015	52,390	25,625
Eastport	18,486	12,598	5,888	Rooseville	8,346	34,148	46,198
Estcourt	12,217	8,588	3,629	Scobey	21,330	15,483	5,847
Forest City	15,371	9,500	5,871	Sweetgrass	387,470	226,723	160,747
Fort Fairfield	566,629	363,969	202,660	Turner	13,604	8,588	5,016
Fort Kent	763,005	435,037	327,968	Whitetail	11,647	9,235	2,412
Hamlin	253,224	200,867	52,357	Whitlash	2,690	1,403	1,287
Houlton	707,747	415,731	292,016	Wild Horse	10,837	6,017	4,820
Jackman	302,732	186,468	116,264	Willow Creek	7,377	5,608	1,769
Limestone	293,535	106,310	97,225	New Hampshire	26,323	14,964	11,359
Lubec	320,780	195,281	125,499	Pittsburg	26,323	14,964	11,359
Madawaska 3/	2,442,845	1,479,737	963,108	New York	24,040,748	13,248,604	10,792,144
Monticello	7,155	4,957	2,198	Black Rock	54,213	33,066	21,147
Orient	32,995	20,237	12,758	Buffalo	7,654,106	3,416,103	4,238,003
St. Aurelie	23,861	22,615	1,246	Buffalo Seaport	255	198	57
St. Pamphile	36,704	34,479	2,225	Greater Buffalo Inter-	8,656	2,442	6,214
Van Buren	882,371	533,195	349,176	national Airport	7,645,195	3,413,463	4,231,732
Vanceboro	327,135	226,545	100,590	Peace Bridge 3/	41,242	29,768	11,474
Michigan	16,824,229	7,880,179	8,944,050	Cape Vincent 9/	35,898	14,318	21,580
Algonac	96,925	70,322	26,603	Champlain	3,223,128	2,177,947	1,045,181
Alpena	461	77	384	Chateaugay	103,375	69,906	33,469
Amherstburg 4/	69,540	52,550	16,990	Churubusco	44,910	21,694	23,216
Detour 5/	298	96	202	Clayton 5/	109,789	48,430	61,359
Detroit	11,354,164	5,243,517	6,110,647	Fort Covington	338,730	173,296	165,434
Ambassador Bridge	4,113,928	1,507,432	2,606,496	Heart Island 8/	90,788	56,013	34,775
Detroit & Canada Tunnel	7,218,485	3,725,385	3,493,100	Hogansburg	285,209	178,494	106,715
Detroit City Airport	4,962	1,165	3,797	Jamison's Line	16,789	10,282	6,507
Detroit Metropolitan	3,670	1,112	2,558	Lewiston 3/	1,803,637	1,082,338	721,299
Airport	3,670	1,112	2,558	Massena	935,794	638,993	296,801
Detroit River and River	5,019	1,739	3,280	Moers	224,655	118,633	106,022
Rouge Terminals	8,100	6,684	1,416	Niagara Falls	5,483,601	3,224,920	2,258,681
Michigan Central Depot	24	3	21	Municipal Airport	1,113	294	819
Escanaba 7/	210	31	179	Rainbow Bridge 3/	4,296,725	2,555,937	1,740,788
Houghton 6/	273	171	102	Whirlpool Rapids Bridge 3/	1,185,763	668,759	517,004
Isle Royale	659	154	505	Ogdensburg	582,343	360,950	221,393
Mackinac Island 2/	122,693	75,455	47,238	Rochester	1,206	353	853
Marine City	342	284	58	Municipal Airport	1,190	349	841
Marquette	428	259	169	Port Authority	16	4	12
Muskegon	32,523	1,160	31,363	Rouses Point	594,089	434,905	159,184
Peche Island 2/	3,595,995	1,680,248	1,915,747	Syracuse	13,048	8,237	4,811
Port Huron 3/	3,528,567	1,641,264	1,887,303	Thousand Island Bridge	1,717,866	680,269	1,037,597
Blue Water Bridge	67,428	38,984	28,444	Trout River	667,327	459,412	207,915
Canadian National Railway	119,702	66,120	53,582	Watertown (Airport)	2,308	662	1,646
Station	114	-	114	Youngstown 4/	16,697	9,545	7,152
Roberts Landing	2,544	884	1,660				
Rogers City 7/	1,427,334	689,064	738,270				
St. Clair County Airport							
Sault Ste. Marie							

TABLE 19. ENTRIES OF ALIEN AND CITIZEN BORDER CROSSERS OVER INTERNATIONAL LAND BOUNDARIES, BY STATE AND PORT: (Contd.)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

[Each entry of the same person counted separately.]

State and port	All persons crossing			State and port	All persons crossing		
	Total	Aliens	Citizens		Total	Aliens	Citizens
North Dakota	1,238,516	643,601	594,915	Canada	1,919,376	1,166,724	752,652
Ambrose	13,711	7,433	6,278	Montreal, Quebec	465,904	320,275	145,629
Antler	17,209	10,136	7,073	Prince Rupert, B.C. ...	26,520	2,353	24,167
Carbury	16,925	12,167	4,758	Toronto, Ontario			
Dunseith	191,198	57,495	133,703	(Malton Airport) ...	834,666	622,724	211,944
Fortuna	29,190	16,878	12,312	Vancouver, B.C.	233,904	138,710	95,194
Grand Forks (Munic. Airport)	3,945	930	3,015	Victoria, B.C.	296,087	49,971	246,116
Hannah	13,540	8,207	5,333	Winnipeg, Manitoba ...	62,293	32,691	29,602
Hansboro	24,225	10,663	13,562				
Maida	32,198	19,715	12,483	MEXICAN BORDER	147,731,852	89,123,180	58,608,672
Minot (Airport)	2,399	705	1,694				
Neché	95,580	58,158	37,422	Arizona	19,623,355	12,641,576	6,981,979
Noonan	61,635	35,890	25,745	Douglas 3/	4,178,113	2,296,853	1,881,260
Northgate	60,950	35,457	25,493	Lochiel	9,971	6,768	3,203
Pembina	291,522	165,582	125,940	Lukeville	419,521	99,215	320,306
Portal 3/	205,834	111,202	94,632	Naco	1,206,206	624,074	582,132
St. John	41,042	22,718	18,324	Nogales	2,259,905	6,015,946	3,243,959
Salles	22,984	8,231	14,753	Grand Avenue	5,989,997	3,842,811	2,147,186
Sherwood	18,895	11,579	7,316	Morley Avenue	3,192,948	2,120,236	1,072,712
Walhalla	61,751	31,156	30,595	Nogales Inter-			
Westhope	32,906	18,886	14,020	national Airport .	7,446	2,134	5,312
Williston, Soudin Field ..	877	213	664	Truck Gate	69,514	50,765	18,749
				San Luis	4,412,330	3,523,202	889,128
Ohio	45,289	14,423	30,866	Sasabe	113,182	74,587	38,595
Cleveland	24,683	12,926	11,757	Tucson International			
Sandusky	18,888	1,168	17,720	Airport	24,327	931	23,396
Toledo	1,718	329	1,389				
				California	45,435,445	28,551,706	16,883,739
Vermont	4,597,480	3,006,421	1,591,059	Andrade	572,405	362,056	210,349
Albarg	136,183	82,641	53,542	Callexico	14,577,035	11,053,595	3,523,440
Albarg Springs	76,168	63,817	12,351	Los Angeles (Airport)	156,437	17,759	138,678
Beebe Plain	212,933	140,523	72,410	San Diego	12,046	2,284	9,762
Beecher Falls	249,115	166,300	82,815	San Ysidro 3/	29,316,675	16,622,556	12,694,119
Burlington Airport	6,907	1,510	5,397	Tecate	800,847	493,456	307,391
Canaan	127,381	89,228	38,153				
Derby Line	1,105,786	711,809	393,977	New Mexico	294,284	145,128	149,156
East Richford	119,135	72,566	46,569	Antelope Wells	5,513	3,587	1,926
Highgate Springs	906,104	541,292	364,812	Columbus 3/	288,771	141,541	147,230
Morses Line	25,468	14,634	10,834				
Newport	9,760	8,503	1,257	Texas	82,378,568	47,784,770	34,593,798
North Troy	392,439	261,490	130,949	Brownsville	10,003,159	6,483,448	3,519,711
Norton	461,190	344,405	116,785	Corpus Christi	236	39	197
Richford	558,623	362,658	195,965	Dallas Airport	45,748	1,102	44,646
St. Albans	5,185	2,849	2,336	Del Rio	2,489,552	1,115,356	1,374,246
West Berkshire	205,103	142,196	62,907	Eagle Pass	5,783,984	3,857,951	1,926,033
				El Paso 3/	37,919,611	19,030,646	18,888,965
Washington	7,302,067	4,930,951	2,371,116	El Paso Airport	7,944	1,732	6,212
Anacortes	83,019	12,646	70,373	Ave. of Americas			
Bellingham	4,252	1,386	2,866	(Cordova) 3/	16,058,994	5,620,648	10,438,346
Blaine 3/	3,553,347	2,402,131	1,151,216	Paso Del Norte			
Pacific Highway	239,577	168,894	70,683	Bridge 3/	18,668,796	12,134,717	6,534,079
Peace Arch	3,313,770	2,233,237	1,080,533	Ysleta Bridge 3/ ...	3,183,877	1,273,549	1,910,328
Boundary	25,981	18,197	7,784	Fabens	515,571	338,194	177,377
Danville	57,976	28,799	29,177	Falcon Heights 3/ ...	581,223	145,046	436,177
Ferry	22,119	15,960	6,159	Fort Hancock	47,696	33,247	14,449
Frontier	157,843	109,223	48,620	Hidalgo 3/	7,246,693	5,071,052	2,175,641
Laurier	60,322	29,371	30,951	Houston Airport	24,033	2,261	21,772
Lynden 3/	416,575	221,609	194,966	Laredo	13,171,015	8,764,276	4,406,739
Metaline Falls	59,642	28,716	30,926	Laredo	13,159,622	8,759,363	4,400,259
Nesh Bay	156	46	110	International			
Oroville	509,603	278,965	230,638	Airport	6,470	2,785	3,685
Point Roberts 3/	1,318,125	1,200,280	117,845	Railroad Bridge ...	4,923	2,128	2,795
Port Angeles	2,115	759	1,356	Los Ebanos	91,360	54,939	36,421
Port Townsend	1,153	74	1,079	Marathon	6,593	3,959	2,634
Seattle	72,126	20,825	51,301	Presidio	503,583	301,860	201,723
Spokane (Felts Field)	9,137	4,301	4,836	Progreso	1,171,886	701,203	470,683
Sumas 3/	948,498	557,657	390,841	Rio Grande City 3/ ...	273,815	205,106	68,709
Tacoma	78	6	72	Roma 3/	2,390,720	1,670,331	720,389
				San Antonio Airport ..	111,856	4,593	107,263
Wisconsin	1,350	359	991	San Ygnacio	234	211	23
Green Bay	175	40	135				
Milwaukee	1,096	310	786				
Racine	79	9	70				

1/ Figures include arrivals by private aircraft at border ports.

2/ July-September 1968.

3/ Partially estimated.

4/ July-September 1968 and May-June 1969.

5/ July-October 1968 and May-June 1969.

6/ July-October 1968 and February-June 1969.

7/ July-December 1968 and April-June 1969.

8/ July-November 1968 and May-June 1969.

9/ July-December 1968 and January-February, May-June 1969.

TABLE 20. ENTRIES OF ALIEN AND CITIZEN BORDER CROSSERS OVER INTERNATIONAL LAND BOUNDARIES:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1928-1969

Inward movement of aliens and citizens over international land boundaries first recorded in 1928. Each entry of the same person counted separately. Figures partially estimated.

Period	All entries			Via Canadian Border			Via Mexican Border		
	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens
1928-1969	4,176,001,618	2,275,581,747	1,900,419,871	1,661,545,692	829,430,733	832,114,959	2,514,455,926	1,446,151,014	1,068,304,912
1928	53,539,702	30,162,945	23,376,757	26,410,720	12,823,162	13,587,558	27,128,982	17,339,783	9,789,199
1929	57,905,685	31,562,934	26,342,751	30,854,674	15,221,215	15,633,459	27,051,011	16,341,719	10,709,292
1930	59,276,639	30,034,301	29,242,338	32,251,548	14,498,083	17,753,465	27,025,091	15,536,218	11,488,873
1931-1940	477,022,589	255,240,806	221,781,783	252,372,946	117,878,795	134,494,151	224,649,643	137,362,011	87,287,632
1931	52,991,765	26,481,279	26,510,486	28,939,718	12,929,750	16,009,968	24,052,047	13,551,529	10,500,518
1932	46,858,719	22,862,697	23,996,022	23,592,271	10,275,347	13,316,924	23,266,448	12,587,350	10,679,098
1933	40,662,207	20,560,826	20,101,381	18,877,956	8,434,715	10,443,241	21,784,251	12,126,111	9,658,140
1934	40,749,632	21,627,711	19,121,921	19,608,768	9,105,383	10,503,385	21,140,864	12,522,328	8,618,536
1935	43,424,920	23,497,061	19,927,859	21,707,282	10,165,762	11,541,520	21,717,638	13,331,299	8,386,339
1936	46,152,918	25,739,288	20,413,630	24,965,327	11,861,161	13,104,166	21,187,591	13,787,127	7,309,464
1937	51,722,089	28,841,066	22,881,023	29,022,710	13,669,009	15,353,701	22,699,379	15,172,057	7,527,322
1938	52,993,989	28,651,501	24,342,488	29,970,636	14,230,131	15,740,505	23,023,353	14,421,370	8,601,983
1939	51,363,952	28,858,336	22,505,616	28,631,775	14,141,028	14,490,747	22,732,177	14,717,308	8,014,869
1940	50,102,398	28,121,041	21,981,357	27,056,503	13,066,509	13,989,994	23,045,895	15,054,532	7,991,363
1941-1950	628,278,660	306,083,624	322,195,036	267,883,986	110,511,592	157,372,394	360,394,674	195,572,032	164,822,642
1941	38,974,008	18,617,633	20,356,375	15,454,432	4,096,470	11,357,962	23,519,576	14,521,163	8,998,413
1942	43,679,900	20,975,281	22,704,619	17,480,723	5,253,535	12,227,188	26,199,177	15,721,746	10,477,431
1943	40,717,372	20,378,438	20,338,934	14,806,312	5,623,592	9,182,720	25,911,060	14,754,846	11,156,214
1944	46,243,243	22,441,827	23,801,416	18,228,744	7,621,217	10,607,527	28,014,499	14,820,610	13,193,889
1945	55,801,140	27,395,495	28,405,645	23,515,596	10,482,226	13,033,370	32,285,544	16,913,269	15,372,275
1946	74,240,190	37,085,718	37,154,472	30,163,138	13,443,528	16,719,610	44,077,052	23,642,190	20,434,862
1947	77,350,266	38,921,170	38,429,096	34,839,194	15,773,964	19,065,230	42,511,072	23,147,206	19,363,866
1948	78,362,207	38,892,545	39,469,662	34,888,274	15,535,509	19,352,765	43,473,933	23,357,036	20,116,897
1949	85,400,278	40,077,743	45,322,535	39,736,497	16,054,649	23,681,848	45,663,781	24,023,094	21,640,687
1950	87,510,056	41,297,774	46,212,282	38,771,076	16,626,902	22,144,174	48,738,980	24,670,872	24,068,108
1951-1960	1,260,474,979	668,425,964	592,049,015	492,806,365	252,897,204	239,909,161	767,668,614	415,528,760	352,139,854
1951	92,400,356	44,620,010	47,780,346	41,341,410	18,680,987	22,660,423	51,058,946	25,939,023	25,119,923
1952	103,712,099	51,129,142	52,582,957	44,212,088	20,898,541	23,313,547	59,500,011	30,230,601	29,269,410
1953	114,946,383	57,931,998	57,014,385	46,701,040	23,918,781	22,782,259	68,245,343	34,013,217	34,232,126
1954	114,456,153	57,968,104	56,488,049	47,571,458	23,963,853	23,607,605	66,884,695	34,004,251	32,880,444
1955	119,763,360	61,611,311	58,152,049	48,000,554	24,812,698	23,187,856	71,762,806	36,798,613	34,964,193
1956	129,616,053	68,792,308	60,823,745	49,767,313	26,097,673	23,669,640	79,848,740	42,694,635	37,154,105
1957	137,590,261	74,271,162	63,319,099	53,522,956	28,008,556	25,514,400	84,067,305	46,262,606	37,804,699
1958	144,298,007	78,982,718	65,315,289	53,363,327	28,262,967	25,100,360	90,934,680	50,719,751	40,214,929
1959	149,657,907	84,127,330	65,530,577	52,831,912	28,497,753	24,334,159	96,825,995	55,629,577	41,196,418
1960	154,034,400	88,991,881	65,042,519	55,494,307	29,755,395	25,738,912	98,540,093	59,236,486	39,303,607
1961-1969	1,639,503,364	954,071,173	685,432,191	558,965,453	305,600,682	253,364,771	1,080,537,911	648,470,491	432,067,420
1961	160,294,175	92,259,659	68,034,516	56,624,149	30,626,879	25,997,270	103,670,026	61,632,780	42,037,246
1962	164,980,440	94,835,674	70,144,766	57,406,672	30,778,071	26,628,601	107,573,768	64,057,603	43,516,165
1963	164,881,601	94,694,164	70,187,437	56,785,973	29,957,041	26,828,932	108,095,628	64,737,123	43,358,505
1964	168,807,677	98,855,809	69,951,868	57,628,322	31,691,951	25,936,371	111,179,355	67,163,858	44,015,497
1965	175,814,081	101,807,624	74,006,457	59,814,872	33,313,991	26,500,881	115,999,209	68,493,633	47,505,576
1966	186,139,285	109,237,567	76,901,718	63,573,664	35,629,433	27,944,231	122,565,621	73,608,134	48,957,487
1967	195,143,536	114,630,122	80,513,414	67,265,449	37,044,010	30,221,439	127,878,087	77,586,112	50,291,975
1968	205,762,516	119,673,849	86,088,667	69,918,151	37,605,781	32,312,370	135,844,365	82,068,068	53,776,297
1969	217,680,053	128,076,705	89,603,348	69,948,201	38,953,525	30,994,676	147,731,852	89,123,180	58,608,672

TABLE 20A. SPECIAL INQUIRY OFFICER HEARINGS COMPLETED, BY REGIONS AND DISTRICTS:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

Region and district	Exclusion hearings					Deportation hearings				
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
U.S. Total	841	876	858	946	1,222	18,961	16,767	18,682	19,811	25,167
Northeast Region	150	136	111	145	187	7,809	6,396	6,938	7,500	8,208
Boston, Mass.	33	25	20	27	34	319	382	375	495	679
Buffalo, N.Y.	36	38	28	42	33	283	252	270	272	356
Hartford, Conn.	4	2	1	3	4	129	152	162	151	184
Newark, N.J.	6	2	2	11	7	441	427	540	787	1,017
New York, N.Y.	58	64	55	54	88	6,605	5,158	5,579	5,774	5,947
Portland, Maine	9	5	5	8	21	14	18	6	14	10
St. Albans, Vt.	4	-	-	-	-	18	7	6	7	15
Southeast Region	121	167	142	154	205	1,079	1,790	1,619	1,962	2,346
Atlanta, Ga.	3	1	3	4	4	54	88	141	166	169
Baltimore, Md.	-	4	-	6	4	67	114	148	144	269
Cleveland, Ohio	4	4	2	1	5	143	124	137	131	181
Miami, Fla.	61	53	78	78	73	298	558	386	610	718
New Orleans, La.	2	4	3	1	3	48	75	61	64	89
Philadelphia, Pa.	11	5	7	5	4	158	169	209	265	330
San Juan, P.R.	37	91	43	53	110	183	467	306	347	333
Washington, D.C.	3	5	6	6	2	128	195	231	235	257
Northwest Region	82	72	134	100	106	1,775	2,222	2,557	2,655	2,869
Anchorage, Alaska	-	1	-	-	-	1	10	7	8	2
Chicago, Ill.	19	11	20	13	29	856	1,293	1,456	1,509	1,679
Detroit, Mich.	31	28	43	25	14	326	334	422	475	466
Helena, Mont.	6	2	5	-	3	46	21	32	40	34
Kansas City, Mo.	2	-	6	6	-	72	70	89	68	93
Omaha, Nebr.	3	-	-	-	-	42	56	26	28	34
Portland, Oreg.	1	2	2	2	7	49	73	98	71	65
St. Paul, Minn.	-	2	2	2	2	113	95	115	128	158
Seattle, Wash.	20	26	56	52	51	270	270	312	328	338
Southwest Region	488	501	471	547	724	8,298	6,359	7,568	7,694	11,744
Denver, Colo.	3	3	-	3	4	47	47	80	92	150
El Paso, Tex.	219	198	132	167	135	2,221	1,268	1,219	2,038	2,709
Honolulu, Hawaii	4	3	2	5	5	40	34	40	57	48
Los Angeles, Calif.	66	129	100	136	218	2,137	2,036	2,802	2,409	5,062
Phoenix, Ariz.	12	9	9	32	39	97	88	82	66	76
Port Isabel, Tex.	50	23	30	21	47	2,272	1,292	1,434	1,220	1,671
San Antonio, Tex.	117	131	190	138	203	440	689	826	846	950
San Francisco, Calif. ..	17	5	8	45	73	1,044	905	1,085	966	1,078

TABLE 21. ALIENS EXCLUDED FROM THE UNITED STATES, BY CAUSE:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1892-1969

✓In 1941-1953 figures represent all exclusions at sea and air ports
and exclusions of aliens seeking entry for 30 days or longer at land ports.
After 1953 includes aliens excluded after formal hearings.✓

Period	Total	C a u s e s									
		Subversive or anarchistic	Criminal	Immoral	Mental or physical defect	Likely to become public charge	Stowaway	Attempted entry with- out inspection or with- out proper documents	Contract laborer	Unable to read (over 16 years of age)	Miscellaneous
1892-1969	621,462	1,326	12,471	8,187	82,555	219,362	16,188	182,299	41,941	13,679	43,454
1892-1900	22,515	-	65	89	1,309	15,070	-	-	5,792	-	190
1901-1910	108,211	10	1,681	1,277	24,425	63,311	-	-	12,991	-	4,516
1911-1920	178,109	27	4,353	4,824	42,129	90,045	1,904	-	15,417	5,083	14,327
1921-1930	189,307	9	2,082	1,281	11,044	37,175	8,447	94,084	6,274	8,202	20,709
1931-1940	68,217	5	1,261	253	1,530	12,519	2,126	47,858	1,235	258	1,172
1941-1950	30,263	60	1,134	80	1,021	1,072	3,182	22,441	219	108	946
1941	2,929	-	92	13	73	328	227	2,076	40	8	72
1942	1,833	-	70	10	51	161	252	1,207	26	9	47
1943	1,495	1	68	6	63	96	77	1,106	26	8	44
1944	1,642	-	63	8	92	107	155	1,109	28	21	59
1945	2,341	-	87	4	111	56	161	1,805	18	23	76
1946	2,942	2	87	3	65	33	361	2,294	13	4	80
1947	4,771	-	139	3	124	70	902	3,316	19	11	187
1948	4,905	1	142	5	205	67	709	3,690	11	2	73
1949	3,834	25	187	12	112	99	216	2,970	26	9	178
1950	3,571	31	199	16	125	55	122	2,868	12	13	130
1951-1960	20,585	1,098	1,735	361	956	149	376	14,657	13	26	1,214
1951	3,784	29	337	15	337	78	121	2,783	1	3	80
1952	2,944	9	285	10	67	11	74	2,378	5	3	102
1953	3,637	48	266	27	130	15	47	2,937	3	-	164
1954	3,313	111	296	65	127	16	2	2,432	-	3	261
1955	2,667	89	206	124	113	9	15	1,832	-	4	275
1956	1,709	117	169	64	87	14	10	1,079	-	5	164
1957	907	302	91	30	40	2	14	348	3	7	70
1958	733	255	51	18	21	1	35	299	1	1	51
1959	480	102	19	7	18	1	34	276	-	-	23
1960	411	36	15	1	16	2	24	293	-	-	24
1961-1969	4,255	117	160	22	141	21	153	3,259	-	2	380
1961	743	21	21	3	7	1	29	634	-	-	27
1962	388	13	24	2	23	1	17	280	-	2	26
1963	309	11	17	2	22	4	19	216	-	-	18
1964	421	16	13	4	18	-	10	343	-	-	17
1965	429	12	18	4	19	2	17	333	-	-	24
1966	512	10	20	2	21	1	16	415	-	-	27
1967	468	13	22	3	10	-	13	322	-	-	85
1968	460	7	13	1	13	6	17	323	-	-	80
1969	525	14	12	1	8	6	15	393	-	-	76

TABLE 22. ALIENS EXCLUDED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH AND CAUSE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Total	C a u s e s										
		Subversive or anarchistic	Criminal	Immoral	Violation of narcotic laws	Mental or physical defect	Likely to become public charge	Previously excluded or deported	Stowaway	Attempted entry without inspection or by false statements	Attempted entry without proper documents	Miscellaneous
All countries	525	14	12	1	53	8	6	2	15	23	370	21
Europe	29	3	1	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	18	1
Germany	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Italy	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Netherlands	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Poland	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Spain	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
United Kingdom	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	1
Yugoslavia	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Europe	7	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Asia	47	-	1	-	9	2	-	-	3	-	32	-
China 1/	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-
India	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-
Japan	4	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	-
Jordan	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Korea	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Philippines	25	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	19	-
Thailand	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Other Asia	4	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
North America	423	9	10	1	36	6	6	2	3	23	307	20
Canada	26	2	3	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	7	10
Mexico	317	7	7	1	23	5	-	-	1	23	241	9
West Indies	43	-	-	-	7	1	-	-	-	-	35	-
Antigua	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Cuba	27	-	-	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	20	-
Haiti	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
St. Christopher	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
St. Lucia	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Trinidad and Tobago	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Other West Indies	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Central America	27	-	-	-	4	-	6	-	2	-	24	1
El Salvador	7	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	1
Guatemala	23	-	-	-	3	-	5	-	-	-	15	-
Honduras	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Nicaragua	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
Other Central America	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
South America	21	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	12	-
Argentina	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-
Bolivia	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Chile	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Colombia	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Ecuador	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Other South America	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Africa	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt) ..	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Oceania	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
Tonga	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-

1/ Includes Taiwan.

TABLE 23. ALIENS APPREHENDED, ALIENS DEPORTED, AND ALIENS REQUIRED TO DEPART:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1892-1969

Period	Aliens apprehended 1/	A l i e n s e x p e l l e d		
		Total	Aliens deported	Aliens required to depart 2/
1892-1969	6,500,383	7,123,385	572,057	6,551,328
1892-1900	-	3,127	3,127	-
1901-1910	-	11,558	11,558	-
1911-1920	-	27,912	27,912	-
1921-1930	128,484	164,390	92,157	72,233
1931-1940	147,457	210,416	117,086	93,330
1931	22,276	29,861	18,142	11,719
1932	22,735	30,201	19,426	10,775
1933	20,949	30,212	19,865	10,347
1934	10,319	16,889	8,879	8,010
1935	11,016	16,297	8,319	7,978
1936	11,728	17,446	9,195	8,251
1937	13,054	17,617	8,829	8,788
1938	12,851	18,553	9,275	9,278
1939	12,037	17,792	8,202	9,590
1940	10,492	15,548	6,954	8,594
1941-1950	1,377,210	1,581,774	110,849	1,470,925
1941	11,294	10,938	4,407	6,531
1942	11,784	10,613	3,709	6,904
1943	11,175	16,154	4,207	11,947
1944	31,174	39,449	7,179	32,270
1945	69,164	80,760	11,270	69,490
1946	99,591	116,320	14,375	101,945
1947	193,657	214,543	18,663	195,880
1948	192,779	217,555	20,371	197,184
1949	288,253	296,337	20,040	276,297
1950	468,339	579,105	6,628	572,477
1951-1960	3,584,229	4,013,547	129,887	3,883,660
1951	509,040	686,713	13,544	673,169
1952	528,815	723,959	20,181	703,778
1953	885,587	905,236	19,845	885,391
1954	1,089,583	1,101,228	26,951	1,074,277
1955	254,096	247,797	15,028	232,769
1956	87,696	88,188	7,297	80,891
1957	59,918	68,461	5,082	63,379
1958	53,474	67,742	7,142	60,600
1959	45,336	64,598	7,988	56,610
1960	70,684	59,625	6,829	52,796
1961-1969	1,263,003	1,110,661	79,481	1,031,180
1961	88,823	59,821	7,438	52,383
1962	92,758	61,801	7,637	54,164
1963	88,712	76,846	7,454	69,392
1964	86,597	81,788	8,746	73,042
1965	110,371	105,406	10,143	95,263
1966	138,520	132,851	9,168	123,683
1967	161,608	151,603	9,260	142,343
1968	212,057	189,082	9,130	179,952
1969	283,557	251,463	10,505	240,958

1/ Aliens apprehended first recorded in 1925. Since 1960, deportable aliens located has included nonwillful crewman violators.

2/ Aliens required to depart first recorded in 1927.

TABLE 24. ALIENS DEPORTED, BY COUNTRY TO WHICH DEPORTED AND CAUSE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country to which deported	Total	C a u s e s									
		Subversive or anarchistic	Criminal	Immoral	Violation of narcotic laws	Mental or physical defect	Previously excluded or deported	Entered without proper documents	Failed to maintain or comply with con- ditions of nonimi- grant status	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Miscellaneous
All countries	10,505	3	272	14	155	12	361	1,789	2,901	4,983	15
Europe	911	-	25	3	19	6	11	19	759	69	-
France	15	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	12	-	-
Germany	63	-	3	1	2	-	1	3	51	2	-
Greece	490	-	3	-	1	1	4	4	437	40	-
Ireland	15	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	10	1	-
Italy	68	-	2	-	1	1	2	2	52	8	-
Netherlands	20	-	1	-	3	-	1	1	14	-	-
Norway	16	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	12	-	-
Poland	9	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	7	-	-
Portugal	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	4	-
Spain	64	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	53	6	-
United Kingdom	85	-	8	2	6	-	1	1	60	7	-
Yugoslavia	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	15	-	-
Other Europe	37	-	2	-	1	1	-	3	29	1	-
Asia	531	-	3	-	1	1	1	4	489	32	-
Hong Kong	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	182	23	-
India	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	14	1	-
Iran	10	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	8	-	-
Israel	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	9	1	-
Japan	44	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	38	4	-
Pakistan	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-
Philippines	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-	-
Taiwan	81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	2	-
Thailand	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-
Other Asia	48	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	44	1	-
North America	8,515	-	222	11	119	2	319	1,752	1,260	4,815	15
Canada	795	-	140	9	33	-	129	45	384	53	2
Mexico	6,859	-	56	2	77	-	153	1,672	232	4,656	11
West Indies	495	-	19	-	7	1	18	8	404	36	2
Antigua	38	-	4	-	-	-	1	1	31	1	-
Bahamas	17	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	13	2	-
Barbados	31	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	30	-	-
Dominican Republic	52	-	-	-	2	1	2	4	34	9	-
Grenada	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	-
Jamaica	180	-	1	-	2	-	1	1	163	11	1
Netherlands Antilles	17	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	13	-	-
St. Christopher	34	-	5	-	-	-	5	-	22	2	-
St. Vincent	13	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	61	-	1	-	-	-	4	2	45	9	-
Other West Indies	24	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	13	2	1
Central America	366	-	7	-	2	1	19	27	240	70	-
British Honduras	37	-	1	-	1	-	6	9	12	8	-
Cost Rica	25	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	17	4	-
El Salvador	109	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	71	28	-
Guatemala	143	-	1	-	-	1	5	5	111	20	-
Honduras	18	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	9	4	-
Nicaragua	12	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	8	2	-
Panama	22	-	3	-	-	-	1	2	12	4	-
South America	427	-	8	-	12	-	29	7	315	56	-
Argentina	36	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	31	1	-
Brazil	48	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	46	-	-
Chile	53	-	3	-	-	-	8	-	10	32	-
Colombia	124	-	4	-	4	-	18	4	80	14	-
Ecuador	70	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	62	5	-
Guyana	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	13	-	-
Peru	41	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	37	2	-
Uruguay	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	1	-
Venezuela	18	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	15	-	-
Other South America	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	-
Africa	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	23	2	-
Oceania	52	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	46	4	-
Australia	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	1	-
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-
Other Oceania	11	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	6	3	-
Other countries	43	3	13	-	4	3	1	5	9	5	-

TABLE 24A. ALIENS REQUIRED TO DEPART, BY NATIONALITY AND CAUSE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Aliens required to depart totaled 240,958 (see table 23). This table does not include 27,082 required departures of crewmen who were technical violators and 161,273 direct required departures under safeguard--chiefly Mexicans who entered without inspection.⁷

Nationality	Total	C a u s e s									
		Criminal	Immoral	Violation of narcotic laws	Mental or physical defects	Previously excluded or deported	Entered without proper documents	Failed to maintain or comply with conditions of non-immigrant status	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Public charge	Miscellaneous
All countries	52,603	78	13	14	23	107	2,626	38,211	11,522	1	8
Europe	7,291	4	4	2	3	14	105	7,059	100	-	-
Austria	80	-	-	-	-	-	1	79	-	-	-
Belgium	70	-	-	-	-	-	4	66	-	-	-
Czechoslovakia	75	-	-	1	-	-	3	70	1	-	-
Denmark	148	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	2	-	-
Finland	54	1	-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	-
France	258	-	-	-	-	-	8	250	-	-	-
Germany	431	-	1	-	-	1	8	414	7	-	-
Greece	1,116	-	1	-	-	2	7	1,081	25	-	-
Hungary	41	-	-	-	-	-	1	36	4	-	-
Ireland	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-
Italy	1,122	2	-	-	-	1	12	1,093	14	-	-
Netherlands	217	-	-	-	-	-	3	214	-	-	-
Norway	383	-	-	-	-	-	-	381	2	-	-
Poland	418	-	1	-	-	-	1	415	1	-	-
Portugal	160	-	-	-	-	1	2	152	5	-	-
Spain	296	-	-	-	-	-	-	291	5	-	-
Sweden	121	-	-	-	-	-	4	116	1	-	-
Switzerland	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	-	-
Turkey	115	-	-	-	-	-	4	110	1	-	-
United Kingdom	1,827	1	1	1	3	8	40	1,744	29	-	-
Yugoslavia	162	-	-	-	-	1	3	156	2	-	-
Other Europe	47	-	-	-	-	-	4	42	1	-	-
Asia	4,095	1	-	1	3	4	30	4,009	47	-	-
China 1/	498	-	-	1	-	2	14	453	28	-	-
India	379	-	-	-	-	-	1	378	-	-	-
Iran	182	-	-	-	1	-	-	180	1	-	-
Iraq	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	1	-	-
Israel	216	-	-	-	1	-	-	213	2	-	-
Japan	397	-	-	-	-	1	-	394	2	-	-
Jordan 2/	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	-
Korea	145	-	-	-	-	-	-	143	2	-	-
Lebanon	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	1	-	-
Pakistan	57	1	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-	-
Philippines	1,853	-	-	-	-	1	14	1,830	8	-	-
Thailand	99	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	-	-	-
Other Asia	120	-	-	-	1	-	1	116	2	-	-
North America	36,031	71	6	11	11	86	2,456	22,032	11,349	1	8
Canada	3,562	42	2	6	5	25	403	2,906	171	-	2
Mexico	23,837	27	4	5	3	52	1,972	10,653	11,114	1	6
West Indies	6,014	1	-	-	1	6	34	5,929	43	-	-
Barbados	326	-	-	-	-	-	2	323	1	-	-
Cuba	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	12	-	-
Dominican Republic	1,655	-	-	-	-	1	4	1,643	7	-	-
Haiti	819	-	-	-	-	2	5	804	8	-	-
Jamaica	1,926	1	-	-	1	3	17	1,891	13	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	1,192	-	-	-	-	-	6	1,184	2	-	-
Central America	2,618	1	-	-	2	3	47	2,544	21	-	-
Costa Rica	266	1	-	-	1	3	3	254	4	-	-
El Salvador	743	-	-	-	-	-	9	729	5	-	-
Guatemala	941	-	-	-	-	-	5	933	3	-	-
Honduras	275	-	-	-	1	-	17	251	6	-	-
Nicaragua	157	-	-	-	-	-	3	152	2	-	-
Panama	236	-	-	-	-	-	10	225	1	-	-
South America	4,742	-	2	-	6	2	26	4,685	21	-	-
Argentina	493	-	1	-	2	-	-	490	-	-	-
Bolivia	109	-	-	-	1	-	-	108	-	-	-
Brazil	210	-	-	-	-	-	-	210	-	-	-
Chile	217	-	-	-	1	1	2	207	6	-	-
Colombia	1,307	-	-	-	-	1	11	1,292	3	-	-
Ecuador	1,195	-	-	-	-	-	4	1,187	4	-	-
Guyana	379	-	-	-	-	-	2	377	-	-	-
Paraguay	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	5	-	-
Peru	426	-	-	-	-	-	6	418	2	-	-
Uruguay	183	-	1	-	1	-	-	180	1	-	-
Venezuela	185	-	-	-	1	-	1	183	-	-	-
Africa	193	-	-	-	-	1	1	188	3	-	-
South Africa	35	-	-	-	-	-	1	34	-	-	-
United Arab Republic	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-
Other Africa	128	-	-	-	-	1	-	124	3	-	-
Oceania	211	1	1	-	-	-	7	200	2	-	-
Australia	129	1	-	-	-	-	5	121	2	-	-
New Zealand	52	-	1	-	-	-	1	50	-	-	-
Other Oceania	30	-	-	-	-	-	1	29	-	-	-
Other countries	40	1	-	-	-	-	1	38	-	-	-

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 24B. ALIENS DEPORTED, BY NATIONALITY AND CAUSE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Nationality	Total	Causes									
		Subversive or anarchistic	Criminal	Immoral	Violation of narcotic laws	Mental or physical defect	Previously excluded or deported	Entered without proper documents	Failed to maintain or comply with conditions of non- immigrant status	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Miscellaneous
All countries	10,505	3	272	14	155	12	361	1,789	2,901	4,983	15
Europe	1,260	3	56	3	24	8	29	40	999	98	-
Austria	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
Denmark	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
France	14	-	2	-	1	-	-	1	9	1	-
Germany	66	-	4	1	2	-	1	3	49	6	-
Greece	551	1	5	-	1	1	5	4	492	42	-
Hungary	8	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
Ireland	13	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	8	1	-
Italy	78	-	2	-	1	1	2	4	60	8	-
Netherlands	21	-	3	-	5	-	-	1	12	-	-
Norway	16	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
Poland	19	-	3	-	1	3	1	-	9	2	-
Portugal	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	15	5	-
Spain	62	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	52	5	-
Sweden	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1	-
Switzerland	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	-
Turkey	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	319	1	24	2	10	-	19	14	226	23	-
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	6	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-
Yugoslavia	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	15	1	-
Other Europe	13	-	2	-	-	1	-	2	8	-	-
Asia	557	-	5	-	5	1	3	7	503	33	-
China 1/	334	-	-	-	4	-	1	2	300	27	-
India	15	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	13	-	-
Iran	12	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	9	-	-
Israel	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	1	-
Japan	10	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	5	3	-
Jordan 2/	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	8	-	-
Korea	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-
Lebanon	8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	7	-	-
Pakistan	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-
Philippines	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98	-	-
Thailand	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-
Other Asia	22	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	17	2	-
North America	8,215	-	201	11	114	2	299	1,731	1,069	4,773	15
Canada	727	-	134	9	29	-	126	39	343	44	3
Mexico	6,845	-	58	2	77	-	153	1,669	233	4,642	11
West Indies	329	-	3	-	2	1	7	8	274	28	1
Barbados	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-
Cuba	6	-	1	-	2	-	-	1	2	-	-
Dominican Republic	52	-	-	-	2	1	2	4	35	8	-
Haiti	7	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	1	-
Jamaica	181	-	1	-	2	-	1	1	165	10	1
Trinidad and Tobago	58	-	1	-	-	-	4	2	42	9	-
Central America	314	-	6	-	1	1	13	15	219	59	-
Costa Rica	22	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	15	4	-
El Salvador	107	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	70	27	-
Guatemala	144	-	1	-	-	1	5	4	111	22	-
Honduras	17	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	9	3	-
Nicaragua	12	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	7	2	-
Panama	12	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	7	1	-
South America	419	-	7	-	12	-	29	7	292	72	-
Argentina	30	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	27	-	-
Brazil	45	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	43	-	-
Chile	55	-	3	-	-	-	9	-	10	33	-
Colombia	121	-	4	-	4	-	19	4	77	13	-
Ecuador	71	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	62	6	-
Peru	41	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	37	3	-
Uruguay	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	2	-
Venezuela	18	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	14	-
Other South America	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	18	1	-
Africa	28	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	22	3	-
Morocco	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
South Africa	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
Other Africa	20	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	14	3	-
Oceania	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	3	-
Australia	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	1	-
New Zealand	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	2	-
Other countries	7	-	3	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	-

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 24C. ALIENS REQUIRED TO DEPART, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION AND CAUSE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Aliens required to depart totaled 240,958 (see table 23). This table does not include 27,082 required departures of crewmen who were technical violators and 161,273 direct required departures under safeguards--chiefly Mexicans who entered without inspection.

Country of destination	Total	Causes									
		Criminal	Immoral	Violation of narcotic laws	Mental or physical defect	Previously excluded or deported	Entered without proper documents	Failed to maintain or comply with conditions of nonimmigrant status	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Public charge	Miscellaneous
All countries	52,603	78	13	14	23	107	2,626	38,211	11,522	1	8
Europe	5,135	2	3	1	2	5	43	5,022	57	-	-
Austria	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	-	-	-
Belgium	74	-	-	-	-	-	2	72	-	-	-
Denmark	137	-	-	-	-	-	1	134	2	-	-
France	264	-	-	-	-	-	3	261	-	-	-
Germany	432	-	1	-	-	1	4	422	4	-	-
Greece	759	-	1	-	-	1	4	739	14	-	-
Iceland	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	-	-	-
Ireland	224	-	-	-	-	-	2	204	18	-	-
Italy	879	2	-	-	-	2	6	863	6	-	-
Netherlands	137	-	-	-	-	-	2	133	2	-	-
Norway	243	-	-	-	-	-	-	242	1	-	-
Poland	311	-	-	-	-	-	1	309	1	-	-
Portugal	121	-	-	-	-	1	1	118	1	-	-
Spain	236	-	-	-	-	-	2	232	2	-	-
Sweden	69	-	-	-	-	-	1	63	-	-	-
Switzerland	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	-	-	-
United Kingdom	764	-	1	1	2	-	9	746	5	-	-
Yugoslavia	91	-	-	-	-	-	2	88	1	-	-
Other Europe	149	-	-	-	-	-	3	146	-	-	-
Asia	3,125	1	-	-	3	4	15	3,087	15	-	-
Hong Kong	108	-	-	-	-	1	-	104	3	-	-
India	206	-	-	-	-	-	1	205	-	-	-
Iran	113	-	-	-	1	-	-	111	1	-	-
Israel	166	-	-	-	1	-	-	163	2	-	-
Japan	645	-	-	-	-	2	-	640	3	-	-
Korea	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-
Philippines	1,420	-	-	-	-	1	8	1,406	5	-	-
Taiwan	99	-	-	-	-	-	4	94	1	-	-
Thailand	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	-	-
Other Asia	226	1	-	-	1	-	2	222	-	-	-
North America	39,802	72	7	11	13	96	2,534	25,643	11,417	1	8
Canada	7,349	44	3	6	7	31	479	6,544	233	-	2
Mexico	24,448	26	4	5	2	55	1,989	11,238	11,122	1	6
West Indies	5,654	1	-	-	2	7	33	5,575	36	-	-
Antigua	335	-	-	-	-	-	2	331	2	-	-
Bahamas	328	-	-	-	-	-	2	321	5	-	-
Barbados	324	-	-	-	1	-	1	321	1	-	-
Dominican Republic	1,295	-	-	-	1	1	3	1,282	8	-	-
Haiti	397	-	-	-	-	1	3	389	4	-	-
Jamaica	1,572	1	-	-	-	3	16	1,540	12	-	-
Netherlands Antilles	146	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	-	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	949	-	-	-	-	-	4	943	2	-	-
Other West Indies	308	-	-	-	-	2	2	302	2	-	-
Central America	2,351	1	-	-	2	3	33	2,286	26	-	-
British Honduras	163	-	-	-	-	3	4	146	10	-	-
Costa Rica	216	1	-	-	1	-	4	209	1	-	-
El Salvador	535	-	-	-	-	-	7	525	3	-	-
Guatemala	828	-	-	-	-	-	5	819	4	-	-
Honduras	225	-	-	-	1	-	3	216	5	-	-
Nicaragua	112	-	-	-	-	-	2	109	1	-	-
Panama	272	-	-	-	-	-	8	262	2	-	-
South America	4,131	-	2	-	5	1	27	4,076	20	-	-
Argentina	401	-	-	-	-	-	-	399	2	-	-
Brazil	193	-	-	-	-	-	1	191	1	-	-
Chile	194	-	-	-	1	-	1	186	6	-	-
Colombia	1,143	-	1	-	1	1	10	1,127	3	-	-
Ecuador	1,062	-	-	-	-	-	5	1,056	1	-	-
Guyana	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	261	-	-	-
Peru	373	-	-	-	-	-	6	367	-	-	-
Venezuela	299	-	1	-	1	-	3	290	4	-	-
Other South America	205	-	-	-	2	-	1	199	3	-	-
Africa	123	-	-	-	-	1	1	119	2	-	-
Oceania	170	1	-	-	-	-	4	163	2	-	-
Australia	95	1	-	-	-	-	2	91	1	-	-
New Zealand	33	-	-	-	-	-	1	31	1	-	-
Other Oceania	42	-	-	-	-	-	1	41	-	-	-
Other countries	117	2	1	2	-	-	2	101	9	-	-

TABLE 25. ALIENS DEPORTED, BY COUNTRY TO WHICH DEPORTED AND DEPORTATION EXPENSE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country to which deported	Total	Deportation expense borne by:				
		Immigration and Naturalization Service	Other Government agencies	Steamship companies	Aliens deported	Aliens reshipped
All countries	10,505	8,747	43	1,019	577	119
Europe	911	231	6	565	77	32
France	15	10	-	2	3	-
Germany	63	22	1	29	4	7
Greece	490	51	1	403	14	21
Ireland	15	8	-	3	4	-
Italy	68	31	2	15	20	-
Netherlands	20	10	-	7	2	1
Norway	16	4	-	10	1	1
Poland	9	3	-	1	5	-
Portugal	12	3	1	7	1	-
Spain	64	11	-	43	9	1
United Kingdom	85	54	-	21	10	-
Yugoslavia	17	6	-	9	1	1
Other Europe	37	18	1	15	3	-
Asia	531	134	6	292	58	41
Hong Kong	206	14	1	161	20	10
India	16	7	1	5	2	1
Iran	10	7	1	-	-	2
Israel	11	10	1	-	-	-
Japan	44	11	-	24	6	3
Pakistan	18	8	-	10	-	-
Philippines	88	35	1	34	18	-
Taiwan	81	4	-	49	6	22
Thailand	9	8	-	-	1	-
Other Asia	48	30	1	9	5	3
North America	8,515	8,049	10	59	366	31
Canada	795	726	1	9	58	1
Mexico	6,859	6,744	4	2	87	22
West Indies	495	252	5	34	198	6
Antigua	38	34	1	-	3	-
Bahamas	17	13	-	1	3	-
Barbados	31	13	-	-	17	1
Dominican Republic	52	26	1	3	22	-
Grenada	28	5	-	-	23	-
Jamaica	180	59	-	11	109	1
Netherlands Antilles	17	5	1	10	1	-
St. Christopher	34	34	-	-	-	-
St. Vincent	13	4	-	-	7	2
Trinidad and Tobago	61	41	2	9	7	2
Other West Indies	24	18	-	-	6	-
Central America	366	227	-	14	23	2
British Honduras	37	32	-	-	5	-
Costa Rica	25	23	-	2	-	-
El Salvador	109	105	-	2	2	-
Guatemala	143	131	-	-	12	-
Honduras	18	16	-	-	2	-
Nicaragua	12	10	-	1	1	-
Panama	22	10	-	9	1	2
South America	427	301	21	52	41	12
Argentina	36	25	1	1	8	1
Brazil	48	27	8	8	4	1
Chile	53	30	2	20	1	-
Colombia	124	105	5	6	8	-
Ecuador	70	49	2	10	9	-
Guyana	14	8	3	-	2	1
Peru	41	33	-	5	3	-
Uruguay	16	14	-	1	1	-
Venezuela	18	3	-	1	5	9
Other South America	7	7	-	-	-	-
Africa	26	11	-	12	-	3
Oceania	52	17	-	35	-	-
Australia	12	9	-	3	-	-
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	29	-	-	29	-	-
Other Oceania	11	8	-	3	-	-
Other countries	43	4	-	4	35	-

TABLE 26. ALIENS DEPORTED BY CAUSE:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1908-1969

Period	Total	C a u s e s											
		Subversive or anarchistic	Criminal	Immoral	Violation of narcotic laws	Mental or physical defect	Previously excluded or deported	Failed to maintain or comply with conditions of nonimmigrant status	Entered without proper documents	Entered without inspection or by false statements	Public charge	Unable to read (over 16 years of age)	Miscellaneous
1908-1969 1/	564,260	1,509	45,538	16,497	4,511	27,259	36,601	86,289	134,882	155,850	22,525	16,761	16,038
1908-1910	6,888	-	236	784	-	3,228	-	-	-	1,106	474	-	1,060
1911-1920	27,912	353	1,209	4,324	-	6,364	178	-	-	4,128	9,086	704	1,566
1921-1930	92,157	642	8,383	4,238	374	8,936	1,842	5,556	31,704	5,265	10,703	5,977	8,537
1931-1940	117,086	253	16,597	4,838	1,108	6,301	9,729	14,669	45,480	5,159	1,886	8,329	2,737
1941-1950	110,849	17	8,945	759	822	1,560	17,642	13,906	14,288	50,209	143	1,746	812
1951-1960	129,887	230	6,742	1,175	947	642	4,002	25,260	35,090	54,457	225	5	1,112
1951	13,544	18	1,036	67	62	45	940	3,587	5,322	2,293	14	-	160
1952	20,181	31	778	50	40	56	539	4,944	9,636	3,706	24	-	377
1953	19,845	37	689	100	53	48	276	2,352	9,724	6,387	35	-	144
1954	26,951	61	783	239	105	43	336	2,536	5,344	17,337	31	2	134
1955	15,028	30	667	162	96	69	366	1,472	1,971	10,064	37	1	93
1956	7,297	16	628	103	87	80	316	1,269	1,102	3,545	48	1	102
1957	5,082	12	549	112	114	59	263	1,264	662	1,999	8	-	40
1958	7,142	6	583	124	183	107	305	2,333	472	2,995	9	1	24
1959	7,988	7	547	126	130	78	332	3,059	483	3,191	15	-	20
1960	6,829	12	482	92	77	57	329	2,444	374	2,940	4	-	18
1961-1969	79,481	14	3,426	379	1,260	228	3,208	26,898	8,320	35,526	8	-	214
1961	7,438	4	498	73	106	54	357	3,020	400	2,916	2	-	8
1962	7,637	2	493	58	131	53	353	2,967	378	3,185	-	-	17
1963	7,454	4	452	61	158	29	368	2,302	417	3,642	1	-	20
1964	8,746	-	417	40	146	22	373	2,473	688	4,580	-	-	7
1965	10,143	-	385	53	143	23	355	3,241	1,036	4,881	2	-	24
1966	9,168	1	323	30	130	13	336	3,668	984	3,615	-	-	68
1967	9,260	-	320	29	154	14	360	3,126	1,272	3,947	2	-	36
1968	9,130	-	266	21	137	8	345	3,200	1,356	3,777	1	-	19
1969	10,505	3	272	14	155	12	361	2,901	1,789	4,983	-	-	15

1/ Deportation statistics by cause not available prior to fiscal year 1908.

TABLE 26A. ALIENS DEPORTED, BY COUNTRY TO WHICH DEPORTED:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Country to which deported	1960-1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
All countries	86,310	6,829	7,438	7,637	7,454	8,746	10,143	9,168	9,260	9,130	10,505
Europe	12,724	1,541	1,676	1,503	1,015	1,150	1,213	1,450	1,323	942	911
Denmark	181	18	34	35	14	10	17	24	17	7	5
France	191	15	26	17	24	18	20	17	23	16	15
Germany	932	91	90	148	69	78	102	103	91	97	63
Greece	5,519	610	680	562	363	479	513	706	657	459	490
Ireland	142	14	19	8	16	19	14	13	11	13	15
Italy	1,536	282	255	215	133	134	136	163	82	68	68
Netherlands	326	53	47	28	29	42	30	17	41	19	20
Norway	383	45	50	30	36	41	35	62	45	23	16
Poland	73	8	12	8	5	2	13	7	7	2	9
Portugal	262	34	21	25	32	30	30	37	24	17	12
Spain	1,193	118	147	168	111	110	134	117	143	81	64
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	218	26	29	36	32	29	26	15	12	8	5
United Kingdom	1,042	119	152	135	93	90	87	107	91	83	85
Yugoslavia	233	43	50	28	22	14	13	14	20	12	17
Other Europe	493	65	64	60	36	54	43	48	59	37	27
Asia	4,027	246	277	416	192	225	373	660	518	589	531
Hong Kong	1,316	34	38	171	45	37	90	270	166	259	206
India	192	10	11	8	12	12	22	34	46	21	16
Iran	142	9	17	13	1	1	21	27	31	12	10
Israel	124	10	13	16	19	12	12	9	9	13	11
Japan	407	20	18	40	34	68	48	47	43	45	44
Jordan	85	7	7	9	8	14	6	13	6	6	9
Korea	104	8	10	12	9	14	11	12	13	7	8
Pakistan	97	16	8	9	4	3	9	11	7	12	18
Philippines	492	67	32	41	25	31	51	69	46	42	88
Taiwan	594	10	33	48	18	11	41	123	99	130	81
Thailand	26	1	2	2	1	-	3	2	4	2	9
Other Asia	448	54	88	47	16	22	59	43	48	40	31
North America	66,079	4,858	5,044	5,433	5,957	7,129	8,227	6,705	7,058	7,153	8,515
Canada	9,932	881	1,151	1,206	1,098	1,003	1,044	964	938	852	795
Mexico	49,329	3,442	3,404	3,743	4,405	5,557	6,518	4,770	5,423	5,208	6,859
West Indies	4,147	387	312	298	249	340	485	702	410	469	495
Antigua	245	4	5	25	13	20	28	58	27	27	38
Bahamas	292	55	22	39	26	28	34	28	26	17	17
Barbados	292	20	22	31	13	19	22	74	27	33	31
Dominican Republic	858	15	2	33	68	107	181	158	140	102	52
Grenada	47	3	-	-	-	2	2	4	-	8	28
Jamaica	998	64	55	54	46	82	96	207	68	146	180
Netherland Antilles	139	8	9	7	11	6	21	37	12	11	17
St. Christopher	192	2	2	18	7	7	20	56	28	18	34
St. Vincent	22	1	1	1	-	-	1	4	-	1	13
Trinidad and Tobago	387	23	29	21	23	28	47	36	44	75	61
Other West Indies	675	192	165	69	42	41	33	40	38	31	24
Central America	2,571	148	177	186	205	229	180	269	287	624	366
British Honduras	665	70	66	53	60	79	58	92	95	55	37
Costa Rica	154	8	6	9	16	12	11	13	14	40	25
El Salvador	556	22	37	31	45	49	31	43	34	155	109
Guatemala	713	21	25	27	36	29	22	46	73	291	143
Honduras	249	11	29	18	23	21	19	40	32	38	18
Nicaragua	105	5	6	9	10	8	16	9	11	19	12
Panama	229	11	8	39	15	31	23	26	28	26	22
South America	2,389	116	138	183	183	170	230	287	291	364	427
Argentina	213	14	18	21	15	19	26	13	23	28	36
Brazil	166	5	9	20	10	10	13	21	9	21	48
Chile	343	22	27	31	29	34	26	30	35	56	53
Colombia	809	30	44	53	56	58	100	116	118	110	124
Ecuador	228	10	4	7	12	4	6	23	32	60	70
Guyana	81	6	5	7	5	9	7	8	13	7	14
Peru	280	11	17	15	39	17	21	40	37	42	41
Uruguay	59	2	2	3	3	5	2	4	6	16	16
Venezuela	168	13	9	22	11	13	28	21	14	19	18
Other South America	42	3	3	4	3	1	1	11	4	5	7
Africa	244	15	23	22	23	24	17	20	35	39	26
Oceania	230	19	31	23	17	16	13	12	31	16	52
Australia	145	16	19	17	15	10	9	7	27	13	12
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	33	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
Other Oceania	52	3	8	6	2	6	4	5	4	3	11
Other countries	617	34	249	57	67	32	70	34	4	27	43

TABLE 27. ALIENS DEPORTED AND REQUIRED TO DEPART, BY YEAR OF ENTRY AND STATUS AT ENTRY:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Status at entry	Totals	Calendar year of entry							
		1969 1/	1968	1967	1966	1961-1965	1951-1960	1941-1950	Before 1941
Total deported	10,505	2,979	5,807	753	303	415	132	29	87
Immigrant (except displaced person)	1,208	244	679	53	40	79	77	11	25
Displaced person or refugee	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Foreign government official	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Representative of foreign information media	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Representative to international organization	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange visitor	27	-	-	1	7	18	1	-	-
Temporary visitor	2,346	490	1,300	273	112	143	14	2	12
Agricultural laborer	208	2	165	30	7	-	1	3	-
Other temporary worker or industrial trainee	36	3	14	10	4	4	1	-	-
Transit alien	42	4	24	10	-	3	-	-	1
Returning resident alien	30	7	11	1	1	3	3	2	2
Student	84	4	16	20	10	28	5	-	1
United States citizenship claimed	298	132	138	11	4	8	3	1	1
Crewman	1,138	276	596	142	44	59	9	6	6
Treaty trader or investor	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Entered without inspection	5,003	1,807	2,820	193	67	62	17	4	33
Stowaway	67	10	40	5	5	5	-	-	2
Other	11	-	3	2	1	1	-	-	4
 Total required to depart 2/	 52,603	 6,222	 26,930	 10,792	 3,547	 4,304	 557	 77	 174
Immigrant (except displaced person)	710	66	384	118	50	49	25	5	13
Displaced person or refugee	5	1	2	1	-	1	-	-	-
Foreign government official	179	2	29	55	40	40	12	-	1
Representative of foreign information media	5	-	2	-	1	2	-	-	-
Representative to international organization	12	-	3	5	2	2	-	-	-
Exchange visitor	1,360	3	66	177	368	693	49	-	4
Temporary visitor	32,787	2,916	16,799	8,413	2,214	2,155	184	19	87
Agricultural laborer	281	5	74	99	27	53	17	6	-
Other temporary worker or industrial trainee	334	14	137	71	27	71	9	3	2
Transit alien	364	65	148	91	37	22	1	-	-
Returning resident alien	46	41	2	1	-	1	1	-	-
Student	1,803	31	299	467	317	627	58	1	3
United States citizenship claimed	284	37	131	39	16	32	19	7	3
Crewman	2,685	744	1,230	217	145	255	73	13	8
Treaty trader or investor	17	-	9	4	3	1	-	-	-
Entered without inspection	11,658	2,295	7,599	1,027	294	291	100	22	30
Stowaway	30	2	8	3	3	6	7	1	-
Other	43	-	8	4	3	3	2	-	23

1/ Six-month figure, January-June 1969.

2/ Excludes 27,082 required departures of crewman technical violators and 161,273 direct departures under safeguards.

TABLE 27A. ALIENS DEPORTED AND REQUIRED TO DEPART, BY STATUS AT ENTRY:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

/Aliens required to depart totaled 95,263 in 1965, 123,683 in 1966, 142,343 in 1967, 179,952 in 1968, and 240,958 in 1969, (see Table 23). This table does not include required departures of crewmen who were technical violators and direct required departures under safeguards--chiefly Mexicans who entered without inspection./

Status at entry	D e p o r t a t i o n					R e q u i r e d d e p a r t u r e				
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total	10,143	9,168	9,260	9,130	10,505	46,963	39,510	39,486	47,666	52,603
Immigrant (except displaced person) ..	847	877	1,107	880	1,208	916	845	887	577	710
Displaced person or refugee	2	1	-	-	2	11	81	16	3	5
Foreign government official	3	1	6	2	2	117	79	144	183	179
Representative of foreign information media	3	3	2	1	1	10	3	3	6	5
Representative to international organization	-	-	-	-	1	16	6	14	4	12
Exchange visitor	16	16	14	15	27	1,264	1,210	1,129	1,254	1,360
Temporary visitor	2,233	2,105	2,026	2,376	2,346	24,279	23,684	24,013	29,995	32,787
Agricultural laborer	214	234	99	139	208	1,744	354	203	223	281
Other temporary worker or industrial trainee	20	27	23	20	36	283	322	274	340	334
Transit alien	35	28	43	47	42	241	259	197	326	364
Returning resident alien	98	82	45	39	30	34	23	22	18	46
Student	83	81	94	89	84	1,944	2,109	1,880	1,940	1,803
U.S. citizenship claimed	178	194	171	213	298	295	284	223	329	284
Crewman	1,369	1,898	1,587	1,294	1,138	2,498	2,829	2,670	2,634	2,685
Treaty trader or investor	6	4	1	1	1	17	33	18	16	17
Entered without inspection	4,986	3,570	3,975	3,952	5,003	13,239	7,356	7,756	9,761	11,658
Stowaway	45	44	65	53	67	40	32	34	45	30
Other	5	3	2	9	11	15	1	3	12	43

TABLE 27B. DEPORTABLE ALIENS LOCATED, BY STATUS AT ENTRY AND NATIONALITY:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Nationality	Number located	Status at entry										
		Agricultural worker	Visitor	Student	D-1 crewman		D-2 crewman		Immigrant	Stowaway	Entry without inspection	Other
					Non-willful violator	Willful violator	Non-willful violator	Willful violator				
All countries	283,557	738	63,152	5,712	26,153	2,691	929	64	2,420	152	167,174	14,372
Europe	25,484	118	7,868	578	13,302	1,600	673	45	160	25	310	805
Greece	6,043	1	652	113	3,679	1,141	194	28	12	-	65	158
Italy	2,733	-	2,077	63	346	58	15	1	29	8	27	109
Scandinavia 1/	4,837	-	151	29	4,221	58	312	8	4	-	5	49
Spain	1,258	111	260	21	567	124	29	7	-	3	16	120
United Kingdom	3,281	5	1,117	128	1,720	52	26	-	38	1	76	118
Yugoslavia	519	-	316	15	132	28	-	-	4	-	11	13
Other Europe	6,813	1	3,295	209	2,637	139	97	1	73	13	110	238
Asia	21,119	3	4,250	3,123	10,345	936	99	4	204	6	59	2,090
China	7,678	1	554	953	4,384	851	25	3	170	5	35	697
Philippines	4,502	1	1,923	279	1,283	41	51	1	16	-	7	900
Other Asia	8,939	1	1,773	1,891	4,678	44	23	-	18	1	17	493
North America	221,233	177	40,679	674	454	48	38	3	1,886	40	166,604	10,630
Canada	12,753	38	8,328	164	17	2	3	-	141	-	3,597	463
Mexico	201,636	29	28,430	286	125	4	5	-	1,662	2	161,673	9,420
Cuba	1,657	-	193	19	2	2	-	-	40	8	1,266	127
Dominican Republic	2,134	-	1,888	29	41	15	4	-	19	22	10	106
British West Indies and British Honduras	3,053	110	1,840	176	269	25	26	3	24	8	58	514
Other Western Hemisphere	13,035	433	9,217	871	1,272	74	100	12	153	71	177	655
Other nationalities	2,686	7	1,138	466	780	33	19	-	17	10	24	192

1/ Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and Iceland.

TABLE 28. ALIEN CREWMEN DESERTED AT UNITED STATES AIR AND SEA PORTS,
BY NATIONALITY AND FLAG OF CARRIER: 1/
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Nationality of crewmembers	Total	Flag of carrier from which deserted															
		Libertian	Greek	Norwegian	British	Panamanian	German	Netherlandish	Swedish	Israeli	Danish	Chinese	Italian	Yugoslavian	United States	Dominican	Cypriot
Number deserted	6,356	2,290	824	730	662	293	257	225	216	163	137	92	53	42	41	35	19
Europe	4,073	1,439	794	435	398	171	222	77	151	34	105	1	53	41	12	2	28
Austria	7	2	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Belgium	20	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Denmark	93	2	-	14	-	2	-	-	4	-	68	-	-	-	1	-	2
Finland	23	-	-	6	1	-	-	-	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	8
France	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Germany	247	39	-	16	4	1	176	3	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5
Greece	2,067	1,146	779	1	9	78	7	1	3	6	1	-	-	-	4	1	26
Ireland	16	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	7
Italy	161	50	5	2	2	44	1	-	1	1	2	-	52	-	-	-	2
Netherlands	72	5	-	6	-	1	2	52	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
Norway	335	7	-	287	6	9	1	-	14	1	9	-	-	-	1	-	2
Poland	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Portugal	71	29	3	6	1	-	4	4	2	7	2	-	1	-	-	-	11
Spain	251	57	2	44	18	19	24	16	26	9	15	-	-	-	2	-	6
Sweden	95	1	-	14	1	-	-	-	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Switzerland	9	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	3
Turkey	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	8
United Kingdom	492	78	2	30	346	16	4	1	2	4	3	1	-	-	3	-	2
Yugoslavia	73	18	3	-	1	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	41	-	-	3
Other Europe	6	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Asia	1,681	744	8	212	216	53	10	132	21	102	9	91	-	-	8	-	75
China 2/	1,472	719	1	192	183	47	-	128	6	77	1	90	-	-	1	-	27
India	22	-	2	-	6	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Israel	23	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Japan	19	3	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	11
Korea	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lebanon	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Malaysia	6	-	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan	26	1	-	-	1	-	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
Philippines	86	10	1	14	23	3	1	15	-	8	-	-	-	-	6	-	5
Singapore	5	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Asia	11	3	2	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
North America	407	77	12	48	41	55	18	8	22	15	16	-	-	-	16	39	6
Canada	65	7	2	4	13	6	2	1	11	-	2	-	-	-	5	-	12
Mexico	36	3	-	19	-	-	-	7	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	7
West Indies	121	39	6	18	20	22	7	6	2	10	4	-	-	-	2	28	2
Barbados	9	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Cuba	5	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Dominican Republic	71	10	2	3	2	2	1	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	5
Haiti	17	3	-	2	-	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jamaica	62	15	2	7	14	8	3	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Trinidad and Tobago	27	10	1	2	-	1	1	2	1	1	4	-	-	-	4	-	-
Central America	115	28	4	7	8	27	8	1	6	4	8	-	-	-	6	1	6
Costa Rica	11	1	2	3	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
El Salvador	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	9	1	1	1	-	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Honduras	73	23	-	3	8	17	5	1	4	4	2	-	-	-	1	1	4
Nicaragua	7	1	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Panama	13	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	4	-	-
South America	143	8	6	31	5	11	5	8	19	12	6	-	-	-	3	-	1
Argentina	16	1	1	4	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Brazil	20	2	-	3	1	1	-	-	4	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	6
Chile	25	-	3	9	-	-	-	-	6	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Colombia	26	3	-	7	2	5	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	5
Ecuador	33	-	-	3	2	4	2	8	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Guyana	4	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peru	12	-	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Venezuela	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Other South America	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Africa	41	16	4	2	1	3	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	2	-	7
Ethiopia	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Liberia	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	4	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Somali Republic	8	2	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Africa	4	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Other Africa	10	3	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
Oceania	6	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australia	5	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1/ Includes deserting crewmen reported by ships' masters and those found in the United States by Service officers.

2/ Includes Taiwan.

TABLE 29. VESSELS AND AIRPLANES INSPECTED, CREWMEN ADMITTED, ALIEN CREWMEN DESERTED,
AND ALIEN STOWAWAYS FOUND, BY LOCATION:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

[Each arrival of the same carrier or crewman counted separately]

Location	Vessels and airplanes inspected on arrival		Crewmen admitted		Alien 1/ crewmen deserted	Alien stowaways found
	Vessels	Airplanes	Aliens	Citizens		
United States Total	83,707	316,540	2,139,951	1,106,630	6,356	152
Northeast Region	20,866	64,056	687,056	233,376	2,637	49
Boston, Mass.	1,215	5,461	42,131	14,408	160	-
Buffalo, N.Y.	9,304	8,469	14,598	14,694	8	-
Hartford, Conn.	195	525	6,489	894	81	2
Newark, N.J.	-	2,171	1,707	12,243	562	13
New York, N.Y.	4,809	41,951	593,250	184,315	1,743	34
Portland, Maine	4,805	2,560	28,032	4,927	83	-
St. Albans, Vt.	538	2,919	849	1,895	-	-
Southeast Region	32,176	94,534	801,934	295,134	2,345	54
Atlanta, Ga.	2,037	846	57,975	18,081	177	1
Baltimore, Md.	1,309	462	43,128	8,131	358	8
Cleveland, Ohio	1,894	6,689	54,413	6,505	37	1
Miami, Fla.	12,899	58,873	319,303	144,457	458	4
New Orleans, La.	2,222	2,081	67,333	21,613	432	1
Philadelphia, Pa.	1,541	1,779	57,054	10,885	540	4
San Juan, P.R.	8,783	20,832	158,174	60,408	133	33
Washington, D.C.	1,491	2,972	44,554	25,054	210	2
Northwest Region	19,330	51,324	198,611	130,328	341	7
Anchorage, Alaska	1,428	6,406	38,237	29,484	2	-
Chicago, Ill.	576	5,229	36,968	16,548	69	1
Detroit, Mich.	3,048	8,713	19,466	12,256	36	3
Helena, Mont.	29	3,353	1,259	4,422	-	-
Kansas City, Mo.	-	277	58	260	-	-
Omaha, Nebr.	-	127	56	154	-	-
Portland, Oreg.	1,192	692	34,280	8,266	116	-
St. Paul, Minn.	177	12,972	2,601	4,874	9	3
Seattle, Wash.	12,880	13,555	65,686	54,064	109	-
Southwest Region	10,048	58,406	326,041	232,363	1,033	14
Denver, Colo.	-	688	520	2,360	-	1
El Paso, Tex.	-	2,711	11	102	-	-
Honolulu, Hawaii	1,590	11,149	78,800	82,926	36	3
Los Angeles, Calif.	4,943	15,309	138,076	55,662	391	2
Phoenix, Ariz.	-	7,781	1,514	831	-	-
Port Isabel, Tex.	2,123	5,109	64,111	19,334	256	2
San Antonio, Tex.	-	11,250	5,914	18,150	-	1
San Francisco, Calif.	1,392	4,409	37,095	52,998	350	5
Preinspection Officers	1,287	48,220	126,309	215,429	-	-
Hamilton, Bermuda	30	3,813	7,869	24,391	-	-
Montreal, Canada	-	10,030	27,370	28,087	-	-
Nassau, Bahamas	-	7,988	15,738	35,322	-	-
Toronto, Canada	-	20,680	46,463	69,419	-	-
Vancouver, Canada	-	4,180	7,580	22,865	-	-
Victoria, Canada	1,257	-	21,031	25,669	-	-
Winnipeg, Canada	-	1,466	225	9,206	-	-
Frankfurt, Germany	-	63	33	470	-	-
Border Patrol Sectors	-	-	-	-	-	28

1/ Includes deserting crewmen reported by ships' masters and those found in the United States by Service officers.

TABLE 30. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF IMMIGRATION BORDER PATROL:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Activities and accomplishments	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Persons apprehended	29,881	30,209	30,686	39,885	43,993	53,279	80,701	96,021	124,908	174,332
Deportable aliens located	28,966	29,384	29,897	38,861	42,879	52,422	79,610	94,778	123,519	172,391
Mexican aliens	22,687	23,109	23,358	31,910	35,146	44,161	71,233	86,845	113,304	159,376
Working in agriculture	4,402	5,162	5,574	9,143	10,689	14,248	24,385	27,830	39,301	50,881
Working in trades, crafts and industry	4,658	4,077	4,005	4,474	4,598	4,422	7,755	5,906	8,484	11,391
Others	13,627	13,870	13,779	18,293	19,859	25,491	39,093	53,109	65,519	97,104
Canadian aliens	4,645	4,187	4,683	5,176	5,949	5,795	6,254	5,849	7,666	9,075
All others	1,634	2,088	1,856	1,775	1,784	2,466	2,123	2,084	2,549	3,940
Smugglers of aliens located	330	284	349	348	513	525	959	1,219	1,210	2,048
Aliens previously expelled located	9,374	9,112	9,419	12,233	12,892	13,955	24,200	27,743	36,565	51,756
Aliens with previous criminal records located ..	3,828	3,899	4,000	4,463	4,643	4,049	4,499	3,506	3,588	4,184
Conveyances examined	1,657,709	1,598,513	1,537,506	1,334,900	1,258,565	1,172,221	1,288,481	1,308,606	1,150,042	1,419,025
Trains	53,702	51,638	57,907	49,942	47,597	40,141	38,529	37,703	33,189	33,160
Automobiles	1,069,387	974,332	975,586	870,412	816,436	751,640	878,525	880,135	769,384	957,414
Buses	223,642	209,065	231,869	202,720	206,334	201,700	181,297	193,487	168,149	182,813
Boats	13,229	27,909	34,214	25,483	25,203	25,030	18,307	15,053	15,328	14,564
Other conveyances	297,749	335,569	237,930	186,343	162,995	153,710	171,823	182,228	163,992	231,074
Persons questioned	6,189,817	6,267,642	6,808,638	6,331,404	5,433,546	5,285,157	5,582,551	5,606,549	5,281,193	6,086,775
On trains	103,629	95,621	98,606	87,555	69,898	57,504	60,757	60,779	49,302	46,667
In automobiles	2,528,222	2,172,699	2,255,929	2,106,630	2,031,746	1,877,156	2,219,411	2,291,128	2,088,692	2,560,279
In buses	1,295,352	1,513,063	1,713,617	1,261,337	758,231	775,272	776,742	843,238	762,942	892,180
On boats	33,003	47,937	63,346	60,837	56,378	54,443	42,130	37,832	32,909	29,573
On other conveyances	506,775	552,076	529,891	501,324	457,477	455,407	475,882	488,111	488,433	631,306
Pedestrians	1,722,836	1,886,246	2,147,249	2,313,721	2,059,816	2,065,375	2,007,629	1,885,461	1,858,915	1,926,770
Seizures:										
Automobiles and trucks	51	71	85	166	166	78	58	76	113	190
Airplanes	5	11	17	1	3	-	-	-	-	3
Other conveyances	4	6	16	20	7	12	7	8	4	5
Value of seizures	\$338,055	\$265,164	\$488,369	\$246,335	\$638,839	\$584,191	\$473,407	\$1,892,965	\$846,187	\$1,683,227
Narcotics	52,083	52,416	13,408	11,930	251,692	393,474	382,185	1,718,937	688,205	1,208,040
Other	285,972	238,748	474,961	234,405	387,147	200,717	91,222	174,028	157,982	475,187

TABLE 31. PASSENGERS ARRIVED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY SEA AND AIR, FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES OF EMBARKATION: 1/
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country of embarkation	By sea and air			By sea			By air		
	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens
All countries	8,800,147	3,342,881	5,457,266	763,843	198,464	565,379	8,036,304	3,144,417	4,891,887
Europe	3,465,845	1,354,218	2,111,627	162,048	76,367	85,681	3,303,797	1,277,851	2,025,946
Austria	16,247	8,338	7,909	-	-	-	16,247	8,338	7,909
Belgium	91,069	39,744	51,325	811	528	283	90,258	39,216	51,042
Czechoslovakia	3,187	2,211	976	-	-	-	3,187	2,211	976
Denmark	134,930	66,599	68,331	1,351	739	612	133,579	65,860	67,719
Finland	6,824	4,149	2,675	190	173	17	6,634	3,976	2,658
France	371,134	149,271	221,863	25,960	9,378	16,582	345,174	139,893	205,281
Germany	549,226	181,049	368,177	16,472	7,146	9,326	532,754	173,903	358,851
Gibraltar	7	-	7	7	-	7	-	-	-
Greece	87,566	38,371	49,195	6,092	4,299	1,793	81,474	34,072	47,402
Iceland	27,953	12,041	15,912	29	18	11	27,924	12,023	15,901
Ireland	161,145	49,466	111,679	2,737	389	2,348	158,408	49,077	109,331
Italy	308,013	112,740	195,273	38,070	19,384	18,686	269,943	93,356	176,587
Luxembourg	46,403	19,546	26,857	-	-	-	46,403	19,546	26,857
Malta	760	468	292	-	-	-	760	468	292
Netherlands	218,542	91,784	126,758	12,715	6,614	6,101	205,827	85,170	120,657
Norway	27,112	12,448	14,664	2,609	1,088	1,521	24,503	11,360	13,143
Poland	378	350	28	378	350	28	-	-	-
Portugal	138,704	44,949	93,755	4,984	3,311	1,673	133,720	41,638	92,082
Romania	95	86	9	-	-	-	95	86	9
Spain	178,570	63,894	114,676	4,820	2,055	2,765	173,750	61,839	111,911
Sweden	19,386	11,606	7,780	1,649	775	874	17,737	10,831	6,906
Switzerland	110,622	38,434	72,188	-	-	-	110,622	38,434	72,188
Turkey	7,138	1,190	5,948	29	27	2	7,109	1,163	5,946
United Kingdom	954,767	401,437	553,330	42,521	19,648	22,873	912,246	381,789	530,457
U.S.S.R.	3,696	2,722	974	-	-	-	3,696	2,722	974
Yugoslavia	2,371	1,325	1,046	624	445	179	1,747	880	867
Asia	686,133	337,798	348,335	18,788	10,858	7,930	667,345	326,940	340,405
Burma	104	28	76	-	-	-	104	28	76
Ceylon	105	37	68	5	3	2	100	34	66
Cocos (Keeling Islands)	6	6	-	6	6	-	-	-	-
Cyprus	103	72	31	103	72	31	-	-	-
Hong Kong	58,083	24,496	33,587	2,416	1,417	999	55,667	23,079	32,588
India	7,842	5,264	2,578	148	128	20	7,694	5,136	2,558
Indonesia	518	296	222	2	2	-	516	294	222
Iran	4,986	1,920	3,066	2	2	-	4,984	1,918	3,066
Israel	61,166	17,958	43,208	1,931	1,006	925	59,235	16,952	42,283
Japan	427,034	242,496	184,538	10,688	7,015	3,673	416,346	235,481	180,865
Jordan	52	-	52	-	-	-	52	-	52
Korea	5,928	2,565	3,363	17	16	1	5,911	2,549	3,362
Kuwait	288	184	104	7	7	-	281	177	104
Laos	17	11	6	-	-	-	17	11	6
Lebanon	6,926	2,226	4,700	5	2	3	6,921	2,224	4,697
Malaysia	11	1	10	11	1	10	-	-	-
Nepal	265	94	171	-	-	-	265	94	171
Pakistan	280	94	186	27	25	2	253	69	184
Palestine	9	6	3	-	-	-	9	6	3
Philippines	62,324	30,565	31,759	2,981	1,008	1,973	59,343	29,557	29,786
Ryukyu Islands	15,643	1,157	14,486	-	-	-	15,643	1,157	14,486
Saudi Arabia	924	176	748	-	-	-	924	176	748
Singapore	759	247	512	132	83	49	627	164	463
Syrian Arab Republic	64	25	39	-	-	-	64	25	39
Taiwan	5,298	2,091	3,207	296	64	232	5,002	2,027	2,975
Thailand	10,701	2,843	7,858	1	-	1	10,700	2,843	7,857
Turkey	1,289	180	1,109	-	-	-	1,289	180	1,109
Vietnam	15,394	2,752	12,642	10	1	9	15,384	2,751	12,633
Yemen	14	8	6	-	-	-	14	8	6
Africa	20,830	6,343	14,487	782	398	384	20,048	5,945	14,103
Cameroon	252	77	175	-	-	-	252	77	175
Cape Verde Islands	11	4	7	11	4	7	-	-	-
Congo	328	106	222	-	-	-	328	106	222
Congo, Republic of the	294	90	204	-	-	-	294	90	204
Dahomey	189	42	147	-	-	-	189	42	147
Ethiopia	19	12	7	-	-	-	19	12	7
Ghana	1,415	569	846	19	18	1	1,396	551	845
Ivory Coast	446	182	264	9	3	6	437	179	258
Kenya	1,231	236	995	37	12	25	1,194	224	970
Liberia	2,788	1,120	1,668	125	68	57	2,663	1,052	1,611
Libya	1,098	137	961	25	22	3	1,073	115	958
Morocco	3,553	497	3,056	172	45	127	3,381	452	2,929
Mozambique	27	10	17	24	10	14	3	-	3
Nigeria	1,728	765	963	-	-	-	1,728	765	963
St. Helena	1,262	13	1,249	-	-	-	1,262	13	1,249
Senegal	2,502	843	1,659	-	-	-	2,502	843	1,659
Sierra Leone	3	3	-	3	3	-	-	-	-
South Africa	2,233	1,221	1,012	351	210	141	1,882	1,011	871
Tanganyika	16	3	13	-	-	-	16	3	13
Tanzania	179	36	143	3	-	3	176	36	140
Tunisia	302	52	250	-	-	-	302	52	250
Uganda	433	102	331	-	-	-	433	102	331
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	521	223	298	3	3	-	518	220	298

TABLE 31. PASSENGERS ARRIVED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY SEA AND AIR, FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES, BY COUNTRY OF EMBARKATION: 1/ (Cont'd.)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country of embarkation	By sea and air			By sea			By air		
	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Oceania	185,882	99,519	86,363	18,144	15,989	2,155	167,738	83,530	84,208
American Samoa	9,112	1,574	7,538	92	12	80	9,020	1,562	7,458
Australia	61,586	43,130	18,456	13,805	12,396	1,409	47,781	30,734	17,047
Christmas Island	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	3
Fiji	19,622	11,047	8,575	287	214	73	19,335	10,833	8,502
New Caledonia	392	147	245	-	-	-	392	147	245
New Zealand	15,634	11,432	4,202	3,467	3,009	458	12,167	8,423	3,744
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	47,029	17,369	29,660	483	354	129	46,546	17,015	29,531
Polynesia (French)	28,405	14,410	13,995	10	4	6	28,395	14,406	13,989
Wake and Midway Islands	4,057	400	3,657	-	-	-	4,057	400	3,657
Western Samoa	42	10	32	-	-	-	42	10	32
North America	3,486,434	1,199,361	2,287,073	97,904	56,988	40,916	3,388,530	1,142,373	2,246,157
Canada	81,944	44,204	37,740	10,221	7,603	2,618	71,723	36,601	35,122
Greenland	1,903	44	1,859	-	-	-	1,903	44	1,859
Mexico	826,874	294,793	532,081	2,100	832	1,268	824,774	293,961	530,813
Swan Island	10	2	8	-	-	-	10	2	8
West Indies	2,332,538	730,814	1,601,724	75,230	44,359	30,871	2,257,308	686,455	1,570,853
Bahamas	988,067	178,392	809,675	19,394	3,891	15,503	968,673	174,501	794,172
Barbados	55,143	21,521	33,622	92	47	45	55,051	21,474	33,577
Bermuda	276,457	34,373	242,084	4,435	2,740	1,695	272,022	31,633	240,389
Cayman Islands	14,285	4,225	10,060	27	13	14	14,258	4,212	10,046
Cuba	43,394	37,953	5,441	128	2	126	43,266	37,951	5,315
Dominican Republic	173,870	118,761	55,109	801	778	23	173,099	117,983	55,086
Guadeloupe	23,714	11,333	12,381	201	192	9	23,513	11,141	12,372
Haiti	39,514	23,113	16,401	89	46	43	39,425	23,067	16,358
Jamaica	345,530	124,446	221,084	1,329	473	856	344,201	123,973	220,228
Leeward Islands:									
Antigua	82,934	42,093	40,841	86	55	31	82,848	42,038	40,810
British Virgin Islands	69,962	48,119	21,843	45,943	34,326	11,617	24,019	13,793	10,226
Montserrat	47	23	24	2	1	1	45	22	23
St. Christopher	15,095	11,628	3,467	258	253	5	14,837	11,375	3,462
Martinique	17,110	4,264	12,846	164	144	20	16,946	4,120	12,826
Netherlands Antilles	114,775	29,724	85,051	1,646	1,173	473	113,129	28,551	84,578
Trinidad and Tobago	63,897	35,669	28,228	602	200	402	63,295	35,469	27,826
Turks and Caicos Islands	1,445	124	1,321	12	8	4	1,433	116	1,317
Windward Islands:									
Dominica	1,285	805	480	7	7	-	1,278	798	480
Grenada	962	531	431	1	1	-	961	530	431
St. Lucia	4,735	3,615	1,120	7	5	2	4,728	3,610	1,118
St. Vincent	317	102	215	6	4	2	311	98	213
Central America	243,165	129,504	113,661	10,323	4,194	6,129	232,812	125,310	107,502
British Honduras	9,364	4,898	4,466	47	14	33	9,317	4,884	4,433
Canal Zone and Panama	88,759	34,219	54,540	9,394	3,717	5,677	79,365	30,502	48,863
Costa Rica	16,696	9,900	6,796	343	9,900	249	16,353	9,806	6,547
El Salvador	29,298	16,595	12,703	46	25	21	29,252	16,570	12,682
Guatemala	67,789	43,778	24,011	80	55	25	67,709	43,723	23,986
Honduras	21,053	13,666	7,387	418	267	151	20,635	13,399	7,236
Nicaragua	10,206	6,448	3,758	25	22	3	10,181	6,426	3,755
South America	494,914	311,765	183,149	6,068	3,987	2,081	488,846	307,778	181,068
Argentina	47,326	32,656	14,670	874	752	122	46,452	31,904	14,548
Bolivia	4,143	2,510	1,633	-	-	-	4,143	2,510	1,633
Brazil	79,133	44,263	34,870	1,487	923	564	77,646	43,340	34,306
Chile	20,774	14,577	6,197	157	94	63	20,617	14,483	6,134
Colombia	101,450	71,840	29,610	487	306	181	100,963	71,534	29,429
Ecuador	37,038	28,172	8,866	439	67	372	36,599	28,105	8,494
Guiana (French)	59	56	3	-	-	-	59	56	3
Guyana	5,849	3,814	2,035	8	7	1	5,841	3,807	2,034
Paraguay	1,745	951	794	-	-	-	1,745	951	794
Peru	54,918	35,324	19,594	276	80	196	54,642	35,244	19,398
Surinam (Netherlands Guiana)	1,048	319	729	23	9	14	1,025	310	715
Uruguay	4,259	2,557	1,702	45	10	35	4,214	2,547	1,667
Venezuela	137,172	74,726	62,446	2,272	1,739	533	134,900	72,987	61,913
Cruise	460,109	33,877	426,232	460,109	33,877	426,232	-	-	-
Bahamas	186,612	10,084	176,528	186,612	10,084	176,528	-	-	-
Bermuda	46,070	1,887	44,183	46,070	1,887	44,183	-	-	-
Caribbean	186,271	19,938	166,333	186,271	19,938	166,333	-	-	-
Europe and Mediterranean	9,240	322	8,918	9,240	322	8,918	-	-	-
Far East	2,952	219	2,733	2,952	219	2,733	-	-	-
Southern South America	4,776	276	4,500	4,776	276	4,500	-	-	-
World cruise	287	7	280	287	7	280	-	-	-
Other countries	23,901	1,144	22,757	23,901	1,144	22,757	-	-	-
Flag of carrier:									
United States	4,581,376	1,354,757	3,226,619	77,447	11,507	65,940	4,503,929	1,343,250	3,160,679
Foreign	4,218,771	1,988,124	2,230,647	686,396	186,957	499,439	3,532,375	1,801,167	1,731,208

1/ Exclusive of travel over land borders (except Mexican air travel) crewmen, military personnel, and travelers between the United States and its possessions.

Table 12. PASSENGERS DEPARTED FROM THE UNITED STATES, BY SEA AND AIR, TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES, BY COUNTRY OF DEBARKATION: 1/
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country of debarkation	By sea and air			By sea			By air		
	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens
All countries	8,029,192	2,807,618	5,221,574	763,608	187,581	576,027	7,265,584	2,620,037	4,645,547
Europe	3,223,462	1,186,125	2,037,337	185,669	90,401	95,268	3,037,793	1,095,724	1,942,069
Austria	14,418	4,457	9,961	-	-	-	14,418	4,457	9,961
Belgium	77,098	30,489	46,609	1,208	564	644	75,890	29,925	45,965
Czechoslovakia	2,254	763	1,491	-	-	-	2,254	763	1,491
Denmark	132,039	64,803	67,236	1,514	634	880	130,525	64,169	66,356
Finland	8,021	3,757	4,264	133	115	18	7,888	3,642	4,246
France	309,211	128,140	181,071	26,270	10,176	16,094	282,941	117,964	164,977
Germany	491,848	164,066	327,782	14,929	7,008	7,921	476,919	157,058	319,861
Gibraltar	51	4	47	51	4	47	-	-	-
Greece	81,107	25,009	56,098	6,745	3,438	3,307	74,362	21,571	52,791
Iceland	81,661	32,928	48,733	28	21	7	81,633	32,907	48,726
Ireland	151,930	41,251	110,679	4,300	778	3,522	147,630	40,473	107,157
Italy	294,959	92,823	202,136	36,912	16,375	20,537	258,047	76,448	181,599
Luxembourg	25	25	-	-	-	-	25	25	-
Malta	571	232	339	-	-	-	571	232	339
Netherlands	191,637	81,743	109,894	9,204	4,199	5,005	182,433	77,544	104,889
Norway	36,656	12,921	23,735	4,100	1,794	2,306	32,556	11,127	21,429
Poland	288	262	26	288	262	26	-	-	-
Portugal	109,420	23,473	85,947	3,185	1,414	1,771	106,235	22,059	84,176
Romania	91	91	-	-	-	-	91	91	-
Spain	157,361	50,800	106,561	10,447	6,588	3,859	146,914	44,212	102,702
Sweden	19,042	10,170	8,872	1,663	671	592	17,779	9,499	8,280
Switzerland	107,098	36,868	70,230	-	-	-	107,098	36,868	70,230
Turkey	9,332	1,369	7,963	37	34	3	9,295	1,335	7,960
United Kingdom	940,264	376,278	563,986	64,474	36,027	28,447	875,790	340,251	535,539
U.S.S.R.	5,405	2,696	2,709	-	-	-	5,405	2,696	2,709
Yugoslavia	1,675	707	968	581	299	282	1,094	408	686
Asia	610,572	263,255	347,317	14,802	6,452	8,350	595,770	256,803	338,967
Arabian Peninsula	5	1	4	-	-	-	5	1	4
Burma	31	2	29	-	-	-	31	2	29
Ceylon	100	23	77	16	14	2	84	9	75
Cyprus	126	50	76	126	50	76	-	-	-
Hong Kong	23,207	6,738	16,469	1,914	612	1,302	21,293	6,126	15,167
India	5,290	1,574	3,716	61	51	10	5,229	1,523	3,706
Indonesia	205	73	132	-	-	-	205	73	132
Iran	3,361	862	2,499	-	-	-	3,361	862	2,499
Israel	82,940	18,928	64,012	3,179	1,134	2,045	79,761	17,794	61,967
Japan	406,389	211,279	195,110	7,128	3,546	3,582	399,261	207,733	191,528
Jordan	4	4	-	-	-	-	4	4	-
Korea	4,798	882	3,916	17	1	16	4,781	881	3,900
Kuwait	151	59	92	-	-	-	151	59	92
Lebanon	4,412	1,382	3,030	14	12	2	4,398	1,370	3,028
Malaysia	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Pakistan	407	81	326	4	-	4	403	81	322
Palestine	5	2	3	-	-	-	5	2	3
Philippines	46,279	17,114	29,165	2,089	948	1,141	44,190	16,166	28,024
Ryukyu Islands	5,736	658	5,078	-	-	-	5,736	658	5,078
Saudi Arabia	430	33	397	12	-	12	418	33	385
Singapore	571	144	427	127	64	63	444	80	364
Taiwan	2,589	336	2,253	112	19	93	2,477	317	2,160
Thailand	7,494	1,316	6,178	2	-	2	7,492	1,316	6,176
Turkey	4,970	316	4,654	-	-	-	4,970	316	4,654
Vietnam	11,071	1,397	9,674	-	-	-	11,071	1,397	9,674
Africa	27,600	4,990	22,610	1,366	401	965	26,234	4,589	21,645
Algeria	96	-	96	-	-	-	96	-	96
Botswana	9	1	8	-	-	-	9	1	8
Cameroon	284	54	230	-	-	-	284	54	230
Congo	23	12	11	-	-	-	23	12	11
Congo, Republic of the	439	93	346	-	-	-	439	93	346
Dahomey	140	21	119	-	-	-	140	21	119
Ethiopia	12	12	-	-	-	-	12	12	-
Ghana	2,219	315	1,904	12	3	9	2,207	312	1,895
Guinea	116	65	51	-	-	-	116	65	51
Ivory Coast	515	123	392	16	-	16	499	123	376
Kenya	1,435	190	1,245	47	7	40	1,388	183	1,205
Liberia	4,320	832	3,488	96	62	34	4,224	770	3,454
Libya	1,943	206	1,737	185	50	135	1,758	156	1,602
Morocco	4,204	355	3,849	436	83	353	3,768	272	3,496
Mozambique	37	13	24	37	13	24	-	-	-
Nigeria	1,830	413	1,417	25	16	9	1,805	397	1,408
St. Helena	1,190	6	1,184	-	-	-	1,190	6	1,184
Senegal	3,097	643	2,454	10	6	4	3,087	637	2,450
Seychelles	54	2	52	-	-	-	54	2	52
Sierra Leone	275	2	273	13	1	12	262	1	261
South Africa	2,999	1,114	1,885	489	160	329	2,510	954	1,556
Tanganyika	4	2	2	-	-	-	4	2	2
Tanzania	224	55	169	-	-	-	224	55	169
Tunisia	614	93	521	-	-	-	614	93	521
Uganda	820	168	652	-	-	-	820	168	652
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	616	137	479	-	-	-	616	137	479
Zanzibar	85	63	22	-	-	-	85	63	22

TABLE 32. PASSENGERS DEPARTED FROM THE UNITED STATES, BY SEA AND AIR, TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES, BY COUNTRY OF DEBARKATION: 1/ (Cont'd)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country of debarkation	By sea and air			By sea			By air		
	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens	Total	Aliens	Citizens
Oceania	190,578	98,268	92,310	18,178	13,982	4,194	172,400	84,284	88,116
American Samoa	7,149	918	6,231	-	-	-	7,149	918	6,231
Australia	66,698	46,265	20,433	12,093	10,055	2,038	54,605	36,210	18,395
Christmas Island	9	-	9	-	-	-	9	-	9
Fiji	20,939	12,109	8,830	923	881	42	20,016	11,228	8,788
New Caledonia	529	289	240	219	116	103	310	173	137
New Zealand	17,286	10,440	6,846	4,542	2,683	1,859	12,744	7,757	4,987
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	43,859	16,270	27,589	333	240	93	43,526	16,030	27,496
Polynesia (French)	29,226	11,216	18,010	68	9	59	29,158	11,207	17,951
Wake and Midway Islands	4,883	761	4,122	-	-	-	4,883	761	4,122
North America	3,056,251	947,913	2,108,338	60,464	35,391	25,073	2,995,787	912,522	2,083,265
Canada	64,771	21,191	43,580	1,559	859	700	63,212	20,332	42,880
Greenland	1,685	62	1,623	-	-	-	1,685	62	1,623
Mexico	776,933	266,980	509,953	1,905	1,253	652	775,028	265,727	509,301
West Indies	1,996,557	552,378	1,444,179	52,525	32,540	19,785	1,944,232	519,838	1,424,394
Bahamas	854,101	153,416	700,685	6,846	916	5,930	847,255	152,500	694,755
Barbados	48,671	12,596	36,075	49	8	41	48,622	12,588	36,034
Bermuda	228,977	22,785	206,192	1,603	788	815	227,374	21,997	205,377
Cayman Islands	14,591	3,877	10,714	-	-	-	14,591	3,877	10,714
Cuba	2,473	370	2,103	141	10	131	2,332	360	1,972
Dominican Republic	159,524	104,640	54,884	687	569	118	158,837	104,071	54,766
Guadeloupe	24,168	9,279	14,889	21	16	5	24,147	9,263	14,884
Haiti	30,045	16,005	14,040	89	30	59	29,956	15,975	13,981
Jamaica	314,186	90,795	223,391	686	165	521	313,500	90,630	222,870
Leeward Islands:									
Antigua	76,875	31,920	44,955	88	57	31	76,787	31,863	44,924
British Virgin Islands	63,968	43,036	20,932	39,590	29,132	10,458	24,378	13,904	10,474
Montserrat	16	6	10	-	-	-	16	6	10
St. Christopher	13,879	10,447	3,432	18	12	6	13,861	10,435	3,426
Martinique	8,340	3,310	5,030	728	53	675	7,612	3,257	4,355
Netherlands Antilles	106,254	25,250	81,004	1,167	585	582	105,087	24,665	80,422
Trinidad and Tobago	40,680	18,414	22,266	596	186	410	40,084	18,228	21,856
Turks and Caicos Islands	679	38	641	-	-	-	679	38	641
Windward Islands:									
Dominica	1,999	1,377	622	-	-	-	1,999	1,377	622
Grenada	651	248	403	16	13	3	635	235	400
St. Lucia	6,030	4,440	1,590	-	-	-	6,030	4,440	1,590
St. Vincent	450	129	321	-	-	-	450	129	321
Central America	216,305	107,302	109,003	4,675	739	3,936	211,630	106,563	105,067
British Honduras	8,227	3,698	4,529	6	6	-	8,221	3,692	4,529
Canal Zone and Panama	82,476	28,352	54,124	4,161	465	3,696	78,315	27,887	50,428
Costa Rica	16,220	8,939	7,281	156	32	124	16,064	8,907	7,157
El Salvador	23,391	14,381	9,010	25	17	8	23,366	14,364	9,002
Guatemala	53,840	32,510	21,330	59	28	31	53,781	32,482	21,299
Honduras	20,805	12,791	8,014	260	183	77	20,545	12,608	7,937
Nicaragua	11,346	6,631	4,715	8	8	-	11,338	6,623	4,715
South America	443,746	269,885	173,861	6,146	3,770	2,376	437,600	266,115	171,485
Argentina	44,813	28,570	16,243	712	286	426	44,101	28,284	15,817
Bolivia	4,650	2,811	1,839	-	-	-	4,650	2,811	1,839
Brazil	70,932	39,484	31,448	1,193	827	366	69,739	38,657	31,082
Chile	20,611	14,210	6,401	163	81	82	20,448	14,129	6,319
Colombia	87,866	56,004	31,862	349	236	113	87,517	55,768	31,749
Ecuador	32,059	21,846	10,213	524	302	222	31,535	21,544	9,991
Guyana	3,268	1,922	1,346	14	10	4	3,254	1,912	1,342
Paraguay	1,800	950	850	-	-	-	1,800	950	850
Peru	56,230	33,128	23,102	355	70	285	55,875	33,058	22,817
Suriname (Netherlands Guiana)	1,634	675	959	70	8	62	1,564	667	897
Uruguay	4,188	2,464	1,724	25	16	9	4,163	2,448	1,715
Venezuela	115,695	67,821	47,874	2,741	1,934	807	112,954	65,887	47,067
Cruise	476,983	37,182	439,801	476,983	37,182	439,801	-	-	-
Bahamas	206,121	11,481	194,640	206,121	11,481	194,640	-	-	-
Bermuda	46,554	1,803	44,751	46,554	1,803	44,751	-	-	-
Caribbean	183,982	21,095	162,887	183,982	21,095	162,887	-	-	-
Europe and Mediterranean	10,156	1,571	8,585	10,156	1,571	8,585	-	-	-
Far East	4,203	140	4,063	4,203	140	4,063	-	-	-
Southern South America	6,076	215	5,861	6,076	215	5,861	-	-	-
World cruise	935	178	757	935	178	757	-	-	-
Other countries	18,956	699	18,257	18,956	699	18,257	-	-	-
Flag of Carrier:									
United States	4,044,433	1,061,928	2,982,505	67,340	11,716	55,624	3,977,093	1,050,212	2,926,881
Foreign	3,984,759	1,745,690	2,239,069	696,268	175,865	520,403	3,288,491	1,569,825	1,718,666

1/ Exclusive of travel over land borders (except Mexican air travel), crewmen, military personnel, and travelers between the United States and its possessions.

TABLE 37. DECLARATIONS OF INTENTION FILED, PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION FILED,
PERSONS NATURALIZED, AND PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION DENIED:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1907-1969

Period	Declara- tions filed	Petitions filed	Persons naturalized			Petitions denied
			Civilian	Military	Total	
1907-1969	8,661,919	9,263,584	8,181,844	537,353	8,719,197	461,673
1907-1910	526,322	164,036	111,738		111,738	17,702
1911-1920	2,686,909	1,381,384	884,672	244,300	1,128,972	118,725
1921-1930	2,709,014	1,884,277	1,716,979	56,206	1,773,185	165,493
1931-1940	1,369,479	1,637,113	1,498,573	19,891	1,518,464	45,792
1931	106,272	145,474	140,271	3,224	143,495	7,514
1932	101,345	131,062	136,598	2	136,600	5,478
1933	83,046	112,629	112,368	995	113,363	4,703
1934	108,079	117,125	110,867	2,802	113,669	1,133
1935	136,524	131,378	118,945	-	118,945	2,765
1936	148,118	167,127	140,784	481	141,265	3,124
1937	176,195	165,464	162,923	2,053	164,976	4,042
1938	150,673	175,413	158,142	3,936	162,078	4,854
1939	155,691	213,413	185,175	3,638	188,813	5,630
1940	203,536	278,028	232,500	2,760	235,260	6,549
1941-1950	920,284	1,938,066	1,837,229	149,799	1,987,028	64,814
1941	224,123	277,807	275,747	1,547	277,294	7,769
1942	221,796	343,487	268,762	1,602	270,364	8,348
1943	115,664	377,125	281,459	37,474	318,933	13,656
1944	42,368	325,717	392,766	49,213	441,979	7,297
1945	31,195	195,917	208,707	22,695	231,402	9,782
1946	28,787	123,864	134,849	15,213	150,062	6,575
1947	37,771	88,802	77,442	16,462	93,904	3,953
1948	60,187	68,265	69,080	1,070	70,150	2,887
1949	64,866	71,044	64,138	2,456	66,594	2,271
1950	93,527	66,038	64,279	2,067	66,346	2,276
1951-1960	323,818	1,230,483	1,148,241	41,705	1,189,946	27,569
1951	91,497	61,634	53,741	975	54,716	2,395
1952	111,461	94,086	87,070	1,585	88,655	2,163
1953	23,558	98,128	90,476	1,575	92,051	2,300
1954	9,100	130,722	104,086	13,745	117,831	2,084
1955	10,855	213,508	197,568	11,958	209,526	4,571
1956	12,870	137,701	138,681	7,204	145,885	3,935
1957	15,911	140,547	137,198	845	138,043	2,948
1958	16,196	117,344	118,950	916	119,866	2,688
1959	16,115	109,270	102,623	1,308	103,931	2,208
1960	16,255	127,543	117,848	1,594	119,442	2,277
1961-1969	126,093	1,028,225	984,412	25,452	1,009,864	21,578
1961	15,921	138,718	130,731	1,719	132,450	3,175
1962	15,120	129,682	124,972	2,335	127,307	3,557
1963	14,478	121,170	121,618	2,560	124,178	2,436
1964	14,374	113,218	109,629	2,605	112,234	2,309
1965	13,082	106,813	101,214	3,085	104,299	2,059
1966	12,957	104,853	100,498	2,561	103,059	2,029
1967	12,465	108,369	102,211	2,691	104,902	2,008
1968	13,594	103,085	100,288	2,438	102,726	1,962
1969	14,102	102,317	93,251	5,458	98,709	2,043

TABLE 37A. PERSONS NATURALIZED, BY GENERAL AND SPECIAL NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

Naturalization provisions	1965-1969	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total	513,695	104,299	103,059	104,902	102,726	98,709
General provisions	381,254	76,630	76,214	78,544	76,377	73,489
Special provisions	132,441	27,669	26,845	26,358	26,349	25,220
Persons married to U.S. citizens	81,330	16,602	16,448	16,778	17,156	14,346
Children, including adopted children of U.S. citizen parents	34,199	7,914	7,695	6,740	6,579	5,271
Former U.S. citizens who lost citizenship by marriage ...	177	38	37	36	38	28
Philippine citizens who entered the United States prior to May 1, 1934, and have resided continuously in the United States	9	3	-	5	1	-
Persons who served in the U.S. Armed Forces for 3 years ..	7,514	1,696	1,575	1,648	1,720	875
Persons who served in the U.S. Armed Forces during World War I, World War II, the Korean hostilities, or the Vietnam hostilities <u>1/</u>	8,666	1,365	971	1,040	712	4,578
Lodge Act enlistees	53	24	15	3	6	5
Surviving spouses of citizen members of the Armed Forces of the United States <u>2/</u>	9					9
Persons who served on certain U.S. vessels	93	18	22	18	11	24
Former U.S. citizens who lost citizenship by entering the armed forces of foreign countries during World War II	16	4	3	2	2	5
Nationals but not citizens of the United States	285	5	77	87	65	51
Persons naturalized under private law	8	-	1	-	-	7
Employees of nonprofit organizations engaged in disseminating information promoting U.S. interest <u>3/</u>	80				59	21
Other	2	-	1	1	-	-

1/ Section 329 of the Immigration and Nationality Act amended October 24, 1968, to include Vietnam hostilities (P.L. 90-633).

2/ Section 319 of the Immigration and Nationality Act amended June 29, 1968, (P.L. 90-369).

3/ Section 319 of the Immigration and Nationality Act amended December 18, 1967 (P.L. 90-215).

TABLE 3H. PERSONS NATURALIZED, BY GENERAL AND SPECIAL NATURALIZATION PROVISIONS AND COUNTRY OR REGION OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

[See Table 37A for detailed figures by naturalization provisions.]

Country or region of former allegiance	Total number	Persons naturalized					Other
		Under general naturalization provisions	Married to U.S. citizens	Children of U.S. citizen parents	Military		
All countries	98,709	73,449	14,346	5,271	5,458		145
Europe	51,847	40,070	7,747	2,520	1,472		38
Albania	103	95	6	-	-		1
Austria	688	530	101	22	34		1
Belgium	291	249	5	6	9		-
Bulgaria	74	63	1	1	5		-
Czechoslovakia	340	271	52	3	12		2
Denmark	316	242	53	4	17		-
Estonia	94	91	-	-	3		-
Finland	236	184	35	8	7		2
France	1,416	967	357	60	31		1
Germany	10,618	8,853	2,565	808	383		9
Greece	3,029	2,057	768	155	45		4
Hungary	1,725	1,550	88	37	50		-
Iceland	45	29	14	1	1		-
Ireland	2,620	2,332	98	84	105		1
Italy	8,773	7,071	1,088	450	161		3
Latvia	331	301	18	1	11		-
Lithuania	345	323	10	2	10		-
Luxembourg	56	32	12	9	3		-
Malta	112	99	5	8	-		-
Netherlands	1,930	1,607	147	74	102		-
Norway	461	380	59	12	10		-
Poland	3,643	3,320	127	118	74		4
Portugal	1,543	1,066	242	204	31		-
Romania	434	389	29	13	3		-
Spain	721	473	207	28	13		-
Sweden	325	265	46	7	7		1
Switzerland	514	437	50	12	14		-
Turkey	444	326	103	9	6		-
United Kingdom	7,979	6,070	1,263	354	284		8
U.S.S.R.	767	730	15	4	17		1
Yugoslavia	1,808	1,610	150	26	22		-
Other Europe	66	58	7	-	1		-
Asia	15,362	7,679	4,158	1,293	2,218		14
Burma	49	38	8	1	2		-
China 1/	3,399	2,172	744	161	322		-
Cyprus	62	40	15	5	2		-
India	384	231	119	15	19		-
Indonesia	101	78	13	4	6		-
Iran	346	198	113	18	17		-
Iraq	214	153	50	8	3		-
Israel	1,836	1,564	184	72	16		-
Japan	2,067	802	1,038	189	28		10
Jordan	397	276	77	37	7		-
Korea	1,646	410	807	408	19		2
Lebanon	338	237	67	21	13		-
Pakistan	44	20	18	3	3		-
Philippines	3,877	1,142	702	288	1,744		1
Syrian Arab Republic	127	83	34	4	6		-
Thailand	79	26	31	21	1		-
Vietnam	159	29	105	24	1		-
Yemen	96	84	2	8	1		1
Other Asia 2/	141	96	31	6	8		-
North America	24,831	20,449	1,776	1,175	1,408		23
Canada	6,387	5,007	584	458	330		8
Mexico	5,111	4,026	325	335	421		4
West Indies	11,219	9,766	692	259	498		4
Barbados	122	84	26	6	6		-
Cuba	9,654	8,526	513	222	390		3
Dominican Republic	522	464	20	8	29		1
Haiti	282	244	14	5	19		-
Jamaica	481	348	85	17	31		-
Trinidad and Tobago	158	100	34	1	23		-
Central America	2,114	1,650	175	123	159		7
Costa Rica	263	198	17	29	19		-
El Salvador	159	128	7	8	16		-
Guatemala	198	148	23	11	16		-
Honduras	343	287	24	10	15		7
Nicaragua	303	252	21	10	20		-
Panama	848	637	83	55	73		-
South America	3,758	3,087	293	160	218		-
Argentina	1,014	893	56	36	29		-
Bolivia	172	126	18	16	12		-
Brazil	366	290	42	25	9		-
Chile	261	217	25	8	11		-
Colombia	742	588	46	32	76		-
Ecuador	444	376	24	18	26		-
Guyana	64	44	13	3	4		-
Paraguay	35	30	3	-	2		-
Peru	365	289	30	9	37		-
Uruguay	84	75	4	2	3		-
Venezuela	211	159	32	11	9		-
Africa	671	475	139	28	28		1
Morocco	87	51	40	3	3		-
South Africa	136	92	32	8	24		-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	334	262	48	8	15		1
Other Africa 2/	104	70	19	9	6		-
Oceania	364	255	75	27	27		-
Australia	267	178	48	17	7		-
New Zealand	44	29	11	2	2		-
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	49	21	4	6	18		-
Other Oceania 2/	44	26	12	2	4		-
U.S. possessions	285	94	79	24	41		47
Stateless and not reported	1,571	1,380	79	44	46		22

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Independent countries.

TABLE 41. PERSONS NATURALIZED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE, SEX, AND AGE (Contd.),
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of former allegiance	Females									
	Total	Under 18 years	18-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years and over
All countries	53,532	2,914	2,544	14,550	16,406	2,225	4,559	2,510	647	107
Europe	29,596	1,352	1,384	8,870	8,639	4,813	2,433	1,568	456	81
Albania	35	1	-	4	9	8	8	4	1	-
Austria	416	15	30	137	84	70	36	25	16	3
Belgium	172	4	13	30	56	42	17	14	4	2
Bulgaria	28	2	2	7	4	2	3	2	3	1
Czechoslovakia	192	1	3	48	23	49	28	25	20	2
Denmark	174	2	4	50	72	28	9	5	2	2
Estonia	53	1	-	16	6	9	12	4	4	1
Finland	150	6	7	27	53	13	23	15	6	-
France	938	32	24	277	354	163	56	27	5	-
Germany	7,284	368	252	2,720	2,472	966	284	183	32	7
Greece	1,548	88	66	504	485	185	128	69	21	2
Hungary	815	17	50	146	188	151	126	100	33	4
Iceland	13	1	2	7	14	5	2	-	-	-
Ireland	1,484	44	26	545	459	200	100	99	15	5
Italy	4,273	260	374	1,418	864	616	424	240	69	8
Latvia	182	-	9	46	25	34	25	35	8	-
Lithuania	189	3	9	47	30	33	34	21	10	2
Luxembourg	34	5	1	9	10	3	4	2	-	-
Malta	62	5	4	20	12	10	5	6	-	-
Netherlands	944	43	59	266	308	179	61	27	1	-
Norway	258	5	4	56	68	33	48	41	3	-
Poland	2,013	67	164	537	347	467	223	143	53	12
Portugal	776	124	72	200	175	104	52	36	10	3
Romania	227	7	5	26	47	26	46	23	6	3
Spain	383	11	6	104	149	66	29	12	8	1
Sweden	208	2	4	59	62	33	12	27	8	1
Switzerland	279	6	2	59	134	44	19	12	3	-
Turkey	207	2	7	63	47	41	23	20	4	-
United Kingdom	4,947	204	114	1,167	1,791	945	426	221	62	17
U.S.S.R.	424	4	40	63	34	104	66	72	37	4
Yugoslavia	838	21	30	205	254	154	103	55	15	1
Other Europe	30	1	1	10	9	7	1	1	-	-
Asia	7,918	732	258	1,990	3,130	1,195	380	182	44	7
Burma	21	-	2	4	6	2	2	1	-	-
China 1/	1,684	91	59	407	699	247	125	44	11	1
Cyprus	27	1	-	16	5	5	-	-	-	-
India	114	5	3	28	43	22	7	6	-	-
Indonesia	39	1	1	8	20	7	2	-	-	-
Iran	138	10	5	39	44	21	11	7	1	-
Iraq	88	7	4	41	14	15	3	3	1	-
Israel	888	37	96	201	180	187	113	63	11	-
Japan	1,732	100	37	252	1,001	294	18	17	11	2
Jordan	125	17	5	41	34	13	10	5	-	-
Korea	1,267	281	4	474	445	47	4	6	3	3
Lebanon	151	13	9	40	46	25	7	8	3	-
Pakistan	17	2	-	5	6	3	1	-	-	-
Philippines	1,332	130	25	312	590	274	69	19	2	1
Syrian Arab Republic	43	3	3	10	15	4	5	2	1	-
Thailand	54	11	-	17	18	6	2	-	-	-
Vietnam	145	21	3	77	35	9	-	-	-	-
Yemen	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
Other Asia 2/	50	2	2	16	18	10	1	1	-	-
North America	12,806	670	727	2,877	3,648	2,680	1,459	623	106	16
Canada	3,446	253	166	803	922	713	390	169	26	4
Mexico	2,635	189	342	734	513	309	297	207	35	9
West Indies	5,303	134	164	1,004	1,848	1,425	642	226	32	1
Barbados	2	-	-	10	12	12	6	6	4	1
Cuba	4,724	129	134	854	1,621	1,249	555	156	24	-
Dominican Republic	273	9	13	49	90	58	33	19	2	-
Haiti	137	3	4	35	37	32	16	9	1	-
Jamaica	252	8	10	38	74	59	26	30	7	-
Trinidad and Tobago	60	1	1	18	14	15	6	4	1	-
Central America	1,222	74	55	336	365	233	130	21	6	2
Costa Rica	147	18	5	25	50	28	17	3	1	-
El Salvador	97	6	7	29	27	17	10	1	-	-
Guatemala	111	6	3	30	41	23	6	2	-	-
Honduras	178	4	12	53	62	28	12	6	1	-
Nicaragua	168	3	8	49	51	30	20	4	2	1
Panama	521	37	20	150	134	107	65	5	2	1
South America	1,824	103	102	442	655	334	132	44	11	1
Argentina	457	28	32	99	158	93	31	13	3	-
Bolivia	89	9	4	34	25	13	4	-	-	-
Brazil	213	14	7	50	85	36	16	4	1	-
Chile	136	5	9	31	48	24	15	2	2	-
Colombia	384	16	27	88	142	73	24	10	3	1
Ecuador	205	16	4	64	66	31	20	4	-	-
Guyana	34	2	1	2	18	7	3	-	1	-
Paraguay	17	-	-	5	7	3	2	-	-	-
Peru	142	4	4	37	62	23	8	4	-	-
Uruguay	40	-	3	11	14	10	2	-	-	-
Venezuela	107	9	11	21	30	21	7	7	1	-
Africa	288	10	11	97	95	37	25	11	2	-
Morocco	63	1	-	30	23	5	3	1	-	-
South Africa	66	2	1	23	22	7	6	4	1	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	110	2	8	22	38	22	11	6	1	-
Other Africa 2/	49	5	2	22	12	3	5	-	-	-
Oceania	193	14	5	43	48	60	13	10	-	-
Australia	133	10	1	20	31	51	11	9	-	-
New Zealand	21	2	1	6	4	6	2	-	-	-
Other Oceania 2/	39	2	3	17	13	3	-	1	-	-
U.S. possessions	166	9	2	46	85	12	9	3	-	-
Stateless and not reported	741	24	55	185	106	164	108	69	28	2

1/ Includes Taiwan.

2/ Independent countries.

TABLE 41A. PERSONS NATURALIZED, BY SEX, MARITAL STATUS,
MEDIAN AGE, AND MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

Sex, marital status, median age, and occupation	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total naturalized	104,299	103,059	104,902	102,726	98,709
Sex and marital status:					
Males	48,495	46,536	46,014	45,102	45,177
Single	15,358	14,567	13,162	12,947	12,155
Married	31,766	30,611	31,558	30,760	31,629
Widowed	593	549	503	468	400
Divorced	773	798	791	926	989
Unknown	5	11	-	1	4
Females	55,804	56,523	58,888	57,624	53,532
Single	11,746	12,143	12,150	11,671	10,725
Married	40,483	40,850	43,201	42,295	39,334
Widowed	2,416	2,272	2,249	2,158	1,936
Divorced	1,156	1,242	1,286	1,499	1,534
Unknown	3	16	2	1	3
Males per 1,000 females	869	823	781	783	844
Median age (years):					
Both sexes	34.1	33.2	33.6	33.9	33.2
Males	34.6	34.0	34.8	34.7	33.7
Females	33.7	32.5	32.8	33.2	32.7
Major occupation group:					
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	9,854	9,604	9,899	10,939	11,420
Farmers and farm managers	198	208	163	154	113
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	3,783	3,823	4,166	4,051	4,087
Clerical, sales, and kindred workers	9,637	9,660	10,680	10,942	10,817
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	10,328	9,928	9,959	9,421	8,765
Operatives and kindred workers	10,117	10,319	11,067	10,816	11,222
Private household workers	1,075	1,029	1,085	948	876
Service workers, except private household	9,591	8,686	8,702	8,835	10,534
Farm laborers and foremen	395	405	411	333	310
Laborers, except farm and mine	4,035	3,761	3,685	3,379	2,853
Housewives, children, and others with no occupation	45,286	45,636	45,085	42,908	37,712

TABLE 42. PERSONS NATURALIZED, BY STATES OR TERRITORIES OF RESIDENCE:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

State or territory of residence	1960-1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total	1,129,306	119,442	132,450	127,307	124,178	112,234	104,299	103,059	104,902	102,726	98,709
Alabama	3,372	317	397	379	304	363	289	273	306	392	352
Alaska	2,930	179	317	307	361	321	305	281	335	248	276
Arizona	8,941	790	919	754	864	881	862	819	1,010	1,036	1,006
Arkansas	1,171	118	123	116	103	139	125	82	88	148	129
California	200,239	17,006	20,884	21,010	21,948	20,425	18,742	19,830	21,696	20,167	18,531
Colorado	9,570	1,027	1,361	1,032	1,273	905	830	869	695	791	787
Connecticut	29,163	4,398	2,743	3,219	3,071	2,605	2,625	2,713	2,741	2,473	2,575
Delaware	2,201	243	242	233	246	219	231	182	216	199	190
District of Columbia	6,144	581	758	799	674	568	606	684	610	446	418
Florida	32,965	3,209	2,944	2,907	2,754	2,887	2,659	3,189	3,790	3,892	4,734
Georgia	7,120	719	818	547	688	717	736	738	682	798	677
Hawaii	16,804	2,377	1,668	1,534	1,629	1,542	1,319	1,625	1,902	1,601	1,607
Idaho	1,757	256	252	203	207	148	158	146	143	130	114
Illinois	82,441	8,223	10,478	9,542	9,461	8,115	8,271	7,451	6,863	7,078	6,959
Indiana	11,438	1,472	1,612	1,268	1,345	1,072	992	962	1,045	893	777
Iowa	4,068	695	426	493	421	370	359	349	325	356	274
Kansas	5,260	594	785	647	611	486	500	390	419	409	419
Kentucky	3,423	558	364	308	379	438	286	303	240	281	266
Louisiana	5,313	422	563	460	526	513	590	444	574	526	695
Maine	3,632	398	618	441	361	432	316	295	294	261	216
Maryland	14,315	1,688	1,481	1,213	1,533	1,443	1,353	1,412	1,367	1,369	1,456
Massachusetts	49,546	5,146	6,364	5,613	5,634	5,027	4,652	4,304	4,596	4,150	4,060
Michigan	40,345	5,854	5,371	5,227	4,179	4,073	3,451	3,132	3,211	3,030	2,817
Minnesota	7,649	660	1,197	832	921	795	741	697	606	595	605
Mississippi	1,600	146	208	159	194	168	143	163	128	160	131
Missouri	8,916	861	1,183	1,047	1,071	925	738	807	755	739	790
Montana	2,304	489	241	298	200	272	196	181	171	149	107
Nebraska	3,772	549	504	332	465	350	346	265	383	274	304
Nevada	2,614	237	263	201	289	285	273	251	265	261	289
New Hampshire	3,349	490	346	417	326	301	288	245	296	312	328
New Jersey	75,841	7,415	8,761	8,869	8,314	7,758	7,128	7,188	6,855	6,738	6,815
New Mexico	3,413	332	525	387	372	366	234	362	270	312	253
New York	260,872	28,363	31,467	31,225	28,844	25,195	24,540	22,971	23,143	22,850	22,274
North Carolina	5,200	326	404	604	689	548	490	472	607	566	494
North Dakota	1,097	118	154	139	133	124	61	125	84	78	81
Ohio	38,363	4,335	5,514	4,283	5,133	3,957	3,399	3,133	3,211	2,744	2,654
Oklahoma	4,076	364	468	414	495	478	456	353	332	372	344
Oregon	7,042	651	911	744	761	824	673	692	596	614	576
Pennsylvania	40,213	4,867	5,251	4,602	4,508	4,212	3,611	3,467	3,377	3,254	3,064
Rhode Island	6,219	590	877	685	539	558	590	631	655	539	555
South Carolina	2,866	267	323	365	320	292	245	307	209	281	257
South Dakota	1,122	84	169	119	181	109	144	97	77	76	66
Tennessee	2,933	243	341	250	276	306	269	302	231	382	333
Texas	46,066	4,395	5,326	5,816	4,835	4,518	4,219	4,694	4,295	4,528	3,440
Utah	5,066	646	643	635	620	475	398	431	424	437	357
Vermont	1,875	349	204	187	179	160	162	159	168	164	143
Virginia	11,787	1,239	936	1,193	1,282	1,182	1,152	1,096	1,147	1,252	1,308
Washington	18,142	2,311	1,710	2,172	2,052	2,102	1,522	1,484	1,535	1,717	1,537
West Virginia	1,737	282	269	204	205	161	123	138	123	134	98
Wisconsin	14,249	2,041	2,014	1,801	1,595	1,368	1,205	1,078	1,059	1,143	945
Wyoming	854	87	125	94	116	92	85	72	52	67	64
U.S. terr. and poss.											
Guam	3,389	185	181	742	413	443	297	272	33	431	392
Puerto Rico	3,540	155	285	168	194	129	196	342	590	837	644
Virgin Islands ...	874	45	120	55	84	92	118	111	77	46	126
All other	108	50	42	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 42B. PERSONS NATURALIZED, BY TYPE OF COURT AND STATES OR TERRITORIES OF RESIDENCE:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

State or territory of residence	Total	Type of court	
		Federal	State
Total	98,709	80,907	17,802
Alabama	352	352	-
Alaska	276	195	81
Arizona	1,006	799	207
Arkansas	129	129	-
California	18,531	15,145	3,386
Colorado	787	658	129
Connecticut	2,575	2,210	365
Delaware	190	190	-
District of Columbia	418	418	-
Florida	4,734	4,730	4
Georgia	677	677	-
Hawaii	1,607	1,473	134
Idaho	114	54	60
Illinois	6,959	6,736	223
Indiana	777	777	-
Iowa	274	274	-
Kansas	419	286	133
Kentucky	266	266	-
Louisiana	695	695	-
Maine	216	127	89
Maryland	1,456	914	542
Massachusetts	4,060	2,787	1,273
Michigan	2,817	2,276	541
Minnesota	605	575	30
Mississippi	131	131	-
Missouri	790	790	-
Montana	107	44	63
Nebraska	304	287	17
Nevada	289	222	67
New Hampshire	328	80	248
New Jersey	6,815	2,609	4,206
New Mexico	253	102	151
New York	22,274	19,289	2,985
North Carolina	494	494	-
North Dakota	81	81	-
Ohio	2,654	2,162	492
Oklahoma	344	235	109
Oregon	576	419	157
Pennsylvania	3,064	2,203	861
Rhode Island	555	339	216
South Carolina	257	257	-
South Dakota	66	51	15
Tennessee	333	333	-
Texas	3,440	3,260	180
Utah	357	132	225
Vermont	143	104	39
Virginia	1,308	1,308	-
Washington	1,537	1,263	274
West Virginia	98	96	2
Wisconsin	945	676	269
Wyoming	64	35	29
U.S. territories and possessions:			
Guam	392	392	-
Puerto Rico	644	644	-
Virgin Islands	126	126	-

TABLE 43. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SPECIFIED COUNTRIES OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE AND BY RURAL AND URBAN AREA AND CITY:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Rural: Population of less than 2,500 Urban: Population of 2,500-99,999 Cities: Population of 100,000 or more

1.

Class of place and city	All countries	Germany	Cuba	Italy	United Kingdom	Canada	Mexico	Philippines	Poland	China 1/	Greece	Ireland	Japan	Netherlands	Israel	Yugoslavia	Hungary	Korea	Portugal	Denmark Norway Sweden	All other
Total	98,709	10,618	9,654	8,773	7,979	6,387	5,111	3,877	3,643	3,040	3,029	2,620	2,067	1,930	1,836	1,808	1,725	1,646	1,543	1,102	20,321
Rural	3,196	573	98	131	374	346	330	88	61	71	45	56	86	82	6	23	62	83	64	65	552
Urban	36,291	4,999	3,031	2,882	3,684	3,368	2,080	1,177	1,085	796	885	723	803	1,028	326	577	678	752	638	472	6,307
Cities: Total	58,060	5,029	6,053	5,751	3,797	2,664	2,694	2,347	2,491	2,166	2,098	1,838	1,161	814	1,502	1,208	983	810	839	565	13,250
Ariz., Phoenix	300	34	6	3	31	78	48	4	4	18	6	5	6	15	3	2	-	4	-	-	33
Tucson	239	28	3	-	14	34	104	2	1	7	2	1	6	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	33
Calif., Anaheim	106	12	1	6	12	29	4	1	-	1	3	2	4	12	-	1	3	3	-	2	10
Berkeley	76	4	-	-	14	7	-	3	-	15	-	-	3	3	2	-	1	2	1	2	19
Fresno	98	5	2	4	8	6	24	4	-	7	-	2	5	6	-	-	-	-	2	-	23
Glendale	113	7	15	4	12	10	5	4	-	2	5	4	1	6	-	1	3	-	-	1	33
Long Beach	241	17	2	6	31	27	14	37	1	-	6	3	17	15	-	6	3	3	1	6	46
Los Angeles	2,773	123	139	51	218	205	439	84	57	147	33	15	110	64	105	32	65	38	8	28	812
Oakland	446	45	3	14	36	37	34	48	5	67	16	1	12	16	1	3	8	13	13	3	71
Pasadena	154	6	6	6	20	22	5	5	5	6	2	-	5	12	1	-	7	2	2	4	38
Sacramento	355	36	5	6	31	27	43	30	4	38	15	4	15	10	2	4	5	8	12	3	57
San Diego	1,640	60	19	23	140	116	335	470	2	32	14	12	124	49	2	4	20	14	24	10	170
San Francisco	2,701	181	27	81	256	95	69	351	15	478	48	6	74	33	19	19	15	33	42	37	822
San Jose	456	48	6	19	58	49	53	27	2	11	4	3	16	20	3	9	2	10	25	14	77
Santa Ana	130	10	4	1	14	23	23	4	1	1	1	-	10	16	1	1	1	1	-	1	17
Torrance	115	10	2	3	14	23	10	11	-	1	1	2	4	7	1	3	3	2	-	5	13
Colo., Denver	302	54	15	13	23	17	26	2	11	7	7	6	12	3	10	-	13	7	-	4	72
Conn., Bridgeport	224	7	37	41	7	10	-	1	24	3	9	1	-	2	4	12	11	1	26	1	27
Hartford	349	10	16	83	17	36	-	1	46	3	9	16	1	1	3	-	3	3	43	2	56
New Haven	116	6	3	21	12	9	1	-	14	7	5	-	-	-	5	2	3	1	3	-	19
Waterbury	75	5	-	36	2	7	-	-	4	1	-	2	-	-	-	3	2	-	3	-	10
D.C., Washington	418	32	31	20	35	7	4	47	-	12	12	7	14	3	-	2	6	13	1	8	164
Fla., Jacksonville	155	9	42	2	12	7	2	24	1	-	2	4	2	4	2	-	1	-	-	1	40
Miami	2,032	16	1,678	10	62	29	5	7	5	3	4	1	4	3	8	1	9	3	1	2	181
St. Petersburg	67	6	15	-	4	16	-	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	16
Tampa	235	23	115	9	20	14	-	1	-	1	3	1	9	-	-	-	1	7	-	2	29
Ga., Atlanta	111	18	28	3	8	6	-	1	7	2	7	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	4	24
Columbus	141	76	3	1	3	3	3	3	-	1	-	1	4	1	-	-	-	19	-	-	23
Hawaii, Honolulu	1,454	74	5	13	51	33	10	523	1	67	4	5	214	8	-	3	4	157	2	6	274
Ill., Chicago	6,309	798	352	828	239	126	199	47	952	152	417	270	44	40	61	383	143	56	5	97	1,100
Peoria	64	20	1	-	9	1	3	1	-	1	2	1	3	2	-	-	3	5	-	2	10
Ind., Fort Wayne	68	8	12	1	2	8	2	1	4	1	8	-	2	4	-	-	1	1	1	-	12
Gary	101	2	1	4	3	-	17	-	7	-	14	-	-	2	6	23	3	4	-	-	15
Indianapolis	123	28	17	1	14	3	1	2	1	6	7	3	4	5	1	1	3	4	-	1	21
Kans., Wichita	57	9	1	-	9	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	8	5	1	1	1	3	1	-	15
Ky., Louisville	183	90	6	6	14	9	1	2	-	-	4	1	13	-	2	-	2	12	-	3	18
La., New Orleans	341	37	56	7	27	7	4	8	-	2	5	2	6	6	-	-	8	2	-	2	162
Md., Baltimore	340	45	23	44	22	11	1	14	20	11	44	5	5	1	8	1	6	5	-	-	74
Mass., Boston	2,598	180	82	375	260	350	3	42	63	106	119	253	25	51	22	12	35	30	185	13	392
Cambridge	74	8	3	6	2	7	-	-	1	6	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	18	
New Bedford	122	2	-	-	2	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	1	3
Springfield	201	14	5	23	22	30	-	2	15	-	9	19	-	4	1	2	2	2	13	1	37
Worcester	185	10	3	22	25	26	-	2	8	6	15	10	1	-	5	-	3	2	2	3	42

1/ Includes Taiwan.

TABLE 43. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SPECIFIED COUNTRIES OF FORMER ALLEGIANCE AND BY RURAL AND URBAN AREA AND CITY: (Cont'd.)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

		Rural: Population of less than 2,500					Urban: Population of 2,500-99,999					Cities: Population of 100,000 or more										2.
Class of place and city		All countries	Germany	Cuba	Italy	United Kingdom	Canada	Mexico	Philippines	Poland	China 1/	Greece	Ireland	Japan	Netherlands	Israel	Yugoslavia	Hungary	Korea	Portugal	Denmark Norway Sweden	All other
Cities (Cont'd.)																						
Mich.,	Dearborn	150	9	2	23	14	25	-	-	11	-	5	-	-	2	-	6	-	-	-	-	51
	Detroit	692	59	14	93	42	76	10	4	97	6	29	-	2	6	3	32	11	1	-	2	205
	Flint	68	13	1	2	10	9	3	-	4	-	3	3	-	1	-	1	2	-	-	1	15
	Grand Rapids	111	7	2	3	3	12	3	2	11	-	1	-	-	46	1	-	1	-	-	-	19
Minn.,	Minneapolis	215	41	9	1	21	18	2	1	18	15	6	-	2	9	1	2	2	7	-	13	47
	St. Paul	103	15	7	3	-	16	5	1	4	4	2	6	4	5	1	1	2	2	-	5	20
Mo.,	Kansas City	131	20	15	13	17	6	8	2	1	1	7	1	2	-	1	1	3	4	-	1	28
	St. Louis	423	97	22	49	23	25	6	12	6	14	22	8	13	5	1	16	16	11	-	1	76
N.C.,	Charlotte	57	6	12	-	3	7	-	-	1	-	12	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	2	-	11
Nebr.,	Lincoln	63	12	5	-	3	3	-	-	3	2	3	-	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	26
	Omaha	155	36	9	11	15	13	4	3	1	1	3	4	12	2	3	-	1	7	-	1	29
N.J.,	Elizabeth	286	9	110	42	12	1	-	-	29	1	7	9	1	1	2	1	2	-	32	-	27
	Jersey City	251	14	35	66	5	2	-	10	35	2	29	7	-	2	1	2	4	-	1	-	36
	Newark	534	13	127	81	17	1	-	2	23	1	7	12	-	3	7	2	3	1	119	1	114
	Paterson	293	14	28	111	4	-	-	-	11	-	2	3	-	5	2	18	-	-	2	-	93
	Trenton	118	12	1	31	14	2	-	-	15	2	3	3	1	3	1	1	4	1	-	-	24
N.Mex.,	Albuquerque	79	13	4	-	3	4	10	4	-	3	3	3	11	4	1	-	-	3	1	-	12
N.Y.,	Albany	95	4	2	22	6	4	-	1	8	-	3	15	1	-	2	1	3	1	-	-	22
	Buffalo	344	52	4	71	18	30	-	-	59	7	11	6	-	6	1	9	21	4	-	-	45
	New York	16,769	718	2,403	2,389	896	203	29	55	515	583	780	924	35	77	1,085	313	275	48	87	109	5,245
	Rochester	470	46	19	146	36	42	-	-	29	1	17	12	1	10	6	7	9	5	3	1	80
	Syracuse	179	31	4	31	17	13	-	2	12	3	8	5	1	1	4	4	4	3	-	-	36
	Yonkers	205	7	16	54	13	4	-	-	13	1	8	17	1	1	4	2	5	-	10	-	49
Ohio,	Akron	110	21	9	7	9	7	-	-	-	1	5	1	2	2	-	15	9	2	-	1	19
	Cincinnati	225	57	13	12	16	12	-	3	3	3	13	3	5	10	7	5	3	9	1	3	47
	Cleveland	692	74	12	114	42	15	4	4	64	6	20	6	9	2	9	123	84	5	-	2	97
	Columbus	238	42	18	14	30	17	2	1	4	8	11	1	11	11	1	8	4	3	-	4	48
	Dayton	141	26	4	2	21	6	2	3	-	7	10	3	11	5	-	-	5	11	3	2	20
	Toledo	114	21	1	5	12	11	5	2	6	11	5	1	-	1	-	3	11	1	-	1	17
	Youngstown	120	9	1	31	8	13	-	-	11	-	8	-	2	-	1	3	5	-	-	-	28
Okla.,	Oklahoma City	64	17	1	-	7	3	2	2	-	6	-	-	6	4	-	-	-	5	-	1	10
Oreg.,	Portland	249	53	-	3	24	38	4	10	2	12	6	3	6	11	1	5	1	7	-	19	44
Pa.,	Erie	76	21	-	10	5	8	-	-	11	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	5	-	-	-	10
	Philadelphia	1,109	115	58	211	60	18	4	38	79	19	26	43	9	9	36	6	9	16	3	2	348
	Pittsburgh	277	37	13	62	20	9	2	3	10	13	12	8	4	3	3	4	5	3	-	1	65
R.I.,	Providence	154	6	10	38	6	3	-	3	9	7	2	6	1	1	4	-	-	-	29	-	29
Tenn.,	Memphis	73	9	6	-	9	4	1	6	-	9	4	-	5	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	17
Tex.,	Corpus Christi	62	4	2	-	3	2	34	10	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	Dallas	178	27	18	2	20	8	24	1	1	8	7	-	4	6	1	1	6	-	-	3	30
	El Paso	772	65	7	6	4	7	613	1	-	1	1	2	8	1	-	-	2	21	-	-	33
	Fort Worth	82	12	4	6	13	3	14	-	1	1	2	-	4	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	19
	Houston	391	35	56	1	39	18	84	5	1	17	6	3	4	7	11	4	2	1	-	2	95
	San Antonio	449	43	31	5	25	8	221	11	-	9	3	7	15	1	1	1	2	7	1	-	58
Utah,	Salt Lake City	212	53	1	5	27	18	2	1	-	2	6	1	2	28	-	-	-	1	-	30	35
Va.,	Newport News	110	42	3	2	9	7	1	7	-	1	6	-	10	2	-	-	1	4	-	-	15
	Norfolk	167	14	3	8	10	9	1	78	1	3	4	-	5	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	23
	Richmond	75	12	8	4	6	5	-	-	-	2	4	1	2	-	1	-	1	3	-	-	26
Wash.,	Seattle	864	109	7	9	100	155	6	81	4	77	13	7	52	19	4	8	14	22	-	45	132
	Tacoma	291	80	1	6	25	27	3	35	1	3	3	1	18	4	-	2	2	13	-	12	55
Wis.,	Madison	83	18	2	3	8	5	1	1	1	3	-	-	7	-	-	6	-	2	-	1	25
	Milwaukee	458	161	8	38	20	14	14	6	33	7	14	1	6	11	5	33	8	4	-	6	69
Other cities		2,045	385	115	109	212	135	78	116	62	50	57	22	78	50	7	27	29	83	13	21	396
U.S. territories and possessions:		1,162	17	472	9	124	9	7	265	6	7	1	3	17	6	2	-	2	1	2	-	212

1/ Includes Taiwan.

TABLE 44: PERSONS NATURALIZED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH AND YEAR OF ENTRY
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Total natu- ralized	Calendar year of entry																		
		1969 1/	1968	1967	1966	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1950- 1954	1940- 1949	Before 1940	
All countries	98,709	251	900	736	1,872	5,546	5,705	18,438	11,766	8,201	6,646	5,263	4,758	4,822	5,276	3,268	8,026	3,606	3,629	
Europe	52,920	38	197	209	821	2,584	2,723	9,364	6,388	4,416	3,777	3,199	2,999	2,918	3,183	1,759	4,956	1,749	1,640	
Austria	876	-	1	2	12	17	35	134	89	53	51	54	41	32	79	36	147	37	56	
Belgium	347	-	2	-	4	5	15	61	43	13	24	29	14	26	30	12	46	19	4	
Bulgaria	115	-	-	1	-	4	4	37	21	13	7	-	5	5	9	2	2	1	4	
Czechoslovakia	941	-	1	2	4	8	46	55	189	112	75	81	57	48	53	60	20	65	22	
Denmark	324	2	3	3	2	7	17	43	52	36	29	23	16	15	17	11	24	7	17	
Finland	243	-	1	1	-	-	9	13	61	15	27	24	14	8	7	15	4	19	9	
France	1,327	2	8	4	18	63	110	192	153	122	103	99	80	67	80	35	105	63	23	
Germany	10,876	14	56	78	353	522	709	1,229	1,113	921	814	760	687	615	685	396	1,484	285	155	
Greece	2,882	3	15	14	112	438	251	733	331	179	135	91	100	37	121	82	127	47	66	
Hungary	2,054	1	5	1	17	50	62	335	195	99	48	194	63	516	294	26	81	20	113	
Ireland	2,057	-	4	-	5	40	92	332	282	252	261	250	207	200	100	72	133	108	119	
Italy	8,662	-	21	27	99	639	473	1,496	1,150	770	677	344	722	261	594	453	516	142	278	
Lithuania	338	-	1	-	2	2	8	32	31	19	11	13	11	8	13	7	121	49	10	
Netherlands	364	-	-	-	-	3	4	37	51	27	14	12	17	13	20	8	72	70	16	
Malta	143	-	1	-	-	1	5	9	13	9	3	9	6	8	5	5	52	10	2	
Norway	1,365	2	3	4	5	29	49	201	174	136	124	99	92	150	123	60	77	22	15	
Poland	458	-	1	1	2	11	7	59	27	28	28	35	35	28	24	26	87	40	19	
Portugal	4,127	1	3	2	23	91	133	970	668	360	277	197	180	119	141	69	509	221	163	
Romania	1,467	-	17	20	49	154	73	330	148	117	179	134	34	20	16	24	50	34	68	
Spain	1,051	-	-	1	5	35	92	354	203	74	27	28	17	37	64	24	53	15	22	
Sweden	810	-	6	3	17	79	90	193	122	66	59	37	29	24	9	10	27	8	31	
Switzerland	312	-	2	1	2	7	6	32	26	12	27	17	14	21	22	18	41	20	44	
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	522	1	2	2	2	13	21	125	104	53	45	34	26	21	20	9	27	7	10	
United Kingdom	483	2	3	3	11	59	29	168	71	38	14	17	17	5	7	6	8	4	22	
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	6,353	7	34	29	43	165	201	940	647	551	517	472	394	491	366	243	657	390	206	
Yugoslavia	1,253	-	-	-	1	4	8	39	287	161	110	51	58	46	36	61	23	173	50	
Other Europe	2,205	1	5	5	16	74	110	522	351	236	118	98	65	90	178	76	202	26	32	
Asia	365	1	2	2	9	9	16	59	39	26	23	27	19	16	30	4	51	23	9	
China 2/	15,548	190	584	423	774	1,964	1,276	3,428	1,526	875	889	637	460	344	352	190	379	619	638	
Cyprus	3,452	10	51	57	142	413	244	1,235	265	131	89	110	77	42	71	35	95	130	255	
Hong Kong	114	-	2	-	-	12	11	14	14	10	8	7	7	4	2	2	16	2	3	
India	341	2	17	14	14	66	40	87	31	20	8	11	5	2	2	6	12	4	3	
Indonesia	416	-	2	12	14	65	31	140	48	21	22	16	10	5	7	3	5	12	3	
Iran	648	-	2	1	3	5	31	36	152	135	160	75	12	30	18	1	5	2	2	
Iraq	329	-	8	6	21	49	31	79	46	29	11	9	7	7	4	4	13	7	8	
Israel	268	-	-	-	10	41	32	102	46	10	8	9	1	-	2	1	4	2	2	
Japan	608	-	1	1	10	60	40	174	114	57	48	22	40	10	13	4	8	-	6	
Jordan 2/	1,973	16	48	34	111	242	208	241	161	118	174	124	124	110	85	46	79	5	47	
Korea	477	-	13	13	23	55	46	144	58	37	20	12	7	10	19	5	6	4	5	
Lebanon	1,607	51	100	61	149	379	234	295	156	36	41	41	22	12	8	-	8	2	12	
Philippines	291	2	3	3	9	43	31	82	31	17	19	7	4	5	5	5	12	4	9	
Ryukyu Islands	3,952	71	273	190	204	396	226	534	287	194	226	152	119	93	97	73	101	441	275	
Syrian Arab Republic	186	4	9	5	10	28	30	19	16	14	12	13	4	4	9	3	-	6	1	
Vietnam	180	-	2	-	5	30	12	54	27	12	8	6	6	2	2	1	1	2	10	
Other Asia	180	25	37	13	23	24	9	22	15	3	2	5	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	
North America	526	9	16	13	26	56	42	170	63	31	33	18	15	8	7	1	13	2	3	
Canada	24,878	12	77	12	196	744	1,417	4,099	2,990	2,388	1,660	1,129	1,102	1,358	1,588	1,243	2,436	1,078	1,289	
Mexico	5,325	2	8	13	59	195	189	766	523	369	400	283	252	330	270	219	755	341	351	
West Indies	5,103	-	13	13	39	81	61	233	272	329	224	228	228	273	449	477	995	400	788	
Barbados	12,016	-	21	29	64	387	1,044	2,644	1,780	1,438	858	463	504	635	776	487	523	245	113	
Cuba	210	1	-	2	6	27	18	55	34	17	10	11	2	3	2	1	5	2	14	
Dominican Republic	9,523	3	5	4	33	234	918	2,034	1,376	1,167	706	336	408	574	730	445	384	140	26	
Haiti	523	-	2	4	4	11	12	100	80	69	31	23	19	19	20	10	72	37	10	
Jamaica	276	-	1	2	1	7	13	83	50	32	21	15	11	5	9	9	6	2	1	
Trinidad and Tobago	558	-	3	7	5	59	33	145	82	46	25	29	26	11	8	10	22	30	17	
Other West Indies	202	1	4	1	6	20	20	43	30	19	14	8	5	1	1	2	5	14	8	
Central America	724	-	6	9	29	30	184	128	88	51	41	33	22	6	10	26	16	36	21	
Costa Rica	2,313	-	31	16	34	75	117	443	402	245	170	147	111	116	87	60	147	86	21	
El Salvador	263	3	2	2	5	8	16	67	41	35	19	18	11	9	10	6	8	2	2	
Guatemala	157	-	1	1	2	2	6	32	22	14	9	9	3	6	8	5	12	24	2	
Honduras	197	-	3	2	1	9	4	37	31	20	13	13	7	13	15	7	21	6	3	
Nicaragua	345	-	1	1	3	10	17	72	69	37	27	19	18	26	13	11	37	29	19	
Panama	298	1	1	-	2	1	10	46	33	26	23	17	18	26	13	11	37	29	19	
Other Central America	863	-	18	5	15	31	53	148	175	97	72	55	43	36	27	21	42	19	4	
Other North America	190	1	6	5	6	14	11	41	31	16	7	8	9	9	5	3	8	6	4	
South America	121	-	4	1	-	6	6	13	13	7	8	7	4	6	-	16	6	10	1	
Argentina	3,567	6	27	18	46	101	173	974	557	405	255	226	152	161	120	60	198	56	3	
Bolivia	923	-	1	1	5	19	43	361	150	90	51	53	37	35	23	6	35	7	1	
Brazil	1,660	2	7	2	6	5	9	31	31	14	13	6	5	10	9	2	6	-	1	
Chile	341	-	1	4	11	11	12	76	50	31	25	37	19	12	11	6	17	6	1	
Colombia	237	-	1	3	1	9	19	60	36	30	21	8	7	11	6	5	13	4	1	
Ecuador	747	-	4	5	12	22	37	189	87	91	63	51	34	49	22	15	48	14	1	
Paraguay	437	1	5	-	-	9	14	87	92	55	30	26	18	18	21	6	46	7	1	
Peru	361	1	-	-	5	11	16	67	70	43	35	25	16	15	14	12	23	6	1	
Venezuela	121	1	2	-	1	5	3	28	14	18	7	8	9	1	6	4	5	5	1	
Other South America	240	1	-	3	5	10	20	75	27	33	10	12	7	10	8	4	5	5	1	
Africa	1,305	4	10	11	21	118	82	515	251	76	39	49	25	26	16	11	30	13	1	
Morocco	143	-	6	1	5	20	8	48	23	10	1	6	3	2	2	1	5	2	1	
South Africa	137	1	2	2	4	13	9	37	16	12	6	9	3	9	3	3	4	1	1	
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	690	1	-	2	9	55	49	332	169	24	14	13	11	2	3	-	3	2	8	
Other Africa	335	2	2	6	3	30	16	98	43	30	18	21	8	13	8	7	18	8	1	
Oceania	488	1	5	3	14	35	34	58	54	41	26	23	20	14	17	5	27	93	1	
Australia	177	1	2	1	6	12	12													

2/ Includes Taiwan.

27 Includes also telephone

TABLE 45. PERSONS NATURALIZED BY SEX AND AGE:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Sex and age	1960-1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Number admitted	1,129,306	119,442	132,450	127,307	124,178	112,234	104,299	103,059	104,902	102,726	98,709
Under 18 years	69,950	5,849	6,931	8,950	8,470	8,203	7,053	6,921	6,053	5,958	5,562
18-19 years	46,145	3,394	3,793	4,622	4,774	5,026	5,335	5,579	4,917	4,493	4,212
20-24 years	111,220	9,478	10,915	12,290	12,088	12,121	10,824	10,691	10,805	10,953	11,055
25-29 years	158,681	14,478	15,851	17,792	18,470	16,989	15,494	14,936	15,358	14,793	14,520
30-34 years	172,466	17,031	17,872	18,762	19,152	16,908	16,327	16,030	16,787	16,743	16,854
35-39 years	153,596	15,795	17,053	17,448	17,726	15,366	14,112	13,841	14,179	14,303	13,773
40-44 years	111,449	9,769	11,229	11,750	12,615	11,507	10,993	10,865	11,382	11,071	10,268
45-49 years	80,090	9,563	10,055	9,418	8,288	6,938	6,328	6,888	7,659	7,614	7,339
50-54 years	65,176	8,292	9,103	7,833	7,577	6,183	5,721	5,422	5,408	4,991	4,646
55-59 years	53,784	7,733	8,402	6,059	5,261	4,607	4,279	4,278	4,475	4,474	4,216
60-64 years	43,921	6,310	8,190	5,269	4,393	3,733	3,293	3,141	3,271	3,301	3,020
65-69 years	32,374	5,671	6,615	3,778	2,816	2,473	2,376	2,313	2,235	2,262	1,835
70-74 years	17,470	3,323	3,827	2,004	1,496	1,250	1,268	1,169	1,273	1,038	822
75-79 years	8,098	1,442	1,796	932	692	598	582	609	585	480	382
80 years and over	4,118	602	776	397	360	331	314	367	515	252	204
Not reported	768	712	42	3	-	1	-	9	-	-	1
Males	511,714	50,896	58,795	60,988	58,303	51,408	48,495	46,536	46,014	45,102	45,177
Under 18 years	35,243	3,065	3,626	4,619	4,288	4,093	3,602	3,464	2,950	2,888	2,648
18-19 years	21,200	1,738	1,830	2,236	2,379	2,429	2,482	2,509	2,090	1,839	1,668
20-24 years	49,620	3,920	4,789	5,710	5,566	5,677	5,050	4,641	4,447	4,720	5,100
25-29 years	61,795	4,827	5,890	7,585	7,818	6,918	6,285	5,672	5,561	5,314	5,925
30-34 years	74,197	6,507	7,396	8,646	8,464	7,205	7,373	6,967	6,978	7,022	7,639
35-39 years	71,161	6,911	7,700	8,538	8,277	6,905	6,749	6,414	6,530	6,555	6,582
40-44 years	53,245	4,725	5,441	6,016	6,113	5,529	5,223	5,062	5,233	5,066	4,837
45-49 years	40,083	4,784	5,154	5,051	4,329	3,402	3,139	3,356	3,758	3,635	3,475
50-54 years	32,432	3,751	4,475	4,092	4,064	3,128	2,854	2,742	2,673	2,406	2,247
55-59 years	25,126	3,257	3,557	2,926	2,568	2,221	2,057	2,123	2,187	2,174	2,056
60-64 years	19,244	2,350	3,296	2,385	1,993	1,695	1,526	1,460	1,507	1,569	1,463
65-69 years	14,040	2,169	2,639	1,634	1,271	1,170	1,096	1,127	966	1,086	882
70-74 years	7,949	1,541	1,705	879	660	577	617	535	569	486	380
75-79 years	3,893	720	870	453	332	292	289	295	254	211	177
80 years and over	2,142	308	410	216	181	167	153	167	311	131	98
Not reported	344	323	17	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Females	617,592	68,546	73,655	66,319	65,875	60,826	55,804	56,523	58,888	57,624	53,532
Under 18 years	34,707	2,784	3,305	4,331	4,182	4,110	3,451	3,457	3,103	3,070	2,914
18-19 years	24,945	1,656	1,963	2,386	2,395	2,597	2,853	3,070	2,827	2,654	2,544
20-24 years	61,600	5,558	6,126	6,580	6,522	6,444	5,774	6,050	6,358	6,233	5,955
25-29 years	96,886	9,651	9,961	10,207	10,652	10,071	9,209	9,264	9,797	9,479	8,595
30-34 years	98,269	10,524	10,476	10,116	10,688	9,703	8,954	9,063	9,809	9,721	9,215
35-39 years	82,435	8,884	9,353	8,910	9,449	8,461	7,363	7,427	7,649	7,748	7,191
40-44 years	58,204	5,044	5,788	5,734	6,502	5,978	5,770	5,803	6,149	6,005	5,431
45-49 years	40,007	4,779	4,901	4,367	3,959	3,536	3,189	3,532	3,901	3,979	3,864
50-54 years	32,744	4,541	4,628	3,741	3,513	3,055	2,867	2,680	2,735	2,585	2,399
55-59 years	28,658	4,476	4,845	3,133	2,693	2,386	2,222	2,155	2,288	2,300	2,160
60-64 years	24,677	3,960	4,894	2,884	2,400	2,038	1,767	1,681	1,764	1,732	1,557
65-69 years	18,334	3,502	3,976	2,144	1,545	1,303	1,280	1,186	1,269	1,176	953
70-74 years	9,521	1,782	2,122	1,125	836	673	651	634	704	552	442
75-79 years	4,205	722	926	479	360	306	293	314	331	269	205
80 years and over	1,976	294	366	181	179	164	161	200	204	121	106
Not reported	424	389	25	1	-	1	-	7	-	-	1

TABLE 46. ADMINISTRATIVE CERTIFICATES OF CITIZENSHIP ISSUED, BY COUNTRY OR REGION OF BIRTH AND REASON FOR CLAIM:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Country or region of birth	Total 1/	Reason for claim								
		Citizenship acquired at birth abroad	Naturalization of father	Naturalization of mother	Naturalization of both parents	Marriage of citizen and stepfather	Marriage to a citizen husband	Naturalization of husband during marriage	Resumption of citizenship by mother	Other reasons
All countries	29,739	16,606	3,219	2,223	7,232	44	256	55	28	76
Europe	15,556	7,268	2,610	1,347	4,009	34	180	53	14	41
Austria	337	53	79	45	149	1	7	3	-	-
Belgium	126	24	13	9	76	-	3	-	-	1
Czechoslovakia	122	17	61	10	26	1	3	4	-	-
Denmark	83	18	27	7	28	1	1	1	-	-
Finland	41	15	2	6	16	-	1	1	-	-
France	824	582	20	80	137	-	3	1	1	-
Germany	5,955	3,876	233	684	1,135	4	3	5	6	10
Greece	262	98	39	6	113	-	4	1	1	-
Hungary	310	6	87	26	181	1	4	3	-	2
Iceland	27	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ireland	189	36	35	12	94	1	9	1	-	1
Italy	1,961	739	533	83	525	3	48	9	2	19
Latvia	22	-	9	4	7	1	1	-	-	-
Lithuania	38	6	18	2	7	1	1	2	-	1
Malta	24	9	2	2	10	1	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	434	28	42	29	328	2	3	-	1	-
Norway	112	27	36	17	18	2	8	-	-	1
Poland	649	45	321	52	207	3	14	7	-	-
Portugal	296	170	17	37	69	-	3	-	-	-
Romania	164	3	76	10	71	1	1	2	-	-
Spain	307	255	11	11	27	-	3	-	-	-
Sweden	102	12	41	10	32	2	2	3	-	-
Switzerland	77	14	16	10	34	-	2	-	1	-
Turkey (Europe and Asia)	163	121	20	1	10	1	9	-	1	-
United Kingdom	2,179	1,053	384	148	566	6	16	7	1	4
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia)	538	7	436	32	23	2	29	-	-	2
Yugoslavia	178	20	43	18	95	-	2	-	-	-
Other Europe	36	9	9	2	16	-	-	-	-	-
Asia	4,501	3,289	90	283	823	1	7	-	-	8
China 2/	411	303	6	33	68	-	1	-	-	-
Hong Kong	76	27	-	9	40	-	-	-	-	-
India	56	36	1	3	15	-	1	-	-	-
Indonesia	71	9	1	1	60	-	-	-	-	-
Iran	35	15	6	1	13	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	445	20	14	16	394	-	-	-	-	1
Japan	1,344	1,276	3	40	24	-	-	-	-	1
Jordan 3/	73	21	5	2	45	-	-	-	-	-
Korea	254	166	4	63	19	-	-	-	-	-
Lebanon	81	27	11	3	34	-	4	-	-	2
Philippines	992	838	23	66	62	-	-	-	-	3
Ryukyu Islands	449	418	5	19	7	-	-	-	-	-
Syrian Arab Republic	25	10	8	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Thailand	59	50	1	4	4	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam	38	19	-	16	3	-	-	-	-	-
Other Asia	94	54	2	4	32	1	-	-	-	1
North America	8,337	5,329	474	515	1,910	4	68	2	12	23
Canada	2,969	1,366	367	185	1,006	2	23	1	7	12
Mexico	3,364	3,143	25	96	56	1	35	-	3	5
West Indies	1,302	321	68	127	740	-	9	-	-	2
Antigua	22	9	3	3	5	-	-	-	-	-
Bahamas	20	6	2	7	10	-	-	-	-	1
Barbados	87	77	1	4	4	-	-	-	-	1
Bermuda	849	132	37	63	606	1	9	1	-	-
Cuba	55	33	5	7	8	-	-	-	-	2
Dominican Republic	84	14	5	23	42	-	-	-	-	-
Jamaica	39	13	3	9	14	-	-	-	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	23	4	-	13	6	-	-	-	-	-
British Virgin Islands	28	11	2	-	14	-	-	-	-	1
Netherlands Antilles	69	14	6	22	27	-	-	-	-	-
Other West Indies	697	497	14	76	106	-	1	-	2	1
Central America	20	8	-	3	9	-	-	-	-	-
British Honduras	373	357	1	6	9	-	-	-	-	-
Canal Zone	38	13	2	10	13	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rica	29	16	1	4	8	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	34	6	1	3	23	-	-	-	1	-
Honduras	179	85	9	41	42	-	1	-	-	1
Panama	24	12	-	9	2	-	-	-	1	-
Other Central America	5	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
Other North America	647	273	29	50	293	-	1	-	-	1
South America	131	13	5	7	106	-	-	-	-	-
Argentina	27	11	2	3	11	-	-	-	-	-
Bolivia	148	79	8	6	54	-	1	-	-	-
Brazil	49	22	1	4	21	-	-	-	-	1
Chile	102	39	1	17	45	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	22	8	3	1	10	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuador	55	42	5	2	6	-	-	-	-	-
Peru	70	39	2	7	22	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuela	43	20	2	3	18	-	-	-	-	-
Other South America	509	310	10	15	166	5	-	-	1	2
Africa	20	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Congo, Republic of	39	32	1	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Ethiopia	103	97	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Libya	87	63	1	3	19	1	-	-	-	-
Morocco	16	14	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	54	23	2	3	24	2	-	-	-	-
South Africa	115	16	6	5	85	2	-	-	1	-
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	75	46	-	4	24	-	-	-	-	1
Other Africa	187	135	6	13	31	-	-	-	1	1
Oceania	98	62	4	6	26	-	-	-	-	-
Australia	24	16	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	43	42	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific Islands (U.S. adm.)	22	15	1	-	4	-	-	-	1	1
Other Oceania	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1/ See Tables 47 and 48.

2/ Includes Taiwan.

3/ Includes Arab Palestine.

TABLE 49. PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION DENIED, BY REASON:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Reason for denial	1960-1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total number	23,855	2,277	3,175	3,557	2,436	2,309	2,059	2,029	2,008	1,962	2,043
Petitioner failed to establish good moral character	278	63	35	43	33	16	17	32	8	18	13
Petitioner failed to establish attachment to the principles of the Constitution and favorable disposition to the United States	19	2	1	-	4	5	1	3	1	1	1
Petitioner was legally incompetent to make and file a valid petition	14	2	2	2	1	5	-	-	-	2	-
Petitioner could not speak (read, write) the English language	776	90	144	103	67	68	56	71	72	39	66
Petitioner was not resident within the jurisdiction of the court	22	-	2	11	1	1	-	4	-	2	1
Petitioner failed to establish continuous residence in the United States	47	13	9	4	3	5	2	9	1	1	-
Petitioner failed to establish physical presence in the United States	12	-	1	-	2	4	-	2	-	2	1
Petitioner failed to establish lawful admission to the United States for permanent residence	27	4	2	2	2	3	2	6	4	-	2
Petition was not supported by required affidavits of witnesses (depositions, oral testimony)	111	5	1	-	7	13	8	40	8	22	7
Petition was not signed in petitioner's own handwriting ...	4	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Lack of prosecution	7,678	710	898	910	818	714	645	608	702	763	910
Petitioner withdrew petition	12,035	1,182	1,441	1,394	1,278	1,301	1,210	1,082	1,129	1,037	981
Petitioner failed to establish alienage or noncitizen nationality of the United States	42	7	2	21	3	2	2	2	-	2	1
Petitioner failed to establish that he is not ineligible for naturalization under Section 313 of the Immigration and Nationality Act	21	2	1	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petitioner failed to establish that he is not ineligible for naturalization under Section 315 of the Immigration and Nationality Act	79	20	6	10	10	9	4	6	6	5	3
Petitioner lacked knowledge and understanding of the fundamentals of history and the principles and form of Government of the United States	1,677	43	434	847	111	50	51	63	31	29	18
A final finding of the deportability was outstanding	29	4	3	16	1	2	2	1	-	-	-
Petitioner was unable to take the oath of allegiance to the United States	30	-	4	4	6	3	1	4	2	3	3
Petitioner could not meet requirements under special naturalization provisions	89	-	13	13	5	15	8	25	4	5	1
Petitioner deceased	850	126	174	157	83	92	50	71	40	29	28
Other reasons	15	4	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	7

TABLE 49A. ADMINISTRATIVELY ISSUED NATURALIZATION CERTIFICATES CANCELLED:
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1969

Number of certificates cancelled	Total	Country of birth			
		China	Mexico	Canada	Greece
Total number	274	270	2	1	1
Citizenship acquired at birth abroad	265	262	2	1	-
Certificate illegally obtained	52	50	1	1	-
Certificate fraudulently obtained	213	212	1	-	-
Citizenship derived through parentage or marriage	9	8	-	-	1
Certificate illegally obtained	1	-	-	-	1
Certificate fraudulently obtained	8	8	-	-	-

TABLE 50. CERTIFICATES OF NATURALIZATION REVOKED, BY GROUNDS:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Grounds	1960- 1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total number	232	124	44	26	7	11	2	5	8	5	-
Established permanent residence abroad within 5 years after naturalization	202	120	41	23	1	9	1	2	5	-	-
Miscellaneous grounds	30	4	3	3	6	2	1	3	3	5	-

TABLE 51. PERSONS EXPATRIATED, BY GROUNDS AND YEAR REPORTS RECEIVED:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Grounds	1960- 1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total number 1/	23,590	3,374	3,657	3,212	3,164	2,321	2,083	1,919	2,010	1,400	450
Voting in a foreign political election or plebiscite 2/	7,045	1,239	1,290	977	943	568	869	769	370	20	-
Continuous residence in a foreign state of birth or former nationality 3/	4,624	873	1,027	1,017	1,089	618	-	-	-	-	-
Continuous residence in a state by dual national who sought benefits of Section 350, Immigration and Nationality Act	276	21	52	29	23	30	31	22	42	26	-
Residence in a foreign state under treaties and conventions 4/	379	68	72	67	44	53	51	11	7	6	-
Naturalization in a foreign state	5,737	625	619	642	585	653	662	555	858	534	4
Entering or serving in the armed forces of a foreign state	1,243	202	209	187	134	92	113	111	126	69	-
Renunciation of nationality	3,321	194	189	183	248	234	286	379	485	679	444
Taking an oath of allegiance in a foreign state .	503	85	99	46	59	42	32	40	63	35	2
Accepting or performing duties under a foreign state	258	57	62	50	20	11	17	14	18	9	-
Other grounds	204	10	38	14	19	20	22	18	41	22	-

- 1/ Cases of 32 persons expatriated for departing from or remaining away from the United States to avoid military service, reported for 1960-1963, were not included because this statutory provision was ruled unconstitutional by the U.S. Supreme Court on February 18, 1963. (*Kennedy v. Francisco Mendoza-Martinez* /372 U.S. 144/ and *Rusk v. Joseph Henry Cort* /372 U.S. 224/)
- 2/ The Supreme Court decision in *Afroyim v. Rusk* (387 U.S. 253, May 29, 1967) ruled as unconstitutional the law providing for a loss of citizenship by voting in a foreign political election
- 3/ The Supreme Court decision in *Schneider v. Rusk* (377 U.S. 163, May 18, 1964) ruled as unconstitutional statutory provisions which cause naturalized citizens to lose their nationality by extended residence abroad.
- 4/ Naturalized United States citizens expatriated in countries with which the United States has treaties or conventions providing on a reciprocal basis for loss of nationality through extended residence in the country of original citizenship.

TABLE 52. PERSONS REPATRIATED:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Class	1960- 1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total number	3,169	457	499	409	354	279	287	292	258	184	150
Persons who lost citizenship by serving in the armed forces of allies of the United States, and who were repatriated under Sec. 323, Nationality Act of 1940	7	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Native-born women who lost citizen- ship through marriage to aliens and who were repatriated under the Act of June 25, 1936, as amended	2,550	348	403	319	302	237	222	253	198	148	120
Native-born women who lost citizen- ship through marriage to aliens and whose marriages terminated (Sec. 324(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act).	593	102	91	86	51	39	61	37	60	36	30
Persons who lost citizenship through voting in a political election or plebiscite in Italy and were re- patriated under the Act of Aug. 16, 1951.	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private law	18	4	2	3	1	3	4	1	-	-	-

TABLE 53. PROSECUTIONS FOR IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY VIOLATIONS:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Action taken	1960- 1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Prosecutions:											
Total disposed of	33,145	2,773	2,781	2,828	2,903	3,076	3,714	3,496	3,610	2,885	5,079
Convictions	30,460	2,557	2,540	2,530	2,668	2,882	3,442	3,195	3,362	2,661	4,623
Acquittals	224	9	11	19	23	31	19	30	13	17	52
Dismissals ^{1/}	2,461	207	230	279	212	163	253	271	235	207	404
Total pending end of year	938	321	373	336	487	719	643	777	692	947	938
<u>Prosecutions for immigration</u>											
<u>violations:</u>											
Disposed of	30,200	2,589	2,597	2,634	2,678	2,772	3,288	3,169	3,279	2,629	4,565
Convictions	27,707	2,400	2,371	2,357	2,472	2,592	3,037	2,887	3,046	2,420	4,125
Acquittals	211	8	10	17	20	30	16	30	13	17	50
Dismissals ^{1/}	2,282	181	216	260	186	150	235	252	220	192	390
Pending end of year	894	300	348	293	472	683	613	730	659	875	894
<u>Prosecutions for nationality</u>											
<u>violations:</u>											
Disposed of	2,945	184	184	194	225	304	426	327	331	256	514
Convictions	2,753	157	169	173	196	290	405	308	316	241	498
Acquittals	13	1	1	2	3	1	3	-	-	-	2
Dismissals ^{1/}	179	26	14	19	26	13	18	19	15	15	14
Pending end of year	44	21	25	43	15	36	30	47	33	72	44
Aggregate Fines and Imprisonment:											
Fines	\$1,238,174	\$39,185	\$95,575	\$273,160	\$133,125	\$98,096	\$126,150	\$103,168	\$87,625	\$109,985	\$172,105
Immigration violations	1,091,814	39,185	77,525	246,950	125,575	87,346	100,950	93,168	67,875	102,635	150,605
Nationality violations	146,360	-	18,050	26,210	7,550	10,750	25,200	10,000	19,750	7,350	21,500
Imprisonment years	27,802	1,994	2,378	2,672	2,735	2,638	3,422	2,736	3,047	2,210	3,970
Immigration violations	25,075	1,821	2,195	2,472	2,559	2,353	2,998	2,454	2,755	2,006	3,462
Nationality violations	2,727	173	183	200	176	285	424	282	292	204	508

^{1/} Dismissed or otherwise closed.

TABLE 54. CONVICTIONS FOR IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY VIOLATIONS:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1960-1969

Violation	1960- 1969	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Total	30,460	2,557	2,540	2,530	2,668	2,882	3,442	3,195	3,362	2,661	4,623
Immigration violations	27,707	2,400	2,371	2,357	2,472	2,592	3,037	2,887	3,046	2,420	4,125
Illegal entries	4,068	492	373	256	222	154	190	357	487	440	1,097
Reentries of deported aliens	15,120	1,328	1,375	1,547	1,761	1,820	1,696	1,476	1,619	1,085	1,413
Bringing in or harboring certain aliens	2,654	212	186	133	135	160	177	371	322	395	563
Fraudulent or false documents	512	50	56	76	44	52	28	33	11	48	114
Other fraud or false statements	4,024	144	160	183	167	265	864	509	509	360	863
Alien registration or alien address violations	32	12	6	4	2	2	1	2	3	-	-
Alien crewmen who remained longer	494	68	129	57	49	22	13	83	41	25	7
Stowaways on vessels or aircraft	39	9	14	6	7	2	-	1	-	-	-
Perjury	20	10	6	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
Importation of aliens for immoral purposes	6	-	1	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
All other violations	738	75	65	92	82	114	67	55	54	67	67
Nationality violations	2,753	157	169	173	196	290	405	308	316	241	498
False representation as citizens of the United States	2,715	150	158	165	195	286	401	307	315	241	497
Other fraud or false statements	38	7	11	8	1	4	4	1	1	-	1

TABLE 55. WRITS OF HABEAS CORPUS, JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ORDER
OF DEPORTATION AND DECLARATORY JUDGMENTS IN EXCLUSION AND DEPORTATION CASES:
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1965-1969

Action taken	1965-1969	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Writs of Habeas Corpus:						
	Writs of Habeas Corpus					
Total disposed of	327	67	110	61	59	30
Favorable to U.S. Government	288	54	103	52	51	28
Unfavorable to U.S. Government	13	7	4	2	-	-
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	26	6	3	7	8	2
Total pending end of year	9	18	13	13	6	9
<u>Involving exclusion:</u>						
Disposed of	35	13	4	6	5	7
Favorable to U.S. Government	26	9	2	5	4	6
Unfavorable to U.S. Government	4	3	1	-	-	-
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	5	1	1	1	1	1
Pending end of year	1	3	5	2	1	1
<u>Involving deportation:</u>						
Disposed of	292	54	106	55	54	23
Favorable to U.S. Government	262	45	101	47	47	22
Unfavorable to U.S. Government	9	4	3	2	-	-
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	21	5	2	6	7	1
Pending end of year	8	15	8	11	5	8
<u>Judicial Review of Order of</u>						
<u>Deportation (Sec. 106 I&N Act):</u>						
	Judicial Review					
<u>Involving deportation:</u>						
Total disposed of	979	61	99	207	398	214
Favorable to U.S. Government	756	44	62	159	335	156
Unfavorable to U.S. Government	27	4	3	5	5	10
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	196	13	34	43	58	48
Total pending end of year	198	62	86	206	152	198
<u>Declaratory Judgments:</u>						
	Declaratory Judgments					
Total disposed of	719	101	107	332	116	63
Favorable to U.S. Government	669	88	95	325	107	54
Unfavorable to U.S. Government	12	8	1	-	2	1
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	38	5	11	7	7	8
<u>Involving 8 USC 1503</u>	32	9	10	3	6	4
Favorable to U.S. Government	19	6	5	2	4	2
Unfavorable to U.S. Government	2	-	-	-	1	1
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	11	3	5	1	1	1
<u>Involving exclusion or deportation</u>	687	92	97	329	110	59
Favorable to U.S. Government	650	82	90	323	103	52
Unfavorable to U.S. Government	10	8	1	-	1	-
Withdrawn or otherwise closed	27	2	6	6	6	7

TABLE 56. PRIVATE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY BILLS INTRODUCED AND LAWS ENACTED
75TH CONGRESS THROUGH 91ST CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

Congress	Bills introduced	Laws enacted
91st (First Session)	5,620	49
90th	7,293	218
89th	5,285	279
88th	3,647	196
87th	3,592	544
86th	3,069	488
85th	4,364	927
84th	4,474	1,227
83rd	4,797	755
82nd	3,669	729
81st	2,811	505
80th	1,141	121
79th	429	14
78th	163	12
77th	430	22
76th	601	65
75th	293	30